# Vitamin K and arterial calcification

No registrations found.

**Ethical review** Not applicable

**Status** Other

**Health condition type** -

Study type Interventional

## **Summary**

#### ID

NL-OMON25255

**Source** 

Nationaal Trial Register

**Brief title** 

Vitacal

#### **Health condition**

Vitamin K, menaquinone-7, arterial calcification, dp-ucMGP, diabetes patiënts, arterial stiffness, bone metabolism.

## **Sponsors and support**

**Primary sponsor:** UMC Utrecht

Source(s) of monetary or material Support: Dutch Heart Foundation

#### Intervention

#### **Outcome measures**

#### **Primary outcome**

Arterial calcifications as quantified by 18F-NaF PET/CT imaging.

### **Secondary outcome**

- Arterial calcification in other arteries than the femoral artery as quantified by 18F-NaF PET/CT imaging.

- Bone metabolism in the lumbar spine, as quantified by 18F-NaF PET/CT imaging.
- Arterial stiffness, as quantified by pulse wave velocity measurement.
- Dpuc-MGP, as quantified using a sandwich ELISA.

# **Study description**

### Study objective

We expect that supplementation with vitamin K will attenuated or reduce ongoing calcification and will significantly reduce dp-ucMGP in patients with type 2 diabetes.

#### Intervention

vitamin K2 (menaguinone-7)

### **Contacts**

#### **Public**

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#### **Scientific**

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# **Eligibility criteria**

### Inclusion criteria

- Middle aged men and women ¡Ý 40 years.
- Diagnosed with type 2 diabetes.
- At high risk of arterial calcification, based on an Ankle Brachial Index (ABI) <0.9 or  $_{i}\acute{Y}$  1.3 or diagnosed PAD (prevalence is 24% in patients with type 2 diabetes (39)).
- Written informed consent

### **Exclusion criteria**

- Contra-indication for undergoing 18F-NaF PET/CT scan (pregnancy, breastfeeding, recent radiotherapy or chemotherapy).
- Subject underwent amputation.
- Not willing to give up blood donation during the study.
- Using vitamin K antagonists.
- Known coagulation problems (history of thrombosis).
- Using vitamin supplements that contain vitamin K, vitamin D or calcium.
- A mean vitamin K2 intake ¡Ý 120 ¦Ìg/day measured with a telephone questionnaire.
- Natto or goose liver consumers.

# Study design

## Design

Study type: Interventional

Intervention model: Parallel

Allocation: Randomized controlled trial

Masking: Double blinded (masking used)

Control: Placebo

#### Recruitment

NL

Recruitment status: Other

Start date (anticipated): 01-10-2015

Enrollment: 0

Type: Unknown

# **Ethics review**

Not applicable

Application type: Not applicable

# **Study registrations**

## Followed up by the following (possibly more current) registration

ID: 45148

Bron: ToetsingOnline

Titel:

## Other (possibly less up-to-date) registrations in this register

No registrations found.

### In other registers

Register ID

NTR-new NL5147 NTR-old NTR5287

CCMO NL53572.041.15 OMON NL-OMON45148

# **Study results**