

# Treatment of Hidradenitis Suppurativa with a blue light (415 nm) and red light(633 nm) combination PDT

Published: 30-10-2007

Last updated: 09-05-2024

Investigate the treatment efficacy of a red light (633 nm) and blue light (425) combination PDT in HS.

<b>Ethical review</b>	Approved WMO
<b>Status</b>	Recruitment stopped
<b>Health condition type</b>	Epidermal and dermal conditions
<b>Study type</b>	Interventional

## Summary

### ID

NL-OMON31302

### Source

ToetsingOnline

### Brief title

Hidradenitis blue-red light combination PDT

### Condition

- Epidermal and dermal conditions

### Synonym

acne inversa, hidradenitis suppurativa

### Research involving

Human

### Sponsors and support

**Primary sponsor:** Catharina-ziekenhuis

**Source(s) of monetary or material Support:** Ministerie van OC&W

## Intervention

**Keyword:** blue, hidradenitis, PDT, red

## Outcome measures

### Primary outcome

Reduction Sartorius score

reduction unidimensional visual pain score

### Secondary outcome

Time to improvement individual lesions

Time to improvement pain scale scores

Treatment experience

satisfaction

side effects

visual improvements on photos

## Study description

### Background summary

Hidradenitis Suppurativa is a chronic inflammation of follicles, primarily in the axillae and groin area. The disease manifests as clusters of chronic abscesses or boils that are extremely painful to the touch and may persist for years with occasional to frequent periods of inflammation.

Present treatment methods are: antibiotics, intralesional or systemic steroids, surgical operation and other methods like oral contraceptives, ALA-PDT. There are not many studies known that investigate PDT for HS. A combination therapy is only known for acne vulgaris. The properties of red (633 nm) and blue (425 nm) light complement each other in a way they can reduce the inflammation, pain and might prevent new lesions.

### Study objective

Investigate the treatment efficacy of a red light (633 nm) and blue light (425) combination PDT in HS.

## **Study design**

single-blind prospective study.

## **Intervention**

Every patient has at least one treatment- control combination with the same Hurley classification. Every Hurley- combination consist of a treatment area and a control are.

Treatment with: Omnilux Blue en Omnilux Revive.

## **Study burden and risks**

Based on literature research and practical experience ewith the Omnilux Blue and Revive for PDT treatment, no serious adverse events are to be expected.

-eye damage: wearing goggles

-erythema: Immediately after treatment. Lasts for about half an hour

-Irritation, itch, burning sensation: normally a few hours, in some cases a few days

-Inflammation - In rare cases a temporarily eczema or folliculitis may appear. This will last for a few weeks.

## **Contacts**

### **Public**

Catharina-ziekenhuis

Michelangelolaan 2  
5623 EJ eindhoven  
Nederland

### **Scientific**

Catharina-ziekenhuis

Michelangelolaan 2  
5623 EJ eindhoven  
Nederland

## Trial sites

### Listed location countries

Netherlands

## Eligibility criteria

### Age

Adults (18-64 years)

Elderly (65 years and older)

### Inclusion criteria

Suffering from hidradenitis suppurativa. 18-45 years old. In case of oral medication/ anticonceptives: use of at least 6 months and intention to continue use during study.

### Exclusion criteria

- Oral medication for HS in last 2 months
- In menopause or postmenopausal
- Intention to use anticonceptives
- Previous external or oral use of isotretinoin in last 6 months
- Oral/ local anti-inflammatory medication during the last 4 weeks
- Epilepsy
- Pregnancy, breastfeeding, intention to conceive
- Photosensitivity
- Use of photosensitive medication
- treatment for cancer in the past, history of skin cancer, presence of premalignant lesions
- Use of anticoagulants, suffering from a clotting-disease.
- Surgical operations in the treatment areas in the past 6 months
- recently had PDT for HS
- Recent tanning or planning to

## Study design

## Design

Study type:	Interventional
Intervention model:	Parallel
Allocation:	Randomized controlled trial
Masking:	Single blinded (masking used)

**Primary purpose:** Treatment

## Recruitment

NL	
Recruitment status:	Recruitment stopped
Start date (anticipated):	01-11-2007
Enrollment:	11
Type:	Actual

## Ethics review

Approved WMO	
Date:	30-10-2007
Application type:	First submission
Review commission:	MEC-U: Medical Research Ethics Committees United (Nieuwegein)

## Study registrations

### Followed up by the following (possibly more current) registration

No registrations found.

### Other (possibly less up-to-date) registrations in this register

No registrations found.

## In other registers

### Register

CCMO

### ID

NL19440.060.07