

Effectiveness of Happy@Work: A guided self-help internet-based intervention for employees with depressive symptoms.

No registrations found.

Ethical review	Positive opinion
Status	Pending
Health condition type	-
Study type	Interventional

Summary

ID

NL-OMON20723

Source

NTR

Health condition

Depression
Burnout
depressie

Sponsors and support

Primary sponsor: VU University Medical Center, Department of Clinical Psychology
Source(s) of monetary or material Support: EMGO+

Intervention

Outcome measures

Primary outcome

Depressive symptoms (CES-D).

Secondary outcome

Absenteeism, presenteeism, health care use, anxiety symptoms, burnout symptoms, quality of life, social support and locus of control.

Study description

Background summary

Unipolar depressive disorders are highly prevalent, have high incidence, and have considerable impact on quality of life in patients and their relatives. Moreover, depressive disorders are linked with increased mortality rates, high levels of service use and huge economic costs.

Prevention of depression is in the interests of businesses because they pay about 75% of the total economic costs of depression. These costs exist of absenteeism from work and loss of work productivity (presenteeism). We therefore developed a guided-self help internet-based intervention for employees with depressive symptoms.

Study objective

The self-help intervention Happy@Work will reduce symptoms of depression.

The self-help intervention Happy@Work will be cost effective.

Study design

Baseline and at 8 weeks, 6 months and 12 months after baseline.

Intervention

Happy@Work:

An internet self-help intervention with guidance. The intervention is based on Problem Solving Therapy and Cognitive Behavioral Therapy. The intervention consists of 6 sessions and takes 6 weeks in total. Every session has a specific theme. During the course the respondents indicate what they think is important in their lives, they make a list of their "problems and worries" and they categorize their problems into three groups:

1. Unimportant (not related to what they think is important in their lives);
2. Important and solvable. These problems are solved by a systematic problem-solving approach consisting of 6 steps;
3. Important but unsolvable, for example having lost someone by death, having a chronic general medical disease. For these problems participants make a plan how to live with these

problems.

One of the sessions specifically focuses on problems at work which are in relation to the depressive symptoms of the participant. Another session specifically concentrates on how to change dysfunctional attitudes into more positive thoughts.

The participants are supported by a trained coach (a social worker), who gives feedback to the homework assignments of the participant via the website.

The control group is a care as usual group. The care as usual group does not receive any special treatment during this trial. Participants in this group are only advised to seek help for their problems, such as advising their occupational physician or a psychologist.

Contacts

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Eligibility criteria

Inclusion criteria

1. 18 years or older;
2. Depressive symptoms (> 16 CES-D).

Exclusion criteria

1. Labor dispute;

2. No internet access and email.

Study design

Design

Study type:	Interventional
Intervention model:	Parallel
Allocation:	Randomized controlled trial
Masking:	Single blinded (masking used)
Control:	Active

Recruitment

NL	
Recruitment status:	Pending
Start date (anticipated):	01-09-2011
Enrollment:	200
Type:	Anticipated

Ethics review

Positive opinion	
Date:	19-07-2011
Application type:	First submission

Study registrations

Followed up by the following (possibly more current) registration

No registrations found.

Other (possibly less up-to-date) registrations in this register

No registrations found.

In other registers

Register	ID
NTR-new	NL2850
NTR-old	NTR2993
Other	METC VUmc : 2011/2
ISRCTN	ISRCTN wordt niet meer aangevraagd.

Study results

Summary results

N/A