

De rol van emoties bij Anorexia Nervosa.

No registrations found.

Ethical review	Positive opinion
Status	Other
Health condition type	-
Study type	Observational non invasive

Summary

ID

NL-OMON21451

Source

NTR

Health condition

Emotions, disgust, anorexia nervosa, eating disorders, emoties, walging, anorexia nervosa, eetstoornissen.

Sponsors and support

Primary sponsor: Accare, kinder- en jeugdpsychiatrie & University of Groningen, Clinical Psychology.

Source(s) of monetary or material Support: Accare, kinder- en jeugdpsychiatrie & University of Groningen, Clinical Psychology.

Intervention

Outcome measures

Primary outcome

- Disgust propensity and disgust sensitivity as measured with the Disgust Propensity and Sensitivity Scale revised (DPSS-R)
- Self-disgust as measured with the Self-Disgust Eating Disorder Scale (SDES)
- Disgust-based emotional reasoning as measured with the Scenario Questionnaire for Emotional Reasoning

Secondary outcome

- Body satisfaction as measured with the Body Image States Scale (BISS)
- Body avoidance behavior as measured with the Body Checking and Avoidance Questionnaire (BCAQ)

Study description

Background summary

The aim of this study is to gain knowledge about how disgust may contribute to the eating disorder Anorexia Nervosa (AN).

Part 1 aims to test a theoretical model on the relationship between disgust propensity, disgust sensitivity, self-disgust and eating disorder symptoms.

In Part 2 we investigate whether disgust-based emotional reasoning could contribute to the maintenance of anorexia symptoms.

Study design

There is one assessment point in which participants fill in a number of online questionnaires for a total duration of approximately 45 minutes.

Intervention

No intervention: participants fill in a number of online questionnaires.

Contacts

Public

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The Netherlands

Scientific

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Eligibility criteria

Inclusion criteria

The patient group:

- Patients who are in treatment, or who are referred to the Centre for Eating Disorders of Accare.
- Patients who meet the DSM-V criteria of anorexia nervosa or atypical anorexia nervosa.
- Patients between the age of 14-23.
- The participant is physically and cognitively able to fill in questionnaires for 45 minutes on a computer.

The control group:

- The participant is physically and cognitively able to fill in questionnaires for 45 minutes on a computer.
- Participants individually matched on age, gender and educational level to the patients.

Exclusion criteria

The patient group:

- Patients who do not speak Dutch.

The control group:

- Participants who do not speak Dutch.
- Participants who meet the criteria of an eating disorder (EDE-Q \geq 4).
- Participants who are underweight (adjusted BMI \leq 18.5).
- Participants who are obese (adjusted BMI \geq 40).

Study design

Design

Study type: Observational non invasive

Intervention model: Other

Control: N/A , unknown

Recruitment

NL

Recruitment status: Other

Start date (anticipated): 08-08-2018

Enrollment: 128

Type: Unknown

Ethics review

Positive opinion

Date: 24-08-2018

Application type: First submission

Study registrations

Followed up by the following (possibly more current) registration

No registrations found.

Other (possibly less up-to-date) registrations in this register

No registrations found.

In other registers

Register	ID
NTR-new	NL7244
NTR-old	NTR7443
Other	ABR: NL63447.042.17 : METc 2017/495 (METc UMCG)

Study results