Positron Emission Tomography for detection of histologic transformation of indolent non-Hodgkin*s lymphoma: a pilot study

Published: 24-09-2008 Last updated: 06-05-2024

The aim of this pilot study is to investigate which PET tracer (FDG or FLT) is best suited for early PET diagnosis of transformation in patients with low grade NHL

Ethical review Approved WMO **Status** Recruiting

Health condition type Lymphomas non-Hodgkin's B-cell

Study type Observational invasive

Summary

ID

NL-OMON32557

Source

ToetsingOnline

Brief title

PET scan and histologic transformation of indolent NHL

Condition

Lymphomas non-Hodgkin's B-cell

Synonym

follicular lymphoma, low grade lymphoma

Research involving

Human

Sponsors and support

Primary sponsor: Vrije Universiteit Medisch Centrum

Source(s) of monetary or material Support: Ministerie van OC&W

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Intervention

Keyword: histologic transformation, indolent non-Hodgkin's lymphoma, PET

Outcome measures

Primary outcome

1. detection rate (number of true positive PET lesions for either tracer, using

CT as reference test)

2. relative tracer uptake (SUV) for either tracer (lesion by lesion analysis,

lesion with highest uptake of FDG or FLT)

3. lowest and highest SUV for either tracer within one patient.

Secondary outcome

not applicable.

Study description

Background summary

The survival of patients with histological transformation might be better as treatment is started when there is still limited disease (2), creating a need for a non-invasive technique to diagnose the process of transformation early. PET scanning can be this technique, but it is not clear yet, which PET tracer; FDG or FLT, can distinguish better between indolent and transformed lymphoma. The tracer that distinguishes best could then be used in a follow-up study to analyze whether increasing uptake of the tracer in the same patient indicates histologic transformation.

Study objective

The aim of this pilot study is to investigate which PET tracer (FDG or FLT) is best suited for early PET diagnosis of transformation in patients with low grade NHL

Study design

The design of the study is a pilot study with patients with newly diagnosed

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follicular lymphoma or histologic transformation. In each patient a PET scan will be made with both FDG and FLT as a tracer. It is a prospective observational study using head-to-head comparison of FLT and FDG in consecutive eligible patients with follicular and transformed lymphoma. Considering the small series in literature we expect that after including 17 patients in each group (follicular/transformed) we can determine which PET tracer is best in distinguishing indolent from transformed lymphoma.

Study burden and risks

PET-CT: 1,2+3,5+3,5=8,2 mSv for both scans including CT. PET scans will be performed minimally 1 day, maximally 7 days apart, in random order.

Contacts

Public

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Trial sites

Listed location countries

Netherlands

Eligibility criteria

Age

Adults (18-64 years) Elderly (65 years and older)

Inclusion criteria

Inclusion criteria

- 1. Patients with newly diagnosed follicular lymphoma or newly diagnosed histological transformation of follicular lymphoma proven by histological examination.
- 2. Ann Arbor stage at diagnosis: II, III or IV.
- 3. at least one lesion > 2 cm diameter
- 4. After the diagnosis and before performing both PET scans they have not received any treatment.
- 5. Ability to remain supine for 60 min. (PET)
- 6. Written informed consent.

Exclusion criteria

Exclusion criteria

- 1. Uncontrolled diabetes mellitus.
- 2. Physical inability to access PET facilities.

Study design

Design

Study type: Observational invasive

Masking: Open (masking not used)

Control: Uncontrolled

Primary purpose: Diagnostic

Recruitment

NL

Recruitment status: Recruiting
Start date (anticipated): 27-11-2008

Enrollment: 34

Type: Actual

Ethics review

Approved WMO

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Date: 24-09-2008

Application type: First submission

Review commission: METC Amsterdam UMC

Study registrations

Followed up by the following (possibly more current) registration

No registrations found.

Other (possibly less up-to-date) registrations in this register

No registrations found.

In other registers

Register ID

CCMO NL24544.029.08