Usual care in pelvic physiotherapy in patients with pelvic girdle pain

No registrations found.

Ethical review	Positive opinion
Status	Recruiting
Health condition type	-
Study type	Interventional

Summary

ID

NL-OMON26047

Source Nationaal Trial Register

Health condition

pelvic girdle pain, pelvic floor, questionnairres, Electromyography

Sponsors and support

Primary sponsor: LUMC **Source(s) of monetary or material Support:** Dutch association of Pelvic Physiotherapy

Intervention

Outcome measures

Primary outcome

Changes at the NPRS

Secondary outcome

changes on the EMG signal

Measurements in VBA forward and sidebend

1 - Usual care in pelvic physiotherapy in patients with pelvic girdle pain 23-06-2025

Changes in the PelFis, PSK, QPBDS

Changes in Ultrasound

Study description

Background summary

The goal of this study is to investigate the effect of a pelvic physiotherapeutic /manual therapeutic treatment (usual care) in patients with PGP (subgroups reduced force closure and excessive force closure) and the influence on EMG signals of the pelvic floor Objective of the study:

The influence of mobilisation of the sacroiliacal joint and an stabilizing or relaxation exercise program on pain, the function of the pelvic floor, the m. Transversus Abdominus and functional state in patients with pelvic girdle pain.

Study design:

This is a longitudinal study in which patients with pelvic pain, subgroups reduced and excessive force closure, receiving a usual care pelvic physiotherapeutic /manual therapeutic treatment (mobilization of the sacral iliac joint and a stabilizing or relaxing e xercise program) are followed.

Design:

Randomized Controlled Trail with two groups, an intervention group and a control group.

The intervention group gets alongside a stabilizing or relaxing exercise program and mobilization of the sacral iliac joint. The control

group will receive a stabilizing or relaxing exercise program during the first 6 weeks. After 6 weeks, they also receive the

mobilization of the sacral iliac joint. The patients are randomly divided over the two groups.

Study objective

Low back and pelvic pain (LRP / BP) during and after pregnancy is common in the Netherlands. In women who

having a history of LRP / BP shows a point prevalence of 88.5% during pregnancy that decreases to

53.8% two weeks after delivery. In women without such a history one can find a point

2 - Usual care in pelvic physiotherapy in patients with pelvic girdle pain 23-06-2025

prevalence

67.4 ° / o during pregnancy decreasing to 28.1% two weeks after delivery (1). Pelvic pain during

pregnancy has an incidence of 20.1%. At 62.5 % of this group, the pain disappeared within one month

childbirth. In 8.6% of women, the pelvic pain persists for two years after delivery.

Pelvic pain during pregnancy often leads to limitations in daily life and absenteeism. Despite the amount of research that has been done, the diagnosis and classification of pelvic

pain remains

controversial. To date, for the majority of pelvic pain disorders, there is no clear evidence pathological-anatomical substrate found.

Little research has been done into the treatment of pelvic pain.

In our practice patients with pelvic pain regularly come. From clinical experience seems a combination of

mobilization and a stabilizing or relaxing exercise program of the local and global musculature

to be. It is therefore of great importance to substantiate this scientifically.

Study design

3-6-12 months

Intervention

mobilisation of th sacro-iliacal joint and a stabilizing or relaxating exercise

Contacts

Public

Scientific

Eligibility criteria

Inclusion criteria

patients with pelvic girdle pain pre- and postpartum

Exclusion criteria

Adherence

Not aible to speak or read Dutch

Sacroiliitis,

History of fractures, neoplasms and / or surgery, in the lumbar spine, pelvis or hip radiculopathy

> 30 weeks pregnant

Study design

Design

Study type:	Interventional
Intervention model:	Parallel
Allocation:	Randomized controlled trial
Masking:	Single blinded (masking used)
Control:	Active

Recruitment

NL	
Recruitment status:	Recruiting
Start date (anticipated):	04-10-2018
Enrollment:	46
Туре:	Anticipated

Ethics review

Positive opinion	
Date:	
Application type:	

11-11-2018 First submission

Study registrations

Followed up by the following (possibly more current) registration

ID: 53037 Bron: ToetsingOnline Titel:

Other (possibly less up-to-date) registrations in this register

No registrations found.

In other registers

Register	ID
NTR-new	NL7349
NTR-old	NTR7614
ССМО	NL57765.058.17
OMON	NL-OMON53037

Study results