# Long-term functional outcomes of extraarticular distal radius osteotomy for the treatment of extraarticular distal radius malunion

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Ethical review Approved WMO

**Status** Pending

**Health condition type** Bone disorders (excl congenital and fractures)

**Study type** Observational invasive

## **Summary**

#### ID

NL-OMON30172

#### **Source**

ToetsingOnline

#### **Brief title**

Long term functional outcomes EDRO for the treatment of EDRM

#### **Condition**

- Bone disorders (excl congenital and fractures)
- Bone and joint therapeutic procedures

#### **Synonym**

Carpal malunion, Deformed wrist

## **Research involving**

Human

## **Sponsors and support**

**Primary sponsor:** Academisch Medisch Centrum

Source(s) of monetary or material Support: Ministerie van OC&W

#### Intervention

Keyword: Extra-articular, Malunion, Osteotomy, Radius

#### **Outcome measures**

### **Primary outcome**

Objectieve uitkomst maten: Polsfunctie onderzoeksuitkosten (scores) en rontgenfoto beoordeling.

Subjectieve uitkomstmatenL tevredenheid en beperkingen/oijn van de patient (scores)

Objective study parameters: Writs function assesement results (scores) and X-ray assessment.

Subjective study parameters: patient satisfaction and disability/pain (score)

### **Secondary outcome**

-

## **Study description**

## **Background summary**

Union with defomity is the most common complication following a distal radial fracture. Thes deformity can be extra articular affecting either the raiocarpal or the radioulnar jointsl characterized by metaphyseal angulation and loss of

function, or a combination of both.

Malunion of the distal radius can affect the kinematics of the wrist and its function, causing pauin, restriction of movement and arthritis for the patient. Corrective osteotomies have been proven to be an effective treatment for symptomatic malunion. Eventhough it is a difficult procedure that has many pitfalls in odr to achieve a good result.

There is short and medium term oucome evaluation in the published literature. However, there is a lack of evidence of the subjective and objective functiol and radiological long-term outcomes in patients with EDRM treated with EDRO. This is a retrospective non-comparative cohort review of patients from the AO AMC database with EDRO in term of long-term functional outcomes.

## Study objective

The aim of this project is to do an objective and subjective functional long-term outcome assessment of patients with distal radius malunions, treated with intraarticular osteotomy and therefore evaluate factors that are good outcome predictors for the population. Additional subjective functional assessment also will be addressed.

## Study design

All patients treated operatively for extraarticular distal radius malunion through EDRO in the Academic Medical Centre in Amsterdam from the first abailable year of registry in the AO AMC database until 2004, will be invited to return to our out-patient clinic for a long term follow up (IRB approved) DASH questionnaire and Modified Gartland and Werley and Modified Mayo Wrist Scores ar the insturments used for the evaluation. Furthermore we will use a range of motion and grio strength measurement wich will be analysed independently.

Follow up standard wrist radiographies will be taken to evaluate postoperative alignment, percentage of correction compared to preoperative X rays and the presence of radiocarpal and/or radioulnar arthritis.

## Study burden and risks

Burden: one time visit to the AMC in Amsterdam

Risk: Very low risk classified as tricial risk for X-photography of the wrist.

## **Contacts**

#### **Public**

Academisch Medisch Centrum

Meibergdreef 9
1100 DD Amsterdam
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## **Trial sites**

## **Listed location countries**

Netherlands

# **Eligibility criteria**

## Age

Adults (18-64 years) Elderly (65 years and older)

## Inclusion criteria

Males and females; older than 18 years who suffered in the past an extra-articular distal radius malunion and who were treated with extra articular distal radius osteotomy

## **Exclusion criteria**

Patients younger than 18 years old. Patient with an intraarticular distal radius malunion. Patienten with systemic diseases of the muscular-skeletal system (i.e. Rheumatoid Arthritis)

# Study design

## **Design**

Study phase:

Study type: Observational invasive

Masking: Open (masking not used)

Control: Uncontrolled

Primary purpose: Treatment

## Recruitment

NL

Recruitment status: Pending

Start date (anticipated): 15-07-2006

Enrollment: 30

Type: Anticipated

## **Ethics review**

Approved WMO

Application type: First submission

Review commission: METC Amsterdam UMC

# **Study registrations**

## Followed up by the following (possibly more current) registration

No registrations found.

## Other (possibly less up-to-date) registrations in this register

No registrations found.

## In other registers

Register ID

CCMO NL13537.018.06