

# ABSORB BTK

No registrations found.

<b>Ethical review</b>	Not applicable
<b>Status</b>	Pending
<b>Health condition type</b>	-
<b>Study type</b>	Interventional

## Summary

### ID

NL-OMON25502

### Source

Nationaal Trial Register

### Health condition

Critical limb ischemia

## Sponsors and support

**Primary sponsor:** Dutch Endovascular Alliance (DEAll)

**Source(s) of monetary or material Support:** fund = initiator = sponsor

## Intervention

## Outcome measures

### Primary outcome

In-stent restenosis at 12 months, defined as lumen narrowing > 50% assessed by angiography

### Secondary outcome

- Technical success rate, defined as residual stenosis < 30%
- Target lesion revascularization (TLR), defined as any endovascular revascularisation of the target lesion.

- Target vessel revascularization (TVR), defined as any endovascular revascularisation of any non-target lesion in the same tibial artery as the target lesion
- Death, defined as any death during follow-up
- Minor amputation, defined as any non-limb amputation, for instance any (partial) amputation of a toe or foot.
- Major amputation, defined as any limb amputation, for instance below-, through-, or above-knee amputation
- Improvement in Rutherford-Becker classification (see appendix B for the Rutherford-Becker classification)
- Wound healing (if applicable), defined as wound closure at the time of the outpatient visit.

## Study description

### Background summary

N/A

### Study objective

The aim of this study is to evaluate the efficacy, and feasibility of the Absorb bioresorbable scaffold in infrapopliteal hemodynamically significant arterial stenoses and occlusions.

### Study design

Follow-up will be obtained at the outpatient clinic 1, 6 and 12 months after the intervention. During follow-up any complications will be registered and physical examination of the treated limb will be performed. Prior to the follow-up visit at 6 and 12 months, all patients will be analysed by treadmill test and duplex of the treated artery. At 12 months of follow-up a diagnostic catheter guided angiography will be performed.

### Intervention

The Absorb everolimus-eluting bioresorbable scaffold will be used in the endovascular treatment of symptomatic tibial atherosclerotic lesions.

## Contacts

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## Eligibility criteria

### **Inclusion criteria**

- Age  $\geq$  18 years
- At least 1 symptomatic de novo or restenotic (after only PTA) atherosclerotic tibial lesion. The lesion should be a stenosis of at least 70% or an occlusion with a maximum length of 100mm.
- At least 1 outflow artery to the foot distally to the target lesion
- Target vessel diameter  $\geq$  2.0 and  $\leq$  3.8mm (instructions for use)
- Successful crossing of the target lesion

### **Exclusion criteria**

- PAD Rutherford-Becker classification 1-3 or 6.
- A life expectancy less than 1 year.
- Thrombus within the target lesion
- Multiple stenoses in the tibial target artery
- Acute limb ischemia

- Dissection
- Lesion length > 100mm.
- Aspirin, Clopidogrel, Heparin or Everolimus allergy

## Study design

### Design

Study type:	Interventional
Intervention model:	Other
Allocation:	Non controlled trial
Masking:	Open (masking not used)
Control:	N/A , unknown

### Recruitment

NL	
Recruitment status:	Pending
Start date (anticipated):	01-04-2014
Enrollment:	80
Type:	Anticipated

## Ethics review

Not applicable	
Application type:	Not applicable

## Study registrations

### Followed up by the following (possibly more current) registration

No registrations found.

## Other (possibly less up-to-date) registrations in this register

No registrations found.

## In other registers

Register	ID
NTR-new	NL4159
NTR-old	NTR4318
Other	: none
ISRCTN	ISRCTN wordt niet meer aangevraagd.

## Study results

### Summary results

N/A