Endoscopisch toegediende radiofrequente ablatie als behandeling van een verstopte metalen galwegstent

No registrations found.

Ethical review Positive opinion **Status** Recruiting

Health condition type -

Study type Interventional

Summary

ID

NL-OMON20857

Source

NTR

Health condition

pancreatic carcinoma cholangiocarcinoma malignant biliary obstruction biliary metal stent occlusion

pancreascarcinoom cholangiocarcinoom maligne galwegobstructie biliaire metalen stent occlusie

Sponsors and support

Primary sponsor: Academic Medical Center

Source(s) of monetary or material Support: Sponsor

Intervention

Outcome measures

Primary outcome

Secondary stent patency, defined as time period (days) between RFA application and need for re-intervention for signs and symptoms of recurrent biliary obstruction.

Secondary outcome

- Technical success, defined as successful introduction of the EndoHPB catheter across the stricture and successful application of RFA at the site of stricture
- Clinical success, defined as drop in bilirubin by 50% at 2 weeks after RFA application.
- The number of complications. Complications will be graded as either intervention-related or non-intervention-related (Serious) Adverse Events ([S]AE's). An independent expert panel (composed out of two gastroenterologists with extensive ERCP experience) will decide upon intervention-relatedness. Examples of intervention-related (S)AE's are: perforation, bleeding, local abscess formation, liver infarction, cholangitis, pancreatitis, aspiration pneumonia, cardiorespiratory insufficiency during endoscopy.
- Median procedure related hospitalization (days)
- Median survival (days)

Study description

Background summary

N/A

Study design

Baseline

Every 2 weeks following RFA treatment by telepone for a maximum of 6 months of follow-up.

Intervention

Application of endobiliary RFA via ERCP with the HabibEndoHPB probe (EMcision Limited, London, UK) at the site of biliary SEMS obstruction for a duration of 2 minutes at a power setting of 7 Watt.

Contacts

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Eligibility criteria

Inclusion criteria

- Patients with unresectable malignant common bile duct obstruction caused by pancreatic head carcinoma or distal cholangiocarcinoma who have been treated previously with a biliary SEMS
- Recurrent biliary obstruction caused by SEMS occlusion due to tissue in- or overgrowth, requiring treatment
- \bullet A clinical diagnosis of obstructive jaundice in combination with a bilirubin level of > 40 μ mol/L and
- Age 18 years or older
- Informed consent

Exclusion criteria

Baseline:

- Patients with a (malignant) biliary obstruction due to other causes than pancreatic head cancer or cholangiocarcinoma
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- Evidence of new additional more proximally located biliary strictures
- Clinical suspicion of cholangitis, defined as biliary obstruction in combination with fever (temperature ≥ 38,5°C)
- Presence of a plastic stent in the common bile duct.
- Patients who are unable to undergo ERCP due to their medical condition
- Patients suffering form concurrent gastric outlet obstruction
- Patients with a cardiac pacemaker
- Patients with a WHO performance score of 4
- Patients with a poor mental condition or mental retardation, unable to understand the nature and possible consequences of the study

Endoscopic:

- Failure to reach the ampulla of Vater.
- Failure to place a guidewire across the stricture.
- Re-obstruction not caused by tumour in- or overgrowth

Study design

Design

Study type: Interventional

Intervention model: Parallel

Allocation: Non controlled trial

Masking: Open (masking not used)

Control: N/A, unknown

Recruitment

NL

Recruitment status: Recruiting

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Start date (anticipated): 01-08-2013

Enrollment: 20

Type: Anticipated

Ethics review

Positive opinion

Date: 18-07-2013

Application type: First submission

Study registrations

Followed up by the following (possibly more current) registration

ID: 38754

Bron: ToetsingOnline

Titel:

Other (possibly less up-to-date) registrations in this register

No registrations found.

In other registers

Register ID

NTR-new NL3911 NTR-old NTR4081

CCMO NL43040.018.12

ISRCTN wordt niet meer aangevraagd.

OMON NL-OMON38754

Study results

Summary results

N/A