Predicting aseptic loosening of knee replacement prostheses through innate immunity.

No registrations found.

Ethical review Positive opinion

Status Pending

Health condition type -

Study type Observational non invasive

Summary

ID

NL-OMON29081

Source

Nationaal Trial Register

Brief title PRALINE

Health condition

Innate Immunity Radio Stereometric Analysis Aseptic Loosening Knee Replacement Arthroplasty

Sponsors and support

Primary sponsor: Leiden University Medical Center

Source(s) of monetary or material Support: Reumafonds

Intervention

Outcome measures

Primary outcome

- 1. Maximum Total Point Motion at 1 year, measured by RSA;
- 2. PAM3Cys and LPS-stimulated cytokine profiles.

Secondary outcome

N/A

Study description

Background summary

Aseptic loosening is the most common cause of failure of current joint replacement arthroplasties in the long term (>10 years after index surgery). Wear particles cause a sterile periprosthetic inflammatory process, which leads to osteolysis and formation of fibrous tissue. Pro-inflammatory cytokines play a major role in this process.

Micromotion preceeds aseptic loosening and can be accurately measured by RSA. RSA measurements can only be performed if tantalum markers are inserted during surgery.

Innate immunity can be determined at any time, even pre-operatively. Innate immunity may even be a useful tool in predicting the preoperative risk of aseptic loosening.

Study objective

What does the non-specific cytokine response contribute to the prediction of prosthesis fixation (expressed in MTPM after 1 year), compared with simple patient characteristics?

Study design

Patients will undergo a single venipuncture, to obtain 32ml of blood.

Intervention

N/A

Contacts

Public

P.O. Box 9600, Postzone J-11-S J.C. Keurentjes Albinusdreef 2, Room J-09-127 Leiden 2300 RC The Netherlands +31 (0)71 526 1566

Scientific

P.O. Box 9600, Postzone J-11-S J.C. Keurentjes Albinusdreef 2, Room J-09-127 Leiden 2300 RC The Netherlands +31 (0)71 526 1566

Eligibility criteria

Inclusion criteria

- 1. Patients over 18 years, who underwent elective knee replacement arthroplasty;
- 2. Patients who are part of an RSA-cohort and whose MTPM at 1 year have been measured.

Exclusion criteria

- 1. No measurable MTPM at 1 year, or inadequate registration;
- 2. Tibia component in frontal plane greater than 5 ° varus or valgus 5.

Study design

Design

Study type: Observational non invasive

Intervention model: Parallel

Allocation: Non controlled trial

Masking: Open (masking not used)

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Control: N/A, unknown

Recruitment

NL

Recruitment status: Pending

Start date (anticipated): 01-03-2010

Enrollment: 80

Type: Anticipated

Ethics review

Positive opinion

Date: 02-02-2010

Application type: First submission

Study registrations

Followed up by the following (possibly more current) registration

ID: 32587

Bron: ToetsingOnline

Titel:

Other (possibly less up-to-date) registrations in this register

No registrations found.

In other registers

Register ID

NTR-new NL2081 NTR-old NTR2197

CCMO NL30892.058.09

ISRCTN wordt niet meer aangevraagd.

OMON NL-OMON32587

Study results

Summary results

N/A