

Post-traumatische stress stoornis (PTSS) bij vrouwen en hun partners, na ernstige fluxus post-partum.

No registrations found.

Ethical review	Positive opinion
Status	Recruiting
Health condition type	-
Study type	Observational non invasive

Summary

ID

NL-OMON29566

Source

NTR

Brief title

IPAD study

Health condition

English: PTSD, hemorrhages, post-partum, traumatic birth, partners, men

Dutch: PTSS, fluxus, post-partum, traumatische geboorte, partners, mannen

Sponsors and support

Primary sponsor: Onze Lieve Vrouwe Gasthuis Hospital, Amsterdam, the Netherlands.

Source(s) of monetary or material Support: Anna Paviljoen and Teaching Hospital

Intervention

Outcome measures

Primary outcome

Diagnosis of PTSD

Secondary outcome

Post-traumatic symptoms and co-morbidities.

Study description

Background summary

A prospective evaluation in a hospital setting on the frequency of post-traumatic stress disorder (PTSD) and post-traumatic stress (PTS) symptoms following a severe post-partum hemorrhage (PPH) of 2,0 liters or more, compared to deliveries without a PPH , both in patients as well as in their partners.

Study objective

Women with a hemorrhage post-partum of 2,0 liters or more, and their partners who have witnessed post-partum hemorrhaging, have a higher risk of developing PTSD and PTS-symptoms, compared to uncomplicated birth.

Study design

6-8 weeks post-partum

Intervention

This study is observational. Survey is the PCL-5 questionnaire.

Contacts

Public

Onze Lieve Vrouw Gasthuis, Oosterpark 9
Karel W.F. Scheepstra
Amsterdam 1090 HM
The Netherlands

Scientific

Onze Lieve Vrouw Gasthuis, Oosterpark 9
Karel W.F. Scheepstra
Amsterdam 1090 HM
The Netherlands

Eligibility criteria

Inclusion criteria

Women:

≥18 years

Post-partum hemorrhage > 2,0 L

Partner:

≥18 years

Partner of patient group 1 participant ór permission for medical history

Witness of PPH

Exclusion criteria

Women:

Medical history of post-traumatic stress disorder

Inability to understand Dutch or English

Partner:

Medical history of post-traumatic stress disorder

Inability to understand Dutch or English

Study design

Design

Study type: Observational non invasive

Intervention model: Parallel

Allocation: Non-randomized controlled trial

Masking:	Open (masking not used)
Control:	N/A , unknown

Recruitment

NL	
Recruitment status:	Recruiting
Start date (anticipated):	01-04-2015
Enrollment:	0
Type:	Anticipated

Ethics review

Positive opinion	
Date:	21-04-2015
Application type:	First submission

Study registrations

Followed up by the following (possibly more current) registration

ID: 42028
Bron: ToetsingOnline
Titel:

Other (possibly less up-to-date) registrations in this register

No registrations found.

In other registers

Register	ID
NTR-new	NL4878
NTR-old	NTR5149
CCMO	NL50273.100.14
OMON	NL-OMON42028

Study results