# Pilot studies for investigation of congruency and pleasantness of aromatest product combinations for use in future studies.

Published: 16-02-2009 Last updated: 05-05-2024

We will perform pilot studies for three different experiments:A) Finding two congruent combinations of aroma and base products that are either associated with high energy dense products or low energy dense products, which we can use in the SenSation...

Ethical review Approved WMO

**Status** Recruitment stopped

Health condition type Other condition

**Study type** Observational invasive

## **Summary**

#### ID

NL-OMON32709

#### **Source**

ToetsingOnline

#### **Brief title**

**PilotsSS** 

#### Condition

• Other condition

#### Synonym

overgewicht, zwaarlijvigheid

## **Health condition**

etiologie van obesitas

## Research involving

## **Sponsors and support**

**Primary sponsor:** Wageningen Universiteit

Source(s) of monetary or material Support: NWO-STW, Campina, CSM, Friesland

Nutrition, Numico, Unilever

#### Intervention

**Keyword:** complexity, congruency, intensity, pleasantness

#### **Outcome measures**

## **Primary outcome**

Congruency, liking, intensity, complexity, fillingness and perceived

association with energy density

## **Secondary outcome**

not applicable

# **Study description**

## **Background summary**

It is commonly known that the problems concerning obesity and overconsumption are increasing. Highly satiating products that induce an early meal termination might be one of the solutions against obesity. In future studies (e.g. the study SenSation of which the protocol is also handed in in oktober 2008) we want to get more insight in the relationship between several characteristics of aroma and ad libitum intake.

Before we can perform these studies we need to do some smaller scale experiments (pilot studies), to help making the decisions for the right stimuli. This choice of stimuli is very complicated (but important) and there are many criteria that the aroma\*s and the test products need to meet before the larger studies can be a success.

The larger studies will give a better understanding of the influence of aroma on satiation and food intake of healthy women.

## Study objective

We will perform pilot studies for three different experiments:

A) Finding two congruent combinations of aroma and base products that are either associated with high energy dense products or low energy dense products, which we can use in the SenSation study.

For the SenSation study we need a base products that has to combine well with two different aromas (one that is associated with high energy dense products and one associated with low energy dense products). The aromas need to be equal in liking.

- B) Finding an aroma that is equal in quality and liking at different intensities.
- C) Getting more insight in what consumers perceive as aroma complexity.

## Study design

12 participants are recruited to participate in these pilot studies. They are asked to visit the test location 4 times during lunch time.

Every test day the participants are asked to evaluate 12 test products, offered in blocks of 3 products. In between they have 10 minutes to rest.

A suction catheter will be inserted in their nose, through which they will receive aroma during the tasting of the test products. Every 30 seconds a new sip of test product will be pumped into their mouth by a peristatic pump. During the testing they will receive instructions via a computer screen, telling them when the soup will flow into their mouth, when they have to swallow and when to fill in questions.

Depending on the test day they are asked to fill in several questions about the test product (e.g. pleasantness, congruency, intensity or complexity). At the end of the session they will be asked to fill in an evaluation form.

In total 48 combinations of base products and aroma's will be evaluated by every participant. The conditions are randomised per day across all subjects in a full factorial design.

## Study burden and risks

The study is non-therapeutic to the participant. This risk associated with participation is negligble. Compared to other studies the burden can be considered medium because of the invasive suction catheter and nose spray that could result in stress and a running nose. A minor risk of the insertation of the suction catheter to the nasal cavitity is nose bleed.

## **Contacts**

#### **Public**

Wageningen Universiteit

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## **Trial sites**

## **Listed location countries**

Netherlands

# **Eligibility criteria**

## Age

Adults (18-64 years) Elderly (65 years and older)

## Inclusion criteria

participant of Soupa study healthy

## **Exclusion criteria**

pregnant followed a diet during past 2 months

# Study design

## **Design**

Study type: Observational invasive

Masking: Open (masking not used)

Control: Uncontrolled

Primary purpose: Other

## Recruitment

NL

Recruitment status: Recruitment stopped

Start date (anticipated): 06-02-2009

Enrollment: 12

Type: Actual

## **Ethics review**

Approved WMO

Date: 16-02-2009

Application type: First submission

Review commission: METC Wageningen Universiteit (Wageningen)

## **Study registrations**

## Followed up by the following (possibly more current) registration

No registrations found.

## Other (possibly less up-to-date) registrations in this register

No registrations found.

## In other registers

Register ID

CCMO NL25483.081.08