# improved indentification of DBS targets using 7 Tesla MR imaging

Published: 23-10-2009 Last updated: 06-05-2024

To asses if the MRI 7 Tesla scanner provides better imaging of the DBS targets and therefore can improve planning for stereotactic surgery.

Ethical review	Approved WMO
Status	Recruitment stopped
Health condition type	Other condition
Study type	Observational non invasive

# **Summary**

## ID

NL-OMON33610

**Source** ToetsingOnline

**Brief title** DBS targets at 7 Tesla

## Condition

• Other condition

Synonym movement disorders

Health condition

bewegingsstoornissen

**Research involving** Human

## **Sponsors and support**

Primary sponsor: Universitair Medisch Centrum Groningen Source(s) of monetary or material Support: Ministerie van OC&W

1 - improved indentification of DBS targets using 7 Tesla MR imaging 14-05-2025

## Intervention

Keyword: 7 Tesla, DBS, identification, targeting

#### **Outcome measures**

#### **Primary outcome**

better MR imaging of the DBS targets (STN,VIM,ZI,Gpi and PPN). Study

parameters: signal to noise ratio, resolution, contrast and scantime

#### Secondary outcome

nvt

# **Study description**

#### **Background summary**

Stereotactic surgery is a well established treatment in patients with movement disorders (MD). Its success is highly dependent on the accuracy of the preoperative target planning, therefore the target(s) have to be clearly identified. We make a qualitative comparison between the 7 Tesla MRI scanner in Utrecht and the currently used 1.5 and 3 Tesla MRI scanners in Groningen. We expect that the Deep Brain Stimulation (DBS) targets on the 7 Tesla MR images will be more clearly defined. Furthermore we expect that the images will give information of the position of the Pendunculopontine nucleus, currently not clearly identifiable from surrounding structures.

This study will assess the future role of the MRI 7 Tesla in Stereotactic Surgery.

Subjects will undergo three MRI sessions. The total time spent will be around four hours.

#### **Study objective**

To asses if the MRI 7 Tesla scanner provides better imaging of the DBS targets and therefore can improve planning for stereotactic surgery.

#### Study design

Qualitative comparison study of DBS targets.

#### Study burden and risks

There is no risk associated with this purely MRI research.

# Contacts

#### Public

Universitair Medisch Centrum Groningen

hanzeplein 1 9700 rb Nederland **Scientific** Universitair Medisch Centrum Groningen

hanzeplein 1 9700 rb Nederland

# **Trial sites**

## **Listed location countries**

Netherlands

# **Eligibility criteria**

Age Adults (18-64 years) Elderly (65 years and older)

#### **Inclusion criteria**

Healthy subjects: - No known illness or disease and passing MRI inclusion criteria.;MD group: - Diagnosed movements disorder and passing inclusion criteria for DBS and MRI.

### **Exclusion criteria**

#### All

- younger than 18 years of age
- presence of metal objects in the body.
- known brain anomalies
- claustrophobia

# Study design

## Design

Study type: Observational non invasive	
Masking:	Open (masking not used)
Control:	Uncontrolled
Primary purpose:	Diagnostic

## Recruitment

NL	
Recruitment status:	Recruitment stopped
Start date (anticipated):	22-07-2019
Enrollment:	10
Туре:	Actual

# **Ethics review**

Approved WMO	
Application type:	First submission
Review commission:	METC Universitair Medisch Centrum Groningen (Groningen)

# **Study registrations**

# Followed up by the following (possibly more current) registration

No registrations found.

# Other (possibly less up-to-date) registrations in this register

No registrations found.

## In other registers

Register

ССМО

ID NL25023.042.08