# **Dietary fiber and satiation**

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To determine the effect of different types of isolated dietary fiber on ad libitum food intake in

healthy human subjects.

Ethical reviewApproved WMOStatusRecruitment stoppedHealth condition typeOther conditionStudy typeInterventional

## **Summary**

### ID

NL-OMON33482

Source

ToetsingOnline

**Brief title** 

Dietary fiber and satiation

## **Condition**

Other condition

### **Synonym**

meal termination, satiation

**Health condition** 

verzadiging

## **Research involving**

Human

## **Sponsors and support**

**Primary sponsor:** Wageningen Universiteit

Source(s) of monetary or material Support: Ministerie van OC&W

### Intervention

**Keyword:** Dietary fibers, Eating rate, Meal termination, Satiation

## **Outcome measures**

## **Primary outcome**

The difference in the ad libitum intake of the different test products.

## **Secondary outcome**

To study the eating rate of the testing products.

To study a difference in palatability of the testing products.

To study a difference in satiety parameters between the testing products.

To study a difference in cognitive awareness after eating the testing products.

# **Study description**

### **Background summary**

It has been suggested that dietary fibers can affect food intake and satiation. Satiation, or meal termination, can be induced by sensory properties and energy density of fiber-rich food products, but also by the chemical/physical/rheological behavior of the fibers in the stomach and/or intestine. It is not clear which properties are the key regulators of satiation by fiber sources . There are many types of dietary fiber, which have diverse sensory and chemical properties, thus these might have different effects on satiation.

### Study objective

To determine the effect of different types of isolated dietary fiber on ad libitum food intake in healthy human subjects.

## Study design

Six test foods with different types and amounts of dietary fiber will be offered ad libitum in a randomized crossover trial. To mimic a real life setting, the foods will be offered in randomized order to each subject during

six separate test days in a cinema-setting.

#### Intervention

Per test session, subjects will receive a surplus of the test food, which they consume until pleasantly satisfied. Before ad libitum consumption, subjects\* individual satiety state will be standardized by means of a preload. The test foods are cookies and will be baked by a local bakery. The cookies will have equal ingredient composition, except for the added fibers, and the cookies will be equal in palatability.

## Study burden and risks

The intervention is non-therapeutic to the participant. The risk associated with participation is negligible and the burden can be considered as low. Subjects have to come to the research centre once for a screening visit during which several questionnaires are filled out and anthropometrics are measured. Next, subjects have to come to the cinema 6 times, during which they have to fill out several questionnaires and have to consume a test food until pleasantly satisfied. All ingredients of the cookies, including the isolated fibers are suitable for human consumption.

## **Contacts**

#### **Public**

Wageningen Universiteit

Bomenweg 4 6703 HD Wageningen Nederland **Scientific** 

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# **Trial sites**

## **Listed location countries**

**Netherlands** 

# **Eligibility criteria**

### Age

Adults (18-64 years) Elderly (65 years and older)

## Inclusion criteria

Age: 18-50 year BMI: 18-25 kg/m2

Healthy: as judged by the participant

Hypersensitivity for one of the fibers

## **Exclusion criteria**

Weight loss or weight gain of more than 5 kg during the last 2 months
Using an energy restricted diet during the last 2 months
Lack of appetite for any (unknown) reason
Having problems with chewing and swallowing
Having problems with digestion (irritable bowel syndrome)
Restrained eater
Hypersensitivity for gluten or other ingredients of chocolate cookies

# Study design

## **Design**

Study type: Interventional

Intervention model: Crossover

Allocation: Randomized controlled trial

Masking: Single blinded (masking used)

Control: Active

Primary purpose: Treatment

## Recruitment

NL

Recruitment status: Recruitment stopped

4 - Dietary fiber and satiation 6-05-2025

Start date (anticipated): 28-05-2009

Enrollment: 120

Type: Actual

# **Ethics review**

Approved WMO

Date: 27-05-2009

Application type: First submission

Review commission: METC Wageningen Universiteit (Wageningen)

# **Study registrations**

## Followed up by the following (possibly more current) registration

No registrations found.

## Other (possibly less up-to-date) registrations in this register

No registrations found.

## In other registers

Register ID

CCMO NL26703.081.09