

An open-label, randomised, comparative, multi-centre study of the immunogenicity and safety of a 1-dose regimen and different 2-dose regimens of a Zoster vaccine (Live), ZOSTAVAX, in subjects \geq 70 years of age

Published: 06-08-2007

Last updated: 10-05-2024

Primary objectives Immunogenicity To demonstrate that a second dose of ZOSTAVAX® elicits higher varicella-zoster virus (VZV) antibody titres than a first dose of ZOSTAVAX® whether given as a 0-1 month schedule or as a 0-3 month schedule in subjects...

| | |
|------------------------------|----------------------------|
| Ethical review | Approved WMO |
| Status | Recruitment stopped |
| Health condition type | Viral infectious disorders |
| Study type | Interventional |

Summary

ID

NL-OMON31421

Source

ToetsingOnline

Brief title

Zostavax-study

Condition

- Viral infectious disorders

Synonym

Herpes Zoster, Shingles

Research involving

Human

Sponsors and support

Primary sponsor: Sanofi Pasteur MSD S.N.C.

Source(s) of monetary or material Support: Sanofi Pasteur MSD

Intervention

Keyword: immunogenicity, Open-label, safety, Zoster vaccin

Outcome measures

Primary outcome

Primary objectives

Immunogenicity

To demonstrate that a second dose of ZOSTAVAX® elicits higher varicella-zoster virus (VZV) antibody titres than a first dose of ZOSTAVAX® whether given as a 0-1 month schedule or as a 0-3 month schedule in subjects ≥ 70 years of age as measured at 4 weeks post-vaccination

Secondary outcome

Secondary Objectives

Immunogenicity

- To summarise the VZV antibody titres 4 weeks post-vaccination after a 1-dose regimen and 4 weeks post-vaccination after each dose of each 2-dose regimen of ZOSTAVAX® administered to subjects ≥ 70 years of age
- To compare the VZV antibody titres at 12 months after completion of a 1-dose regimen with the VZV antibody titres at 12 months after completion of each 2-dose regimen of ZOSTAVAX® administered to subjects ≥ 70 years of age
- To summarise the VZV antibody titres annually at 24 and 36 months after

completion of a 1-dose regimen and at 24 and 36 months after completion of each 2-dose regimen of ZOSTAVAX® administered to subjects ≥ 70 years of age

Safety

- To assess the safety profile of a 1-dose regimen and the safety profile of each 2-dose regimen of ZOSTAVAX® administered to subjects ≥ 70 years of age

Study description

Background summary

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Study objective

Primary objectives

Immunogenicity

To demonstrate that a second dose of ZOSTAVAX® elicits higher varicella-zoster virus (VZV) antibody titres than a first dose of ZOSTAVAX® whether given as a 0-1 month schedule or as a 0-3 month schedule in subjects ≥ 70 years of age as measured at 4 weeks post-vaccination

Secondary Objectives

Immunogenicity

- To summarise the VZV antibody titres 4 weeks post-vaccination after a 1-dose regimen and 4 weeks post-vaccination after each dose of each 2-dose regimen of ZOSTAVAX® administered to subjects ≥ 70 years of age
- To compare the VZV antibody titres at 12 months after completion of a 1-dose regimen with the VZV antibody titres at 12 months after completion of each 2-dose regimen of ZOSTAVAX® administered to subjects ≥ 70 years of age
- To summarise the VZV antibody titres annually at 24 and 36 months after completion of a 1-dose regimen and at 24 and 36 months after completion of each 2-dose regimen of ZOSTAVAX® administered to subjects ≥ 70 years of age

Safety

- To assess the safety profile of a 1-dose regimen and the safety profile of each 2-dose regimen of ZOSTAVAX® administered to subjects ≥ 70 years of age

Study design

This is an open-label, randomised, comparative, multi-centre study with 3

groups

Intervention

Randomisation will be done using a 1:1:1 ratio in 3 groups as follows:

Group 1: ZOSTAVAX® at Day 0 only

Group 2: ZOSTAVAX® at Day 0 and Month 1 (Day 28 to Day 35)

Group 3: ZOSTAVAX® at Day 0 and Month 3 (Day 82 to Day 98)

Study burden and risks

According to the clinical development programme of Zostavax®, some very common adverse events, i.e. occurrence equal or greater to 1 case in 10 administrations, are erythema, pain/tenderness and swelling at injection site.

Other events occurring for more than 1 case in 100 administrations but less than 1 case in 10 administrations are haematoma, itching (i.e. pruritus), warmth at injection site and headache.

As with any vaccination, there is a rare possibility of an allergic reaction. This may cause a severe narrowing of the air passages and breathing difficulties.

Additionally, taking blood samples may be associated with some inconveniences, such as slight pain and bruises from needle punctures.

Contacts

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Trial sites

Listed location countries

Netherlands

Eligibility criteria

Age

Adults (18-64 years)

Elderly (65 years and older)

Inclusion criteria

70 years or older, varicella history-positive or residence for > 30 years in a country with endemic VZV infection

Exclusion criteria

Febrile within the last 72 hours before vaccination, history of hypersensitivity/anaphylactoid reaction to ZOSTAVAX components including gelatine or neomycin, prior herpes-zoster episode clinically diagnosed by a physician

Study design

Design

| | |
|---------------------|-----------------------------|
| Study phase: | 3 |
| Study type: | Interventional |
| Intervention model: | Parallel |
| Allocation: | Randomized controlled trial |
| Masking: | Open (masking not used) |
| Control: | Active |
| Primary purpose: | Prevention |

Recruitment

NL
Recruitment status: Recruitment stopped
Start date (anticipated): 03-12-2007
Enrollment: 150
Type: Actual

Ethics review

Approved WMO
Date: 06-08-2007
Application type: First submission
Review commission: CCMO: Centrale Commissie Mensgebonden Onderzoek (Den Haag)

Approved WMO
Date: 08-08-2007
Application type: First submission
Review commission: CCMO: Centrale Commissie Mensgebonden Onderzoek (Den Haag)

Approved WMO
Date: 18-02-2008
Application type: Amendment
Review commission: CCMO: Centrale Commissie Mensgebonden Onderzoek (Den Haag)

Approved WMO
Date: 29-06-2009
Application type: Amendment
Review commission: CCMO: Centrale Commissie Mensgebonden Onderzoek (Den Haag)

Approved WMO
Date: 27-07-2009
Application type: Amendment
Review commission: CCMO: Centrale Commissie Mensgebonden Onderzoek (Den Haag)

Study registrations

Followed up by the following (possibly more current) registration

No registrations found.

Other (possibly less up-to-date) registrations in this register

No registrations found.

In other registers

| Register | ID |
|----------|------------------------|
| EudraCT | EUCTR2007-000744-28-NL |
| CCMO | NL18285.000.07 |