Prevention of local thromboembolic complications during continuous infusion of coagulation factor concentrates: parallel infusion of saline or heparin?

No registrations found.

Ethical review	Not applicable
Status	Recruiting
Health condition type	-
Study type	Interventional

Summary

ID

NL-OMON23399

Source
Nationaal Trial Register

Brief title
Continuous infusion: heparin or not?

Health condition

Continuous infusion
Coagulation factor concentrates
Heparin
Saline

Sponsors and support

Primary sponsor: UMC utrecht
Source(s) of monetary or material Support: UMC utrecht

Intervention

Outcome measures

Primary outcome

Lifespan of intra venous catheter.

Secondary outcome

Local thromboembolic complicatons.

Study description

Study objective

Parallel infusion of saline to prevent local thromboembolic complications works as good as adding heparin.

Study design

N/A

Intervention

Heparin or parallel infusion of saline.

Contacts

Public

[default]
The Netherlands

Scientific

[default]
The Netherlands

Eligibility criteria

Inclusion criteria

1. Patients with haemophilia A;

2. Planned for elective operation;

3. Getting a continuous infusion of coagulation factor concentrates (FVIII);

4. 18 years and older.

Exclusion criteria

1. Under 18 years;

2. The use of FVIIa (used by patients with inhibitors).

Study design

Design

Study type:	Interventional
Intervention model:	Parallel
Allocation:	Randomized controlled trial
Masking:	Open (masking not used)
Control:	Active

Recruitment

NL

Recruitment status:	Recruiting
Start date (anticipated):	01-09-2009
Enrollment:	42
Type:	Anticipated

Ethics review

Not applicable

Application type: Not applicable

Study registrations

Followed up by the following (possibly more current) registration

No registrations found.

Other (possibly less up-to-date) registrations in this register

No registrations found.

In other registers

Register	ID
NTR-new	NL1953
NTR-old	NTR2071
Other	:
ISRCTN	ISRCTN wordt niet meer aangevraagd.

Study results