The effect of the Community Reinforcement Approach on the treatment of resocializing forensic psychiatric patients

Published: 19-07-2007 Last updated: 14-05-2024

The aim of the study is to see if the (psycho)social functioning and the quality of life of forensic psychiatric patients improves when treated according to a forensic CRA-protocol

Ethical reviewApproved WMOStatusRecruitment stoppedHealth condition typePsychiatric disorders NECStudy typeObservational non invasive

Summary

ID

NL-OMON30814

Source

ToetsingOnline

Brief title

Crafpa

Condition

Psychiatric disorders NEC

Synonym

criminal behaviour, forensic psychiatric disorders

Research involving

Human

Sponsors and support

Primary sponsor: GGZ Westelijk Noord-Brabant (Halsteren)

Source(s) of monetary or material Support: Geestelijke Gezondheidszorg Westelijk

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Noord-Brabant

Intervention

Keyword: Community Reinforcement Approach, Effectiveness, Medium Security Ward, Treatment

Outcome measures

Primary outcome

(Psycho)social functioning, quality of life

Secondary outcome

Re-offending

Study description

Background summary

The population of a medium security ward consists of mentally disturbed people with a (criminal) judicial title. The population is heterogenous in (judicial) titles, comitted crimes, and psychiatric disorders. An important mutual factor in this population is substance misuse. The percentage of addicted people in the forensic psychiatric field varies from 40 to 70%. For this reason we chose to add specific therapeutic interventions from the Community Reinforcement Approach (a treatment modality coming from the addiction care) to the treatment as usual. With the Community Reinforcement Approach (CRA) the focus of the treatment lies with the strengethening of the social skills and the stimulation of a pro-social network. Within the addiction care CRA is well tested and proven to be effective. Because of the specific focus on a swift reentry in society, and maintaining an independant household, and network, our expectations are that CRA can be an important supplement to the treatment as usual.

Study objective

The aim of the study is to see if the (psycho)social functioning and the quality of life of forensic psychiatric patients improves when treated according to a forensic CRA-protocol

Study design

Outcome variables. (psycho)social functioning, quality of life, and reoffending Design. To establish the effectiveness of CRA a observational non-controlled study will be done. For the duration of two years the CRA module will be added to the existing treatment. Measurements will take place at admission, every three months untill release, at release, and one year after release. Measurements consist of questionnaires and observation scales.

Intervention

The Community Reinforcement Approach

Study burden and risks

Time-investement patient:

Admission: 1,5 hours

Every three months: 1,5 hours

Discharge: 1,5 hours Follow-up: 2 hours

Contacts

Public

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Scientific

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Trial sites

Listed location countries

Netherlands

Eligibility criteria

Age

Adults (18-64 years) Elderly (65 years and older)

Inclusion criteria

Mentally disturbed offenders who are assigned by a criminal judge to a forensic psychiatric treatment facility

Exclusion criteria

Patient needs a higher security level Severe irreversible organic psychosyndrome

Study design

Design

Study phase: 2

Study type: Observational non invasive

Masking: Open (masking not used)

Control: Uncontrolled

Primary purpose: Treatment

Recruitment

NL

Recruitment status: Recruitment stopped

Start date (anticipated): 14-05-2007

Enrollment: 54

Type: Actual

Ethics review

Approved WMO

Date: 19-07-2007

Application type: First submission

Study registrations

Followed up by the following (possibly more current) registration

No registrations found.

Other (possibly less up-to-date) registrations in this register

No registrations found.

In other registers

Register ID

CCMO NL15698.078.06