Estetrol Therapy in Sjögren's Syndrome: An Open Proof of Concept

No registrations found.

Ethical review Positive opinion **Status** Recruitment stopped

Health condition type -

Study type Interventional

Summary

ID

NL-OMON22190

Source

Nationaal Trial Register

Brief title

N/A

Health condition

Primary Sjögren's syndrome

Sponsors and support

Primary sponsor: EMC Investigator-initiated study

Source(s) of monetary or material Support: Pantarhei Bioscience (sponsoring study

medication, pharmacy and review costs)

Intervention

Outcome measures

Primary outcome

Primary endpoint consists of a composite endpoint concerning meaningful improvement across 2 or 3 Sjögren's syndrome disease domains: oral, ocular and laboratory test

Secondary outcome Secondary endpoints include: - improvement in quantitative levels of SSA and/or SSB - decrease in pilocarpine use during treatment - improvement in results of SF36 **Study description Background summary** Design: An open, proof-of-concept, investigator initiated study Subjects: Female postmenopausal patients with primary Sjögren's syndrome and complaints; no contraindications for estrogens especially no increased risk and/or history of thrombo-embolic events Study Medication: Estetrol, dose of 20 mg per day during 28 days.

Treatment regimen:

first 4 weeks run-in period with placebo, thereafter 4 weeks treatment with estetrol, followed by 14 days treatment with a progestogen.

Clinical phase: Phase II (proof-of-concept)
Primary objective:
To explore overall response to treatment with estetrol in patients with primary Sjögren's syndrome.
Secondary objectives:
To assess:
· improvement in quantitative levels of SSA and/or SSB
· decrease in pilocarpine use during treatment.
· improvement in results of the SF36
· safety of estetrol treatment.
Primary Endpoints:
Primary endpoint consists of a composite endpoint concerning meaningful improvement across 2 of 3 Sjögren's syndrome disease domains: oral, ocular, and laboratory tests.
 Oral improvement will be defined as ≥20% in the patient's assessment of dry eyes (on a 100 mm VAS) or ≥20% improvement in total unstimulated salivary flow.
 Ocular improvement will be defined as ≥20% improvement in either the patient's assessment of dry eyes by VAS or the results of the Schirmer's test without anaesthetic.
 Laboratory improvement will be defined as ≥20% improvement in the serum IgG or the ESR.

Study objective

N/A

Study design

November/December - recruitment

First patient in: November 2008

Last patient out: March 2009

Intervention

20 mg estetrol per day during 28 days

Contacts

Public

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Scientific

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Eligibility criteria

Inclusion criteria

- 1. Have the capacity to understand and willing to sign an informed consent form.
- 2. Fulfill American-European consensus criteria for primary Sjögren's syndrome.
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- 3. Postmenopausal women \geq 18 and \leq 70 years of age at the time of screening.
- 4. Body mass index ≥18 and ≤32 kg/m2.
- 5. Have complaints consistent with oral and ocular dryness.
- 6. The screening laboratory test results must meet the following criteria: SSA and/or SSB positive.

Exclusion criteria

- 1. Have a history of alcohol or substance abuse within the preceding 6 months.
- 2. Have a history of malignancy.
- 3. Have a history of trombo-embolic events or a positive lupus anticoagulant.
- 4. Have current signs or symptoms of severe, progressive or uncontrolled renal, hepatic, hematologic, gastrointestinal, endocrine, pulmonary, cardiac, neurologic, or cerebral disease.
- 5. Clinically significant abnormal results of routine hematology, serum biochemistry, urinanalysis, in the opinion of the Investigator at screening, and/or known ECG abnormalities.
- 6. Known clinically significant abnormal mammogram (presence of any non-cystic mass) within one year before study start.
- 7. Known clinically significant abnormalities of the uterus and/or ovaries detected earlier by examination and/or ultrasound.
- 8. A cervical smear with clinically relevant abnormal cytology within one year before study.
- 9. Previous use of estrogen/progestogen.
- 10. Use of hormone containing implant at any time.
- 11. Contraindications for using steroids.
- 12. Any enzyme affecting drugs from 30 days prior to Day 1 (see Appendix I) and the use of griseofulvin, phenytoin, barbiturates, carbamazepine, rimfampicin, nelfinavir, ritonavir, ketonazole, primidone, oxcarbazepine, topiramate, felbamate, herbal remedies containing hypericum perforatum (St. John's wort).
- 13. Are unable or unwilling to undergo multiple venipunctures because of poor tolerability or lack of easy access.

14. Use of any investigational drug within 3 months prior to screening or within 5 half-lives of the investigational agent, whichever is longer.

Study design

Design

Study type: Interventional

Intervention model: Other

Allocation: Non controlled trial

Masking: Single blinded (masking used)

Control: N/A, unknown

Recruitment

NL

Recruitment status: Recruitment stopped

Start date (anticipated): 13-11-2008

Enrollment: 10

Type: Actual

Ethics review

Positive opinion

Date: 06-11-2008

Application type: First submission

Study registrations

Followed up by the following (possibly more current) registration

No registrations found.

Other (possibly less up-to-date) registrations in this register

No registrations found.

In other registers

RegisterIDNTR-newNL680NTR-oldNTR1525Other: PR 3084

ISRCTN wordt niet meer aangevraagd

Study results

Summary results

N/A