# Occipital alpha lateralization during a visual directed attention task in adults with ADHD as compared with typically developed adults and adults with an autism spectrum disorder.

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The main objective of this project will be to increase our knowledge of the neuronal basis of attentional problems in neurodevelopmental disorders, espacially ADHD and autism spectrum disorders (ASD). Our findings will contribute to the development of...

**Ethical review** Approved WMO **Status** Recruiting

**Health condition type** Developmental disorders NEC **Study type** Observational non invasive

# Summary

#### ID

NL-OMON32770

#### Source

**ToetsingOnline** 

#### **Brief title**

Alpha-lateralization in ADHD

#### Condition

Developmental disorders NEC

### **Synonym**

attentiondeficit/hyperactivity disorder; ADHD

## Research involving

Human

## **Sponsors and support**

**Primary sponsor:** Universitair Medisch Centrum Sint Radboud

Source(s) of monetary or material Support: Ministerie van OC&W

### Intervention

Keyword: ADHD, Alpha, Attention

### **Outcome measures**

#### **Primary outcome**

Alpha-lateralization index

## **Secondary outcome**

Not applicable.

# **Study description**

## **Background summary**

Attentiondeficit/hyperactivity disorder has a high prevalence world-wide. The neuronal substrate for this disorder is not clear. Alpha oscillation have been shown to play an important part in directing attention. Although study show aberent alpha oscillations in patients with ADHD, this finding has not been related to attention function yet. With magneto-encephalography (MEG) methods alpha-lateralization during attention tasks can be observed. Using these methods we can study alpha oscillations during an attention task in patients with ADHD. Because attentionproblems are also commen in other psychiatric disorders, it is relevant to investigate how specific our findings are to ADHD. Therefore patients with autism spectrum disorder, a neurodevelopmental disorder that is also characterized by attentionproblems, will be studied aswell.

## Study objective

The main objective of this project will be to increase our knowledge of the neuronal basis of attentionalproblems in neurodevelopmental disorders, espacially ADHD and autism spectrum disorders (ASD). Our findings will contribute to the development of beter diagnistic and intervention methods in the future.

#### Study design

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Alpha activity will be measured during a directed attention task using magneto-encephalography. Alpha-lateralization will be calculated and compared between groups.

## Study burden and risks

The MEG measurements will take approxemately 60 minutes in total, a practice session included. Questionairs will take 30 minutes. Particepants will invest a total of 2 hours of their time. The proposed study includes brain imaging procedures that are no burden to subject and have already been applied to a very large scale in normal subjects and in subjects with various conditions (including ADHD and ASD), without side-effects or unwanted effects.

# **Contacts**

#### **Public**

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#### Scientific

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# **Trial sites**

## **Listed location countries**

**Netherlands** 

# **Eligibility criteria**

#### Age

Adults (18-64 years) Elderly (65 years and older)

## Inclusion criteria

For all groups inclusion criteria will be: (1) Age between 20 and 40 years old. (2) Estimated IQ above 80. In the ADHD group subjects should be diagnosed with ADHD, combined type, based on psychiatric consultation and meet DSM criteria for ADHD as specified in DSM-IV and have a clinical score on the Conners\* Rating Scale Revised (CRS-R). In the ASD group subjects should be diagnosed with autism based on psychiatric consultation and meet DSM criteria for autistic disorder or Aspergers Syndrome as specified in DSM-IV and have a clinical score on the autism diagnostic interview revised (ADI-R).

## **Exclusion criteria**

For all groups exclusion criteria will be: (1) (Co-morbid) psychiatric or neurological disorders. (2) The use of psychotropic medication except for psychostimulants (methylphenidate). Symptomatology should tolerate temporal seizure of psychostimulant-use (see \*ethical considerations\* in researchprotocol).

# Study design

# **Design**

Study type: Observational non invasive

Masking: Open (masking not used)

Control: Uncontrolled

Primary purpose: Other

## Recruitment

NL

Recruitment status: Recruiting

Start date (anticipated): 16-12-2009

Enrollment: 60

Type: Actual

# **Ethics review**

Approved WMO

Date: 25-11-2009

Application type: First submission

Review commission: CMO regio Arnhem-Nijmegen (Nijmegen)

# **Study registrations**

# Followed up by the following (possibly more current) registration

No registrations found.

# Other (possibly less up-to-date) registrations in this register

No registrations found.

# In other registers

Register ID

CCMO NL29906.091.09