

# Effect of thoracic epidural anesthesia (TEA) on right ventricular function and ventricular-pulmonary coupling.

No registrations found.

<b>Ethical review</b>	Positive opinion
<b>Status</b>	Recruitment stopped
<b>Health condition type</b>	-
<b>Study type</b>	Interventional

## Summary

### ID

NL-OMON21044

### Source

NTR

### Health condition

TEA-RV function- ventricular pulmonary coupling

## Sponsors and support

**Primary sponsor:** Leiden University Medical Center (LUMC)

**Source(s) of monetary or material Support:** Dep Anesthesiology LUMC

## Intervention

## Outcome measures

### Primary outcome

Pressure-volume signals acquired during steady state yield end-diastolic and end-systolic volume (EDV, ESV), ejection fraction (EF), end-diastolic and end-systolic pressure (EDP, ESP), stroke work (SW),  $dP/dt_{MAX}$  and  $dP/dt_{MIN}$ , and isovolumic relaxation time constant  $\tau$ . The end-systolic pressure-volume relation (ESPVR: ESP vs. ESV) and the preload recruitable stroke work relation (PRSWR: SW vs. EDV) quantify systolic ventricular function. The slope of the ESPVR determines end-systolic elastance  $E_{es}$ . The end-diastolic pressure-volume relation

(EDPVR: EDP vs. EDV) is used to determine diastolic function, quantified by diastolic chamber stiffness and the stiffness constant.

Right ventricular afterload is determined by effective arterial elastance  $E_a$ , calculated as  $ESP/SV$ . Ventricular-arterial coupling is quantified as  $E_{es}/E_a$ .

## Secondary outcome

ECG, Heart rate (beats/min), NIBP (mmHg), SpO2 (%), Systolic Blood Pressure (mmHg), Diastolic Blood Pressure (mmHg), Mean Arterial Pressure (mmHg), Cardiac Output (l/min).

# Study description

## Background summary

N/A

## Study objective

N/A

## Study design

Before and after Thoracic epidural anesthesia.

## Intervention

Right ventricular function will be assessed by invasive pressure-volume loop analysis using combined pressure-conductance catheters. The response of right ventricular function to increased afterload, induced by brief, partial clamping of the pulmonary artery, will be tested before and after induction of TEA.

# Contacts

## Public

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**Scientific**

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## Eligibility criteria

### Inclusion criteria

Patients undergoing lungresection.

### Exclusion criteria

Contra indication epidural anesthesia.

## Study design

### Design

Study type:	Interventional
Intervention model:	Parallel
Allocation:	Non controlled trial

**Control:** N/A , unknown

### Recruitment

NL	
Recruitment status:	Recruitment stopped
Start date (anticipated):	01-05-2011
Enrollment:	10
Type:	Actual

## Ethics review

Positive opinion

Date: 29-03-2011

Application type: First submission

## Study registrations

### Followed up by the following (possibly more current) registration

No registrations found.

### Other (possibly less up-to-date) registrations in this register

No registrations found.

### In other registers

Register	ID
NTR-new	NL2706
NTR-old	NTR2844
Other	METC LUMC : P10.225
ISRCTN	ISRCTN wordt niet meer aangevraagd.

## Study results

### Summary results

N/A