Spatiotemporal properties of the flexion/extension movements of the cervical spine in patients with a chronic whiplash associated disorder and healthy controls

Published: 23-09-2009 Last updated: 11-05-2024

This study aims to investigate differences in spatiotemporal properties of the active movements in of the cervical spine in the sagittal plane in chronic WAD patients and healthy controls.

Ethical review Approved WMO **Status** Recruiting

Health condition typeStudy type
Bone and joint injuries
Observational non invasive

Summary

ID

NL-OMON34020

Source

ToetsingOnline

Brief title

cervical movement in patients with a chronic whiplash associated disorder

Condition

Bone and joint injuries

Synonym

chronic whiplash syndrome, whiplash injuries

Research involving

Human

Sponsors and support

Primary sponsor: Heliomare

Source(s) of monetary or material Support: Ministerie van OC&W

Intervention

Keyword: spatiotemporal properties, whiplash associated disorders

Outcome measures

Primary outcome

Primary study parameter is the amount of directional changes in movement

acceleration of the head during four flexion/extension sequences.

Secondary outcome

The secondary parameter is the outcome on the TAMPA Scale for Kinesiophobia.

Study description

Background summary

Although widely accepted in physiotherapy practice there is a dearth of evidence indicating that aberrant movement of the cervical spine is a clinical feature in chronic whiplash patients.

Study objective

This study aims to investigate differences in spatiotemporal properties of the active movements in of the cervical spine in the sagittal plane in chronic WAD patients and healthy controls.

Study design

A comparative observational study.

Study burden and risks

No extra risks are associated with participation.

Contacts

Public

Heliomare

relweg 51 1949 EC Wijk aan Zee Nederland **Scientific** Heliomare

relweg 51 1949 EC Wijk aan Zee Nederland

Trial sites

Listed location countries

Netherlands

Eligibility criteria

Age

Adults (18-64 years) Elderly (65 years and older)

Inclusion criteria

Patients witch a chronic (> 12 weeks but less than one year)) whiplash associated disorder type 2,3 (according to the Querbec Task Force classification on whiplash associated disorders) and a total score of 7 or more on the Neck Disability Index questionnaire. Healthy controls aged 18-65 years without neckpain 3 months prior to the study.

Exclusion criteria

Serious spinal pathology and any condition, apart from the whiplash associated disorder, likely to affect active movements of the cervical spine. Healthy controls are excluded when they experienced any neck trauma.

Study design

Design

Study type: Observational non invasive

Intervention model: Other

Allocation: Non-randomized controlled trial

Masking: Open (masking not used)

Control: Active

Primary purpose: Diagnostic

Recruitment

NL

Recruitment status: Recruiting
Start date (anticipated): 01-03-2010

Enrollment: 42

Type: Actual

Ethics review

Approved WMO

Date: 23-09-2009

Application type: First submission

Review commission: METC Amsterdam UMC

Study registrations

Followed up by the following (possibly more current) registration

No registrations found.

Other (possibly less up-to-date) registrations in this register

No registrations found.

In other registers

Register ID

CCMO NL23187.029.08