

Plant proteins for muscle growth

No registrations found.

Ethical review	Positive opinion
Status	Recruitment stopped
Health condition type	-
Study type	Interventional

Summary

ID

NL-OMON21457

Source

Nationaal Trial Register

Brief title

APPROS

Health condition

Muscle metabolism

Protein

Sponsors and support

Primary sponsor: Maastricht University Medical Center (MUMC+)

Source(s) of monetary or material Support: Top Institute of Food and Nutrition (TIFN)

Intervention

Outcome measures

Primary outcome

Primary study parameter is myofibrillar protein synthesis rate.

Secondary outcome

Secondary endpoints will be plasma amino acid concentrations, glucose, and insulin

concentrations.

Study description

Background summary

Skeletal muscle mass maintenance is regulated by two main anabolic stimuli, food intake and physical activity. Dietary protein intake directly stimulates muscle protein synthesis rates and inhibits muscle protein breakdown. Therefore, the post-prandial muscle protein synthetic response to feeding plays a key regulatory role in skeletal muscle mass maintenance.

The capacity of dietary protein to stimulate post-prandial muscle protein accretion varies between protein sources. More than half of the total amount of dietary protein that is consumed by humans worldwide is of plant origin, with plant based proteins providing up to 80% of dietary protein consumed in less developed regions. Overall it is assumed that plant based proteins are less potent in stimulating post-prandial muscle protein synthesis. However, the anabolic properties of plant based protein sources have hardly been assessed. Therefore, this project will investigate the anabolic properties of plant based proteins.

Study objective

It is hypothesized that the ingestion of plant based proteins will result in a similar muscle protein synthetic response compared to animal based proteins.

Study design

Blood and muscle samples will be collected at regular time intervals.

Intervention

Subjects will consume 30 g of protein in the form of a beverage.

Contacts

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Eligibility criteria

Inclusion criteria

- Male
- Aged 18-35 y inclusive
- BMI 18.5 – 27.5 inclusive
- Healthy recreationally active

Exclusion criteria

- Females
- Wheat allergy
- Celiac disease
- Allergies to milk proteins
- Lactose intolerance
- Smoking
- Diagnosed diabetes
- Diagnosed metabolic or intestinal disorders

- A history of neuromuscular problems
- Any medications known to (or may) affect protein metabolism (i.e. corticosteroids, non-steroidal anti-inflammatories, or prescription strength acne medications).
- Participation in structured resistance exercise program
- Previous participation in a ^{13}C amino acid tracer study within the last 1 year

Study design

Design

Study type:	Interventional
Intervention model:	Parallel
Allocation:	Randomized controlled trial
Masking:	Double blinded (masking used)
Control:	Active

Recruitment

NL	
Recruitment status:	Recruitment stopped
Start date (anticipated):	23-05-2017
Enrollment:	84
Type:	Actual

IPD sharing statement

Plan to share IPD: Undecided

Ethics review

Positive opinion	
Date:	27-06-2017
Application type:	First submission

Study registrations

Followed up by the following (possibly more current) registration

ID: 50096

Bron: ToetsingOnline

Titel:

Other (possibly less up-to-date) registrations in this register

No registrations found.

In other registers

Register	ID
NTR-new	NL6364
NTR-old	NTR6548
CCMO	NL60500.068.17
OMON	NL-OMON50096

Study results