

# Onderzoek naar de werkzaamheid van toevoeging van Cetuximab aan de combinatie van radiotherapie en Cisplatin bij patiënten met niet- kleincellig longkanker.

No registrations found.

<b>Ethical review</b>	Positive opinion
<b>Status</b>	Recruiting
<b>Health condition type</b>	-
<b>Study type</b>	Interventional

## Summary

### ID

NL-OMON21439

### Source

NTR

### Brief title

RADITUX

### Health condition

Cetuximab, non-small lung carcinoma, cisplatin, radiotherapy, locally advanced

## Sponsors and support

**Primary sponsor:** NKI-AVL

**Source(s) of monetary or material Support:** MERCK-SERONO

## Intervention

## Outcome measures

### Primary outcome

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The clinical activity of Cetuximab CCRT locally advanced NSCLC (as defined by the objective rate of local control (OLRC)).

### **Secondary outcome**

1. The safety profile of Cetuximab in combination with concurrent chemo-radiotherapy;
2. Overall survival (OS);
3. Progression free survival (locoregional/distant) (PFS);
4. Duration of overall response;
5. Response duration;
6. Adverse events.

## **Study description**

### **Background summary**

CCRT is the treatment of choice for patients with locally advanced NSCLC. To improve outcome this trial will combine standard CCRT with the EGFR-monoclonal antibody Cetuximab, that has shown promising results in both advanced NSCLC and in combination with radiotherapy in Head and Neck cancer. This trial is designed as a two steps study with a feasibility part and a randomized phase II study comparing CCRT with CCRT plus Cetuximab.

### **Study objective**

The addition of the EGFR monoclonal antibody Cetuximab to standaard concurrent chemoradiotherapy improves the outcome of treatment of locally advanced non-small lung carcinoma.

### **Study design**

January 2008: Start feasibility study. Three months after closure of feasibility phase the second phase will start.

Last patient: January 2010.

Follow-up duration: Twelve months or until disease progression.

### **Intervention**

Addition of Cetuximab to standard concurrent chemoradiotherapy (CCRT). Standard CCRT consists of Daily dosing of Cisplatin (6mg/m<sup>2</sup>) and radiotherapy (2.75Gy) during 24 consecutive days excluding the weekends. Cetuximab is given at a loading dose of 400mg/m<sup>2</sup> one week prior to the start of CCRT and is then given at a weekly dose of 250mg/m<sup>2</sup> during 5 weeks concomitantly to the CCRT.

## Contacts

### Public

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### Scientific

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## Eligibility criteria

### Inclusion criteria

1.  $\geq 18$  years of age;
2. Histologically or cytologically confirmed diagnosis of NSCLC;
3. Stage II/III non-operable disease, without malignant pleural effusion;
4. Presence of at least one measurable target lesion;
5. Acceptable pulmonary function as defined by a Fev1 of  $\geq 30\%$  and a DLCO of  $> 40\%$  of predicted;
6. WHO performance 0-1;
7. Life expectancy of at least 6 months;

8. Adequate haematological, renal and hepatic functions:

A. Absolute neutrophil count  $> 2 \times 10^9/l$ ;

B. Platelet count  $> 100 \times 10^9/l$ ;

C. Total bilirubin  $< 2 \times \text{UNL}$ ;

D. ASAT/ALAT  $< 3 \times \text{UNL}$ ;

E. Alkaline phosphatase  $< 5 \times \text{UNL}$ ;

F. Creatinine  $< 130 \mu\text{mol/l}$  or creatinine clearance  $> 50 \text{ ml/min}$ ; measured or calculated;

G. Urine dipstick for proteinuria  $< 1+$ . If urine dipstick is  $\geq 1$ , 24 hour urine must demonstrate  $< 500 \text{ mg}$  of protein in 24 hours.

9. No pre-existing sensory neurotoxicity grade  $\geq 2$  (CTC);

10. Patients of reproductive potential must agree to practice an effective medically approved contraceptive method during the trial and 3 months afterwards;

11. Expected risk of radiation-induced pulmonary toxicity is not high:  $V20 \leq 36\%$  /  $\text{MLD} \leq 20\%$ ;

12. Signed written informed consent.

## Exclusion criteria

1. Concurrent active malignancy other than localized, non-melanoma skin cancer or carcinoma-in-situ of the cervix (unless definitive treatment was completed 5 years or more before study entry and the patient has remained disease free);

2. Prior:

A. Ipsilateral radiotherapy to the chest;

B. Chemotherapy within the last 5 years;

C. Immunotherapy or treatment with murine monoclonal antibodies, Cetuximab, or other EGFR inhibitors.

3. Pregnant or breast-feeding patients;

4. WHO performance score  $> 1$ ;

5. Other serious diseases, such as heart failure, angina pectoris, myocardial infarction within the last 6 months, uncontrolled hypertension;
6. Any psychological, familial, sociological or geographical condition potentially hampering compliance with the study protocol and follow-up schedule; those conditions should be assessed with the patient before registration in the trial;
7. Participation in other trial with investigational drug or treatment modality.

## Study design

### Design

Study type:	Interventional
Intervention model:	Parallel
Allocation:	Randomized controlled trial
Masking:	Open (masking not used)
Control:	Active

### Recruitment

NL	
Recruitment status:	Recruiting
Start date (anticipated):	13-02-2008
Enrollment:	110
Type:	Anticipated

## Ethics review

Positive opinion	
Date:	19-02-2010
Application type:	First submission

## Study registrations

## Followed up by the following (possibly more current) registration

No registrations found.

## Other (possibly less up-to-date) registrations in this register

No registrations found.

## In other registers

Register	ID
NTR-new	NL2113
NTR-old	NTR2230
Other	NKI-AVL : M07CCL
ISRCTN	ISRCTN wordt niet meer aangevraagd.

## Study results

### Summary results

N/A