Feasibility of online courses on healthy eating, food-related behaviour and sustainable living

No registrations found.

Ethical review Positive opinion **Status** Recruiting

Health condition type -

Study type Interventional

Summary

ID

NL-OMON25393

Source

NTR

Brief title

Feasibility of online courses

Health condition

Depressive symptoms
Depressieve symptomen

Sponsors and support

Primary sponsor: Vrije Universiteit Amsterdam

Source(s) of monetary or material Support: European Union FP7 MooDFOOD Project 'Multi-country cOllaborative project on the rOle of Diet, FOod-related behavior, and Obesity in the prevention

of Depression' (grant agreement no. 613598).

Intervention

Outcome measures

Primary outcome

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- 1. To investigate the feasibility of online courses targeting nutrition, food-related behaviour and sustainability in Dutch and Danish people.
- 2. To investigate whether the feasibility of the online courses is related to depressive symptoms.

Secondary outcome

To investigate the impact of a range of variables on feasibility outcomes to get more insight into which factors influence feasibility of the online courses (both positive and negative).

Study description

Background summary

Depression is an important risk factor for general public health and strategies to prevent the development of depression are urgently needed. Nutrition and food-related behaviour are found to be associated with mental well-being and depression and might be factors that influence public health. Online interventions focused on promoting health behaviour are increasing and found to be effective and useful to reach large populations for preventive purposes. Knowledge of experiences and preferences of participants is crucial for successful implementation of these interventions. However, this information is missing. In this study, we will explore the feasibility and perceived usefulness of behaviour change advice targeting nutrition and food-related behaviour. We will also explore if having depressive symptoms influences the feasibility of these advices. This will be done using a 8-week randomised controlled trial with 4 intervention groups consisting of online courses targeted at nutrition and food-related behaviour and one control group consisting of a online course targeting sustainability. This study is conducted in both the Netherlands and Denmark in healthy human volunteers aged 18-70 years old of which 50% has no or low depressive symptoms and 50% high depressive symptoms (but no clinical diagnosis of depression). The information of this study can be used to develop online interventions that are adopted to the level of depressive symptoms and that reach large groups of people from the general population, without leading to high numbers of drop-out and that are perceived as easy, both in content and in adopting the advices.

Study objective

Rationale: Depression is an important risk factor for general public health and strategies to prevent the development of depression are urgently needed. Nutrition and food-related behaviour are found to be associated with mental well-being and depression and might be factors that influence public health. Online interventions focused on promoting health behaviour are increasing and found to be effective and useful to reach large populations for preventive purposes. Knowledge of experiences and preferences of participants is crucial for successful implementation of these interventions. However, this information is missing. In

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Study design

Beck, Steer & Brown, 1996

On weeks 2, 4, 6 and 8:
Closed-ended questions (Likert-scales) on:
🛮 - Compliance
☐ - User experience
☐ - Perceived ease or difficulty to follow advice
Open-ended questions on:
🛮 - Goal-setting and goal achievement
☐ - Comments on intervention
Compliance is also measured by looking at total log-ins to platform and percentage of exercises filled out (week 8).
Week 1 and 8:
Feasibility of behaviour changes:
Eating styles: Dutch Eating Behaviour
Questionnaire, van Strien 1986
Social context of eating
Depressive symptoms: Center for Epidemiological Studies Depression Scale, Radloff 1977

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Subjective health: single-item questionnaire as described in meta-analysis from DeSalvo,

Change in appetite and change in sleep (atypical depressive symptoms): 2 items from BDI-II,

Bloser, Reynolds, He, Munther, 2006
Life satisfaction: Satisfaction with Life Scale (Diener, Emmons, Larsen, & Griffin 1985)
Body dissatisfaction: Figure Rating Scale (Stunkard, Sørensen, & Schulsinger 1983)
Food intake: based on Helius FFQ (Beukers et al. 2015)
mpulse buying: 3 items from Buying Impulsiveness Scale, Rook & Fisher, 1995
Household activities (adapted from Brook Lyndhurst, 2007)
Cooking skills: scale from Brunner, van der Horst, & Siegrist 2010.
General self-efficacy: General Self-Efficacy Scale, Teeuw, Schwarzer & Jerusalem, 1994
Meal pattern and meal pattern regularity; snacking behaviour
Mindful eating (self-designed; Laura Winkens)
Sustainability
Self-efficacy (difficulty in following recommendations)
Goal attainment
Interviews with subgroups of people in each group to attain experiential information.
Open ended questions on:
] Compliance
] User experience
Difficulty of following recommendations
Questionnaire for drop-outs:
Reason for drop-out (open-ended)
User experience (closed-ended)

Intervention

Four interventions groups:

- Mindful eating
- Healthy eating
- Food-related activities
- Meal pattern

Control intervention:

- Sustainability

Contacts

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Scientific

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Eligibility criteria

Inclusion criteria

Aged 18 to 70 years

Living in Denmark of the Netherlands

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Exclusion criteria

Current (in past 6 months) clinical Major Depressive Disorder Episode

Current (in past 6 months) use of antidepressant drugs or psychological interventions

Anxiety or alcohol or substance/drug addiction in previous 6 months

Suicidal intentions as measured during the screening

Current pregnancy

Study design

Design

Study type: Interventional

Intervention model: Parallel

Allocation: Randomized controlled trial

Masking: Single blinded (masking used)

Control: Active

Recruitment

NL

Recruitment status: Recruiting
Start date (anticipated): 01-09-2016

Enrollment: 1000

Type: Anticipated

Ethics review

Positive opinion

Date: 03-08-2016

Application type: First submission

Study registrations

Followed up by the following (possibly more current) registration

ID: 43972

Bron: ToetsingOnline

Titel:

Other (possibly less up-to-date) registrations in this register

No registrations found.

In other registers

Register ID

NTR-new NL5823 NTR-old NTR5978

CCMO NL55581.029.16 OMON NL-OMON43972

Study results