# The effect of cervical transcutaneous electrical neurostimulation on cerebral blood flow velocities, cerebral vasospasm and ischemic deficit in secondary cerebral vasospasm after subarachnoid haemorrhage

Published: 26-05-2010 Last updated: 03-05-2024

To find out if patients with secondary cerebral vasospasm after SAH can benefit from cervical TENS.

**Ethical review** Approved WMO **Status** Recruitment stopped

Health condition type Central nervous system vascular disorders

**Study type** Interventional

## **Summary**

#### ID

NL-OMON34128

#### Source

ToetsingOnline

#### **Brief title**

Cervical TENS in cerebral vasospasm

#### Condition

Central nervous system vascular disorders

#### **Synonym**

cerebral vasospasm, spasm of the vessels in the brain

#### Research involving

Human

### **Sponsors and support**

**Primary sponsor:** Universitair Medisch Centrum Groningen

Source(s) of monetary or material Support: Ministerie van OC&W

#### Intervention

**Keyword:** Cerebral vasospasm, Subarachnoid hemorrhage, Transcutaneous electrical neurostimulation

#### **Outcome measures**

#### **Primary outcome**

Cerebral bloodflowvelocities as measured by transcranial doppler sonography

#### **Secondary outcome**

Cerebral ischemia as seen on computed tomography scans

Cerebral oxygenationas measured by near-infrared spectroscopy

Bloodpressure and pulse.

Clinical outcome.

## **Study description**

#### **Background summary**

Transcutaneous electrical neurostimulation (TENS) has shown to reduce sympathetic tone. TENS is to be considered the cutaneous analogue of Spinal Cord Stimulation (SCS), which has proven to improve coronary, cerebral and peripheral bloodcirculation. In this line of thought TENS might be a useful adjunct in treatment of vasospasm in Subarachnoid Hemorrhage (SAH) patients. We want to perform a prospective longitudinal observational study in patients with secondary cerebral vasospasm after SAH.

#### Study objective

To find out if patients with secondary cerebral vasospasm after SAH can benefit from cervical TENS.

#### Study design

2 - The effect of cervical transcutaneous electrical neurostimulation on cerebral bl ... 13-05-2025

Pilot with prospective longitudinal observational design.

#### Intervention

Cervical TENS applied at different frequencies.

#### Study burden and risks

The only known risk of TENS is local cutaneous irritation. From clinical studies with cervical SCS it is known that there are no adverse systemic effects of cervical electrical neurostimulation. In a previous study we have shown that TENS can be safely applied. Possible benefit could be decrease of cerebral deficits.

## **Contacts**

#### **Public**

Universitair Medisch Centrum Groningen

Hanzeplein 1 9700 RB Groningen NL

#### **Scientific**

Universitair Medisch Centrum Groningen

Hanzeplein 1 9700 RB Groningen NL

## **Trial sites**

#### **Listed location countries**

**Netherlands** 

# **Eligibility criteria**

#### Age

Adults (18-64 years) Elderly (65 years and older)

3 - The effect of cervical transcutaneous electrical neurostimulation on cerebral bl ... 13-05-2025

#### Inclusion criteria

Confirmed aneurysmatic subarachnoid hemorrhage.

Cerebral vasospasm demonstrated by TCD, defined as a MCA/ICA ratio >3

Aneurysm is treated with a surgical or endovascular procedure.

Age > 18 years.

Treatment can be started promptly.

Informed consent signed by patient or family.

#### **Exclusion criteria**

History of cervical spine or skull-base surgery.

Known adverse reaction to TENS-pads.

The presence of any implanted electronic device (including pacemakers).

Pre-existing disease that can obscure follow-up.

Unacceptable interference with cardiographic registration (in case intensive care is necessary).

Insuficient temporal bony windows

# Study design

## **Design**

Study phase: 2

Study type: Interventional

Masking: Open (masking not used)

Control: Uncontrolled

Primary purpose: Treatment

#### Recruitment

NL

Recruitment status: Recruitment stopped

Start date (anticipated): 10-09-2010

Enrollment: 10

Type: Actual

## Medical products/devices used

Generic name: Transcutaneous electrical neurostimulation

Registration: Yes - CE intended use

## **Ethics review**

Approved WMO

Date: 26-05-2010

Application type: First submission

Review commission: METC Universitair Medisch Centrum Groningen (Groningen)

Approved WMO

Date: 08-07-2010

Application type: Amendment

Review commission: METC Universitair Medisch Centrum Groningen (Groningen)

# **Study registrations**

## Followed up by the following (possibly more current) registration

No registrations found.

## Other (possibly less up-to-date) registrations in this register

No registrations found.

## In other registers

Register ID

CCMO NL32001.042.10