Long term toxicity of azathioprine (Imuran), 6-mercaptopurine (Purinethol) and 6-thioguanine (Lanvis) on the liver in inflammatory bowel disease patients.

No registrations found.

Ethical review Positive opinion

Status Pending

Health condition type -

Study type Observational non invasive

Summary

ID

NL-OMON22783

Source

NTR

Brief title

LONGTOX

Health condition

Inflammatory bowel disease, azathioprine, 6-mercaptopurine, 6-thioguanine, hepatotoxicity, liver biopsy.

Chronisch inflammatoir darmlijden, azathioprine, 6-mercaptopurine, 6-thioguanine, levertoxiciteit, leverbiopsie.

Sponsors and support

Primary sponsor: Department of Gastroenterology and Hepatology, VU University Medical

Center, Amsterdam, The Netherlands

Source(s) of monetary or material Support: fund=initiator=sponsor

Intervention

Outcome measures

Primary outcome

Histopathologically proven nodular regenerative hyperplasia or sinusoidal dilatation.

Secondary outcome

- 1. Ratio of [6-mercaptoribonucleotides] and [6-thioguanine nucleotides];
- 2. Liver test abnormailities;
- 3. Demographic information.

Study description

Background summary

Thiopurines, such as azathioprine, 6-mercaptopurine and 6-thioguanine are increasingly used in the treatment of the inflammatory bowel diseases Crohn's disease and ulcerative colitis. Thiopurine therapy, 6-thioguanine therapy in particular, has been related with the occurence of hepatotoxicity. At present there are no studies in which the hepatotoxicity of these thiopurines are being compared by means of histopathological evaluation. This study will give more insight in the hepatotoxicity of these drugs in inflammatory bowel disease patients, which may have implications for the long-term use of these drugs.

Study objective

Long-term use of 6-thioguanine is more hepatotoxic, based on histopathological findings, as compared with the long-term use of azathioprine and 6-mercaptopurine in inflammatory bowel disease patients.

Study design

After identification and when written informed consent is obtained, patients will visit the hospital onze for the above mentioned interventions.

Intervention

- 1. Liver biopsy;
 - 2 Long term toxicity of azathioprine (Imuran), 6-mercaptopurine (Purinethol) and 6- ... 6-05-2025

- 2. Venapuncture;
- 3. Abdominal ultrasonography;
- 4. Physical examination;
- 5. A questionnaire.

Contacts

Public

D.P. Asseldonk, van VU University Medical Center, De boelelaan 1118 Amsterdam 1081 HV The Netherlands +31 (0)20 4440613

Scientific

D.P. Asseldonk, van VU University Medical Center, De boelelaan 1118 Amsterdam 1081 HV The Netherlands +31 (0)20 4440613

Eligibility criteria

Inclusion criteria

- 1. 18 to 70 years of age;
- 2. Daignosed with Crohn's disease or ulcerative colitis;
- 3. Five to ten years use of one type of thiopurine succesively;
- 4. Obtained written informed consent.

Exclusion criteria

- 1. Prior use of azathioprine or 6-mercaptopurine more that one year if using 6-thioguanine;
 - 3 Long term toxicity of azathioprine (Imuran), 6-mercaptopurine (Purinethol)and 6- ... 6-05-2025

- 2. Alanine aminotransferase, aspartate aminotransferase or alkaline phosphatase above twice the upper limit of the normal range;
- 3. Contraindications for core needle liver biopsy (ascites, suspected malignancy, anemia, low platelet count, prolonged prothrombin time);
- 4. Pregnancy;
- 5. (History of) alcohol abuse;
- 6. Incapacitated.

Study design

Design

Study type: Observational non invasive

Intervention model: Parallel

Allocation: Non-randomized controlled trial

Masking: Open (masking not used)

Control: N/A, unknown

Recruitment

NL

Recruitment status: Pending

Start date (anticipated): 10-01-2009

Enrollment: 114

Type: Anticipated

Ethics review

Positive opinion

Date: 07-09-2009

Application type: First submission

Study registrations

Followed up by the following (possibly more current) registration

No registrations found.

Other (possibly less up-to-date) registrations in this register

No registrations found.

In other registers

Register ID

NTR-new NL1878 NTR-old NTR1992

Other METC VUMC: 09/030

ISRCTN wordt niet meer aangevraagd.

Study results

Summary results

N/A