The Added Value of Targeting Specific Risk Factors for Child Maltreatment within an Evidence-Based Home Visitation Program: A Multiple Baseline Single-Case Experimental Design

No registrations found.

Ethical review Positive opinion **Status** Recruiting

Health condition type -

Study type Interventional

Summary

ID

NL-OMON27307

Source

NTR

Brief title

VoorZorg BOOST

Health condition

Risk for child maltreatment

Sponsors and support

Primary sponsor: University of Amsterdam, Utrecht University **Source(s) of monetary or material Support:** This study is funded by The Netherlands

Organisation for Health Research and Development (ZonMw; grant number: 741100002).

Intervention

Outcome measures

Primary outcome

- Parental anger (PAS)
- Post-traumatic stress symptoms (PCL-C)
- Levels of perceived stress (PSS-10)

Secondary outcome

- Parental self-efficacy (PSI)
- Risk for child maltreatment (IPARAN)
- Parenting practices (CPBQ)
- Quality of a child's home environment (HOME-SF)

Study description

Background summary

This study tests whether the effects of an evidence-based home visitation program to reduce child maltreatment can be improved by adding discrete treatment components targeting three key risk factors for child maltreatment: parental stress, parental anger, and post-traumatic stress symptoms. Using a multiple baseline single-case experimental design, we will test whether including these components leads to a reduction in the targeted risk factors and in a reduction of the risk of child maltreatment.

Study objective

Adding specific components designed to target three risk factors for child maltreatment (parental stress, parental anger, and post-traumatic stress symptoms) to an evidence-based home visiting program alleviates these specific risk factors.

Study design

T0: questionnaire and observation; T1 t/m T36 (weekly questionnaire); T37: questionnaire and observation

Intervention

VoorZorg is a home visitation program targeting young mothers at high(er) risk for child maltreatment. Starting at pre-birth a trained nurse visits the mother on a weekly to monthly basis to reduce the risk of child maltreatment by improving pregnancy and birth outcomes (e.g. healthy lifestyle and nutrition), child's health and development opportunities (e.g.,

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attachment and safety), and mothers' personal development (e.g., education or work and social support).

The aim of the present study is examining the effectiveness of added components: VoorZorg Boost. VoorZorg nurses receive a training to be able to provide additional components during six home visits: targeting parental stress (starting visit 1), parental anger (starting visit 2), and post-traumatic stress symptoms (starting visit 4). Participating mothers are randomly selected to receive additional treatment components after 5, 6 of 7 regular VoorZorg home visits.

For this study, the data collection starts when the infant is at least 3.5 months old. Participants will be asked to fill out pre- and post-test questionnaires during a home visit by a researcher including observation and weekly assessment. After the intervention, the data collection will continue until 18 house visits have been monitored.

Contacts

Public

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Eligibility criteria

Inclusion criteria

All mothers that have been selected to participate in home visitation program VoorZorg, which is provided as standard care for young, first-time mothers with a higher risk of child maltreatment.

Exclusion criteria

None.

Study design

Design

Study type: Interventional

Intervention model: Crossover

Allocation: Randomized controlled trial

Masking: Single blinded (masking used)

Control: N/A, unknown

Recruitment

NL

Recruitment status: Recruiting
Start date (anticipated): 01-03-2019

Enrollment: 9

Type: Anticipated

IPD sharing statement

Plan to share IPD: No

Plan description

N/A

Ethics review

Positive opinion

Date: 23-05-2020

Application type: First submission

Study registrations

Followed up by the following (possibly more current) registration

No registrations found.

Other (possibly less up-to-date) registrations in this register

No registrations found.

In other registers

Register ID

NTR-new NL8651

Other Ethics Review Board of the Faculty of Social and Behavioral Sciences of the

University of Amsterdam: 2018-CDE-9640

Study results

Summary results

N/A