# A randomized comparison of bilateral recession with unilateral recession-resection as surgery for infantile esotropia.

No registrations found.

**Ethical review** Positive opinion

**Status** Recruitment stopped

Health condition type -

Study type Interventional

# **Summary**

#### ID

NL-OMON24936

Source

NTR

**Brief title** 

BR vs RR

**Health condition** 

Infantile esotropia.

## **Sponsors and support**

**Source(s) of monetary or material Support:** Algemene Nederlandse vereniging ter voorkoming van blindheid Afdeling Oogheelkunde Erasmus MC.

#### Intervention

#### **Outcome measures**

#### **Primary outcome**

The variation of the latent angle of strabismus at distance at three months postoperatively between BR and RR.

#### **Secondary outcome**

Reduction of convergence excess (larger angle of strabismus during near vision) Binocular vision by means of Bagolini striated glasses.

# **Study description**

#### **Background summary**

N/A

#### Study objective

Infantile esotropia is corrected in most cases by bilateral recession of the medial rectus muscles (BR) or by unilateral recession of the medial rectus muscle and resection of the lateral rectus muscle (RR). The preference of BR or RR is subject of discussion and none of the many arguments have been validated. We compared the outcome of these techniques in a study.

#### Study design

N/A

#### Intervention

Bilateral recession of the medial rectus muscles (BR) and unilateral recession of the medial rectus muscle and resection of the lateral rectus muscle (RR).

## **Contacts**

#### **Public**

Erasmus Medical Center Rotterdam,
Department of Ophthalmology, Room Ba 104,
P.O. Box 2040
H.J. Simonsz
Dr Molewaterplein 50
Rotterdam 3000 CA
The Netherlands

+31 (0)10 4087275 / 7276

#### Scientific

Erasmus Medical Center Rotterdam,
Department of Ophthalmology, Room Ba 104,
P.O. Box 2040
H.J. Simonsz
Dr Molewaterplein 50
Rotterdam 3000 CA
The Netherlands
+31 (0)10 4087275 / 7276

# Eligibility criteria

#### Inclusion criteria

Eligible were all children aged three to eight years with a normal psychophysical development, and onset of esotropia before age 1 who visited one of the clinics during the study period.

#### **Exclusion criteria**

Previous strabismus surgery, an angle of strabismus larger than 24° or smaller than 10°, any normal binocular vision, convergence excess with angle of strabismus at near fixation 1.5 times larger than the angle at distance, more than 1 line Logmar acuity difference between the two eyes, hypermetropia over 6 diopters or myopia over 3 diopters, up- or downshoot in (25°) adduction more than 8°, V-pattern (25° up and down gaze) over 8°, A-pattern (25° up and down gaze) over 5° and manifest vertical strabismus over 4°.

# Study design

# Design

Study type: Interventional

Intervention model: Parallel

Allocation: Randomized controlled trial

Masking: Single blinded (masking used)

Control: Active

#### Recruitment

NL

Recruitment status: Recruitment stopped

Start date (anticipated): 01-01-1998

Enrollment: 124

Type: Actual

# **Ethics review**

Positive opinion

Date: 09-09-2005

Application type: First submission

# **Study registrations**

## Followed up by the following (possibly more current) registration

No registrations found.

# Other (possibly less up-to-date) registrations in this register

No registrations found.

## In other registers

Register ID

NTR-new NL295 NTR-old NTR333 Other : N/A

ISRCTN ISRCTN72461159

# **Study results**

#### **Summary results**