

# Oral complications of hematopoietic stem cell transplantation

No registrations found.

<b>Ethical review</b>	Positive opinion
<b>Status</b>	Other
<b>Health condition type</b>	-
<b>Study type</b>	Observational non invasive

## Summary

### ID

NL-OMON23941

### Source

Nationaal Trial Register

### Brief title

ORA-STEM/H-OME study

### Health condition

hematopoietic stem cell transplantation, mucositis, graft versus host disease, caries, periodontitis

stamceltransplantatie, mucositis, graft versus host ziekte, mondgezondheid

## Sponsors and support

**Primary sponsor:** Academic Center for Dentistry Amsterdam (ACTA)

Academic Medical Center Amsterdam (AMC)

Radboud Universitair Medisch Centrum, Nijmegen

Carolina's Medical Center, Charlotte,NC, USA

Sahlgrenska University Hospital Gothenburg, Sweden

**Source(s) of monetary or material Support:** Dutch H-OME study: Koninklijk Wilhemina Fonds (KWF)

## Intervention

## Outcome measures

### Primary outcome

Incidence, severity and temporal relationship of oral complications and their relationship with the type of conditioning regimen by using questionnaires and physical examination

Composition of the oral microbiome, salivary output and proteome before, during and after transplant and assessment of any associations between these components of the oral ecosystem and the development of oral complications

### Secondary outcome

Identification of other factors than the conditioning regimen to predict oral complications

Genetic polymorphisms involved in mucositis

Impact of oral complications on clinical and economic outcomes

Impact of oral complications on quality of life

Composition of the microbiome and any associations with incidence, severity and duration of oral mucositis and graft versus host disease

The composition of the salivary proteome and incidence and severity of oral mucositis and graft versus host disease

pre-existent periodontal disease and incidence, severity and duration of oral mucositis and graft versus host disease

## Study description

### Background summary

The oral cavity is a common site of acute and long term complications related to hematopoietic stem cell transplantation (HSCT). These complications cause significant morbidity and are associated with decreased quality of life. To date, management strategies for oral complications are mainly palliative and there is a great need for expanding the arsenal of preventative approaches.

Disturbed homeostasis of the oral cavity has been implicated as an important component of the pathogenesis of oral complications. Studies suggest that a less diverse microbiome, salivary output and proteins, and dental health influence the incidence and severity of oral

mucositis and graft versus host disease. In addition, oral environment changes associated with graft versus host disease may increase caries risk. The H-OME study will expand the understanding of the role of the oral ecosystem in the onset, progression, and resolution of these complications related to HSCT. This is attractive since many oral environment factors are modifiable and we anticipate that this knowledge will enable future development of improved and individualized preventative strategies.

### **Study objective**

The oral environment (e.g., the oral microbiome and salivary proteome) contributes to the risk and severity of developing oral and dental complications (e.g., oral mucositis and oral graft versus host disease and dental diseases)

### **Study design**

Before, during and up to 18 months following hematopoietic stem cell transplantation

### **Intervention**

Not applicable

## **Contacts**

### **Public**

Academic Medical Center Amsterdam

JE Raber-Durlacher  
Amsterdam  
The Netherlands

### **Scientific**

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JE Raber-Durlacher  
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The Netherlands

## **Eligibility criteria**

### **Inclusion criteria**

Adult hematopoietic stem cell recipients

## Exclusion criteria

Patients unable to give their informed consent

Patients younger than 18 years

Mismatched allogeneic transplantations

Caries study: edentulous patients

## Study design

### Design

Study type:	Observational non invasive
Intervention model:	Parallel
Masking:	Open (masking not used)
Control:	N/A , unknown

### Recruitment

NL	
Recruitment status:	Other
Start date (anticipated):	01-11-2015
Enrollment:	102
Type:	Unknown

## Ethics review

Positive opinion	
Date:	16-02-2016
Application type:	First submission

## Study registrations

## Followed up by the following (possibly more current) registration

ID: 41813

Bron: ToetsingOnline

Titel:

## Other (possibly less up-to-date) registrations in this register

No registrations found.

## In other registers

Register	ID
NTR-new	NL5645
NTR-old	NTR5760
CCMO	NL52117.018.15
OMON	NL-OMON41813

## Study results

### Summary results

A number of publications in peer reviewed scientific journals is planned to report the findings of this study