# Surveillance of HIV and other sexually transmitted and blood borne infections among visitors of the outpatient clinic for Sexually Transmitted Infections (STI) at the Municipal Health Service of Amsterdam

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1. To gain insight into the prevalence and incidence of HIV and other sexually transmitted infections and blood borne infections among visitors of the STI clinic in Amsterdam.2. To gain insight into risk factors and risk behaviour among visitors of...

Ethical review	Approved WMO
Status	Pending
Health condition type	Viral infectious disorders
Study type	Observational non invasive

# Summary

### ID

NL-OMON30223

**Source** ToetsingOnline

Brief title Sexually transmitted and blood borne infections in Amsterdam

# Condition

• Viral infectious disorders

### Synonym

sexually transmitted infections and blood-borne infections

### **Research involving**

1 - Surveillance of HIV and other sexually transmitted and blood borne infections am  $\ldots$  30-05-2025

Human

### **Sponsors and support**

#### Primary sponsor: GGD Amsterdam Source(s) of monetary or material Support: ministerie van VWS

### Intervention

Keyword: blood-borne infections, epidemiology, risk factors, sexually transmitted infection

### **Outcome measures**

#### **Primary outcome**

- prevalence and incidence of sexually transmitted infections and blood borne

infections among visitors of the STI clinic.

- risk behaviour and risk factors for transmission of sexually transmitted

infections and blood borne infections.

#### Secondary outcome

none

# **Study description**

#### **Background summary**

The DWAR study studies the transmission of HIV and other sexually transmitted infections and blood borne infections in Amsterdam. Since 1991, 2000 visitors of the sexually transmitted infections (STI) clinic of the Amsterdam Health Service of 16 years and older are annually recruited for participation in the DWAR study. Participating subjects are asked to fill out a questionnaire about risk factors and risk behaviour and their blood is drawn.

Epidemiological studies are necessary to gain insight into the transmission of sexually transmitted infections and blood borne infections. Furthermore, epidemiological studies are usefull to gain insight into risk behaviour and possible risk factors for transmission. Because of the continuously changing prevalence and incidence data, among others caused by the changing risk behaviour it is necessary to collect this data regularly.

This study assesses changes in prevalence and incidence data of sexually

transmitted infections and blood borne infections among visitors of the STI clinic in Amsterdam. Furthermore, risk behaviour and risk factors for tranmission will be assessed. These data will be usefull for planning educational and prevention programmes.

#### **Study objective**

1. To gain insight into the prevalence and incidence of HIV and other sexually transmitted infections and blood borne infections among visitors of the STI clinic in Amsterdam.

2. To gain insight into risk factors and risk behaviour among visitors of the STI clinic in Amsterdam, which will offer starting points for educational and prevention programmes.

### Study design

The DWAR study is a cross sectional, observational study.

#### Study burden and risks

The burden associated with participation consists of filling out a questionnaire and the extra blood sample that will be drawn. The extra time associated with the DWAR study is approximately 15 minutes per patient. The are no risks associated with participation. Blood is already drawn for the patients regular STI check, therefore an extra venipuncture is not necessary.

# Contacts

Public GGD Amsterdam

Nieuwe Achtergracht 100 / Postbus 2200 1000 CE Amsterdam NL **Scientific** GGD Amsterdam

Nieuwe Achtergracht 100 / Postbus 2200 1000 CE Amsterdam NL

# **Trial sites**

# **Listed location countries**

Netherlands

# **Eligibility criteria**

#### Age

Adolescents (12-15 years) Adolescents (16-17 years) Adults (18-64 years) Elderly (65 years and older)

## **Inclusion criteria**

1.age 16 years or older
2.visitor of the STI clinic in Amsterdam
3. obtained written informed consent

## **Exclusion criteria**

1. age younger than 16 years

# Study design

## Design

Study type: Observational non invasive		
Masking:	Open (masking not used)	
Control:	Uncontrolled	
Primary purpose:	Other	

### Recruitment

NL Recruitment status:

Pending

4 - Surveillance of HIV and other sexually transmitted and blood borne infections am ... 30-05-2025

Start date (anticipated):	01-01-1991
Enrollment:	2000
Туре:	Anticipated

# **Ethics review**

Approved WMO Application type: Review commission:

First submission METC Amsterdam UMC

# **Study registrations**

# Followed up by the following (possibly more current) registration

No registrations found.

### Other (possibly less up-to-date) registrations in this register

No registrations found.

### In other registers

**Register** CCMO

ID NL14833.018.06