The diabetic hypo-alert dog: a added value to the patient with hypoglycemia-unawareness?

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To evaluate the accuracy of trained hypo-alert dogs and to evaluate the quality of life of

patients with such a dog.

Ethical reviewApproved WMOStatusRecruitment stoppedHealth condition typeDiabetic complicationsStudy typeObservational invasive

Summary

ID

NL-OMON32612

Source

ToetsingOnline

Brief title

The diabetic hypo-alert dog

Condition

• Diabetic complications

Synonym

hypoglycemia unawareness, hypo-unawareness

Research involving

Human

Sponsors and support

Primary sponsor: Medisch Centrum Leeuwarden

Source(s) of monetary or material Support: bijdrage uit Wetenschapsfonds ziekenhuis

MCL

Intervention

Keyword: cgm, dog, hypoglycemia, unawareness

Outcome measures

Primary outcome

percentage of adequately alerted hypoglycemias by the dog during the

observation periods

Secondary outcome

quality of life

Study description

Background summary

hypoglycemia unawareness is a serious problem in more than 25 percent of patients with longstanding diabetes type 1. Until now there are no solutions for this problem. A dog is able to sense hypoglycemia in his master and can be trained to alert his master. A observation with one patient has proven that this concept can work.

Study objective

To evaluate the accuracy of trained hypo-alert dogs and to evaluate the quality of life of patients with such a dog.

Study design

8 patients who will betrained with a hypo-alert dog will be tested with contineous glucose monitoring for 3 days, before, during and after the training. Data from the cgm, which will be blinded during the study period will be correlated to the reaction of the dog and the self measured blood glucose values of the patients. Questionaries concerning hypo-fear and quality of life will be filled by the patients before, during and after the training period

Study burden and risks

CGM will be some kind of burden for the patients, while having to wear a sensor

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for three days at a row and inserting a subcutaneous needle. No clear risks are involved

Contacts

Public

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Scientific

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Trial sites

Listed location countries

Netherlands

Eligibility criteria

Age

Adults (18-64 years) Elderly (65 years and older)

Inclusion criteria

diabetic patients older than 18 years with hypoglycemia unawareness

Exclusion criteria

psychiatric problems

Study design

Design

Study type: Observational invasive

Masking: Open (masking not used)

Control: Uncontrolled Primary purpose: Prevention

Recruitment

NL

Recruitment status: Recruitment stopped

Start date (anticipated): 01-09-2010

Enrollment: 8

Type: Actual

Ethics review

Approved WMO

Date: 09-02-2010

Application type: First submission

Review commission: RTPO, Regionale Toetsingscie Patientgebonden Onderzoek

(Leeuwarden)

Study registrations

Followed up by the following (possibly more current) registration

No registrations found.

Other (possibly less up-to-date) registrations in this register

No registrations found.

In other registers

Register ID

CCMO NL30622.099.09