CATH trial.

No registrations found.

Ethical review	Positive opinion
Status	Recruiting
Health condition type	-
Study type	Interventional

Summary

ID

NL-OMON22955

Source NTR

Brief title CATH trial

Health condition

- 1. Treatment urinary retention;
- 2. intermittent catheterisation;
- 3. indwelling transurethral catheterisation;
- 4. duration bladder catheterisation;
- 5. urinary tract infection.

Sponsors and support

Primary sponsor: Spaarne Ziekenhuis Hoofddorp, department of gynaecology. **Source(s) of monetary or material Support:** No extra funding apart from the initiator (see above).

Intervention

Outcome measures

Primary outcome

Total duration of catheterisation (difference per 0.25 day).

Secondary outcome

- 1. Hospitalisation;
- 2. Bacteriuria/urinary tract infection;
- 3. Patient satisfaction.

Study description

Background summary

A randomised trial determining whether intermittent catheterisation is a better option for treating urinary retention than a transurethral indwelling bladder catheter for the outcomes duration of catheterisation, urinary tract infection and patient satisfaction.

Study objective

For the treatment of urinary retention after prolapse surgery intermittent bladder catheterisation leads to a shorter total duration of catheterisation than a transurethral catheter.

Study design

Resumption of complete voiding 3 days postoperatively.

Intervention

Intermittent bladder catheterisation vs transurethral indwelling catheterisation for urinary retention (>150 ml residual volume) after vaginal prolapse surgery.

Contacts

Public Spaarne Ziekenhuis

Spaarnepoort 1

R.A Hakvoort Hoofddorp 2130 AT The Netherlands **Scientific** Spaarne Ziekenhuis Spaarnepoort 1

R.A Hakvoort Hoofddorp 2130 AT The Netherlands

Eligibility criteria

Inclusion criteria

- 1. Women undergoing vaginal prolapse surgery;
- 2. Informed consent.

Exclusion criteria

- 1. Simultaneously performed incontinence surgery;
- 2. Any neurological disease;
- 3. Any anxiety disorder;
- 4. Not speaking the dutch language fluently.

Study design

Design

Study type:InterventionalIntervention model:ParallelAllocation:Randomized controlled trial

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Masking:	Open (masking not used)
Control:	Active

Recruitment

NL	
Recruitment status:	Recruiting
Start date (anticipated):	01-05-2007
Enrollment:	70
Туре:	Anticipated

Ethics review

Positive opinion	
Date:	27-11-2007
Application type:	First submission

Study registrations

Followed up by the following (possibly more current) registration

No registrations found.

Other (possibly less up-to-date) registrations in this register

No registrations found.

In other registers

Register	ID
NTR-new	NL1117
NTR-old	NTR1152
Other	Spaarne Ziekenhuis, Hoofddorp : VU-2006-40
ISRCTN	ISRCTN wordt niet meer aangevraagd

Study results

Summary results

N/A