

# Reducing pain and discomfort during and after bone marrow aspiration

No registrations found.

<b>Ethical review</b>	Positive opinion
<b>Status</b>	Recruitment stopped
<b>Health condition type</b>	-
<b>Study type</b>	Interventional

## Summary

### ID

NL-OMON22677

### Source

Nationaal Trial Register

### Brief title

REPADI

### Health condition

Bone marrow aspiration and biopsy

Pain

Anxiety

## Sponsors and support

**Primary sponsor:** MC Slotervaart

**Source(s) of monetary or material Support:** Stichting klinisch wetenschappelijk onderzoek Slotervaartziekenhuis

## Intervention

## Outcome measures

### Primary outcome

-Visual Analogue Scale (VAS) for pain, directly after the procedure

- Visual Analogue Scale (VAS) for anxiety, fear for a next bone marrow aspiration and biopsy measured two weeks after the procedure

## **Secondary outcome**

- Fear of Pain Questionnaire-III
- VAS for pain and anxiety at other moments than described at the main study parameters
- VAS for discomfort
- Possibility to follow instructions during the procedure

## **Study description**

### **Background summary**

A bone marrow aspiration and biopsy (BMAB) is a diagnostic medical intervention which is generally conducted with only local anaesthesia. Most of the patients experience discomfort and pain during this procedure and do not favour a next BMAB. No strict guideline exists on the use of pain and anxiety medication before a BMAB. In our hospital setting two different premedication schemes are used for pain and anxiety reduction. This study will investigate the different schemes of premedication on the pain during and after a BMAB and for the fear for a possible next BMAB. The main objective is to investigate which premedication scheme reduces best the pain during and after a BMAB and which premedication scheme reduces best the fear for a possible next BMAB. We will conduct a double-blind randomized controlled study and adult patients with an indication to undergo a first bone marrow aspiration and/or biopsy will be included. The two different premedication schemes consist of 1: lorazepam 1mg and paracetamol 1000mg both oral administration and 2: midazolam 7,5mg and morphine 10mg both oral administration. The primary study endpoints are the Visual Analogue Scale (VAS) for pain, scored directly after the procedure and fear for a next BMAB scored on a VAS for anxiety two weeks after the procedure. Secondary endpoints are

discomfort and patient related factors for pain experience.

### **Study objective**

The main objective of this study is to investigate which premedication scheme reduces best the pain during and after a bone marrow aspiration and biopsy and reduces best the fear for a possible next bone marrow aspiration and biopsy.

### **Study design**

VAS for pain directly after procedure, VAS for anxiety, fear for a next bone marrow biopsy, 2 weeks after the procedure

### **Intervention**

Group 1: midazolam 7,5mg, oral, single dose AND morphine 10mg, oral single dose

Group 2: lorazepam 1mg, oral single dose AND paracetamol 1000mg, oral, single dose

## **Contacts**

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## **Eligibility criteria**

## Inclusion criteria

1. Patients with an indication to undergo a first bone marrow aspiration in MC Slotervaart
2. Age > 18 years
3. Patient is capable to give informed consent

## Exclusion criteria

1. Known allergy for any of the study medicines
2. Pregnancy
3. In hospital patients

## Study design

### Design

Study type:	Interventional
Intervention model:	Parallel
Allocation:	Randomized controlled trial
Masking:	Double blinded (masking used)
Control:	Active

### Recruitment

NL	
Recruitment status:	Recruitment stopped
Start date (anticipated):	14-12-2016
Enrollment:	48
Type:	Actual

## IPD sharing statement

**Plan to share IPD:** Undecided

## Ethics review

Positive opinion

Date: 19-10-2016

Application type: First submission

## Study registrations

### Followed up by the following (possibly more current) registration

ID: 42943

Bron: ToetsingOnline

Titel:

### Other (possibly less up-to-date) registrations in this register

No registrations found.

### In other registers

Register	ID
NTR-new	NL5957
NTR-old	NTR6138
CCMO	NL58525.048.16
OMON	NL-OMON42943

## Study results