

# Intra-operatieve fluorescente beeldvorming van schildwachtklieren bij baarmoederhalskankerpatienten.

No registrations found.

<b>Ethical review</b>	Positive opinion
<b>Status</b>	Recruitment stopped
<b>Health condition type</b>	-
<b>Study type</b>	Interventional

## Summary

### ID

NL-OMON22239

### Source

NTR

### Brief title

GREEN LIGHT

### Health condition

Cervical cancer

## Sponsors and support

**Primary sponsor:** Leiden University Medical Center (LUMC)

**Source(s) of monetary or material Support:** ZON-MW, The Netherlands Organization for Health Research and Development, Leiden University Medical Center (LUMC), Center for Translational Molecular Medicine (CTMM), American Women's Club, Maurits en Anne de Kock Stichting, KWF kankerbestrijding

## Intervention

## Outcome measures

### Primary outcome

Identification rate, defined as the proportion of patients in whom sentinel and non-sentinel lymph nodes was identified with the fluorescent signal of ICG:HSA.

### **Secondary outcome**

Median number of lymph nodes identified with ICG:HSA.

## **Study description**

### **Background summary**

Although sentinel lymph node procedure (SLNP) is not regarded standard of care, the technique can potentially be implemented in cervical cancer patients. Fluorescent imaging using near-infrared probes is an innovative technique to directly visualize lymphatic pathways and lymph nodes. Our experimental camera system has been validated in large animal models.

### **Study objective**

Fluorescent near-infrared imaging can accurately detect sentinel lymph nodes non-invasively during lymphadenectomy in cervical cancer patients.

### **Study design**

The primary and secondary outcomes will be assessed during surgery and pathological assessment.

### **Intervention**

Standard lymphadenectomy will be performed. Before median laparotomy, the near-infrared dye ICG:HSA will be injected peritumorally around the cervix and lymphatic pathways and lymph nodes will be visualized non-invasively using our experimental camera system.

## **Contacts**

### **Public**

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## Eligibility criteria

### Inclusion criteria

Cervical cancer patients planned to undergo a lymphadenectomy.

### Exclusion criteria

1. History of allergy to iodine, shellfish, indocyanine green or human serum albumin;
2. Pregnancy;
3. Presence of any psychological, familial, sociological or geographical condition potentially hampering compliance with the study protocol and follow-up schedule; those conditions should be discussed with the patient before registration in the trial.

## Study design

### Design

Study type:	Interventional
Intervention model:	Parallel
Allocation:	Non controlled trial
Masking:	Open (masking not used)
Control:	N/A , unknown

## Recruitment

NL	
Recruitment status:	Recruitment stopped
Start date (anticipated):	01-08-2010
Enrollment:	12
Type:	Actual

## Ethics review

Positive opinion	
Date:	25-08-2010
Application type:	First submission

## Study registrations

### Followed up by the following (possibly more current) registration

No registrations found.

### Other (possibly less up-to-date) registrations in this register

No registrations found.

### In other registers

Register	ID
NTR-new	NL2373
NTR-old	NTR2480
Other	METC LUMC : P09.001
ISRCTN	ISRCTN wordt niet meer aangevraagd.

## Study results

### Summary results

N/A