Predicting the wide ranging effects of enhancing dopamine on cognition

Published: 19-06-2014 Last updated: 31-08-2024

Ethical review Positive opinion **Status** Recruitment stopped

Health condition type

Study type Interventional

Summary

ID

NL-OMON26989

Source

NTR

Brief title

Dopamine & Cognition

Health condition

Dopamine, Learning, Working memory, Motivation, Mental effort

Sponsors and support

Primary sponsor: Radboud University Nijmegen

Donders Institute for Brain, Cognition and Behaviour - Centre for Cognitive Neuroimaging

Source(s) of monetary or material Support: NWO

Intervention

Outcome measures

Primary outcome

Effects of methylphenidate on behavioural performance on a battery of computerized tasks:

- 1. Social Learning (contrast of personal versus social learning)
- 2. Working memory performance
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- 3-4. Motivational influences on instrumental behaviour (Pavlovian-instrumental transfer and motivational Go/Nogo tasks)
- 5. Demand selection task task (Biases towards easy/difficult conditions)
- 6. Probabilistic reversal learning (reinforcement sensitivity and behavioural flexibility)

Secondary outcome

Baseline personality questionnaires:

- Spielberger Trait Anxiety Inventory (Spielberger, 2010);
- Multidimensional Scale of Perceived Social Support (Martinez et al., 2010); (http://www.yorku.ca/rokada/psyctest/socsupp.pdf)
- Dominance scale (Kalma et al., 1993);
- Barratt Simplified Measure of Social Status (Martinez et al., 2010 http://socialclassoncampus.blogspot.co.uk/2012/06/barratt-simplified-measure-of-social. html);
- The Beck Depression Inventory (Beck, Ward, Mendelson, Mock, & Erbaugh, 1961);
- Positive and negative affect scale (Watson et al., 1988) The BIS/BAS (Behavioural Inhibition Scale/Behavioural Activation (BIS/BAS) Scale (Carver & White, 1994);
- The Barratt Impulsiveness Scale (Patton, Stanford, & Barratt, 1995);
- Need for Cognition Scale (Cacioppo, Pettz, and Kao, 1984)

Baseline assessment of executive function

- Listening span (Daneman and Carpenter, 1980);
- Digit Span (Wechsler 2008);
- Dutch Adult reading test (NLV Schmand et al., 1991).

Methylphenidate-induced changes in mood and physiological measures

- Positive Affect Negative Affect (PANAS; Watson et al., 1988);
- Mood rating scale (Bond & Lader, 1974);
- Changes in blood pressure and heart rate;
- Medical symptoms visual analogue rating scale.

Study description

Study design

2 separate testing days for placebo and drug conditions. Total testing time 4-5 hrs, 1 week - 2 months apart, starting time within 90 mins of same time of day.

Intervention

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Participants will twice complete a battery of computerized tests after administration of methylphenidate / placebo. On the day preceding testing, subjects will have to adhere to some simple restrictions with respect to medication, alcohol and drug intake.

Contacts

Public

Donders Institue / Radboud University Nijmegen Roshan Cools Nijmegen

The Netherlands

Scientific

Donders Institue / Radboud University Nijmegen Roshan Cools Nijmegen The Netherlands

Eligibility criteria

Inclusion criteria

- 1. Healthy volunteers;
- 2. Age 18 45 years;
- 3. Normal or corrected-to-normal vision;
- 4. Normal uncorrected hearing;
- 5. Willingness and ability to give written informed consent and willingness and ability to understand the nature and content, to participate and to comply with the study requirements.

Exclusion criteria

- 1. History of / current
- psychiatric / neurological treatment
- neurological treatment
- · endocrine treatment
- requent autonomic failure (e.g., vasovagal reflex syncope).
- clinically significant hepatic, cardiac, obstructive respiratory, renal, cerebrovascular, metabolic, ocular or pulmonary disease
- epilepsy in adulthood (inclusion when no insult after 18 years of age, no current medication for epilepsy and no insult in the last five years)
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- drug dependence (opiate, LSD, (meth)amphetamine, cocaine, solvents, or barbiturate) or alcohol dependence
- Diabetes
- 2. Suicidality
- 3. Medication use:
- MAO inhibitor, anaesthetic, anti-depressant or anti psychotic drugs within the week prior to the start of the study.
- psychotropic medication, or of recreational drugs over a period of 24 hours prior to each test session, and use of alcohol within the last 24 hours before each measurement.
- Regular use of corticosteroids.
- 4. Uncontrolled hypertension, defined as diastolic blood pressure at rest > 95 mmHg or systolic blood pressure at rest > 180 mmHg
- 5. Irregular sleep/wake rhythm (e.g., regular nightshifts or cross timeline travel).
- 6 .Possible pregnancy or breastfeeding
- 7. Lactose intolerance (placebo pill is a lactose product)
- 8. One first degree or two or more second degree family members with a history of sudden death or ventricular arrhythmia
- 9. First degree family member with schizophrenia or bipolar disorder

Study design

Design

Study type: Interventional

Intervention model: Crossover

Allocation: Randomized controlled trial

Masking: Double blinded (masking used)

Control: Placebo

Recruitment

NL

Recruitment status: Recruitment stopped

Start date (anticipated): 01-02-2014

Enrollment: 100

Type: Actual

Ethics review

Positive opinion

Date: 19-06-2014

Application type: First submission

Study registrations

Followed up by the following (possibly more current) registration

ID: 38150

Bron: ToetsingOnline

Titel:

Other (possibly less up-to-date) registrations in this register

No registrations found.

In other registers

Register ID

NTR-new NL4411 NTR-old NTR4653

CCMO NL47166.091.13 OMON NL-OMON26989

Study results