

Colonization and infection of the respiratory tract by *Mycoplasma pneumoniae* in children

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Aims: 1. To optimize the diagnosis of *M. pneumoniae* infections by discriminating between colonization and symptomatic infection using quantitative PCR. 2. To study the role of host factors (age, and bacterial and viral co-infection) on infection by...

Ethical review	Approved WMO
Status	Recruiting
Health condition type	Respiratory tract infections
Study type	Observational invasive

Summary

ID

NL-OMON35170

Source

ToetsingOnline

Brief title

MymIC

Condition

- Respiratory tract infections

Synonym

common cold, Respiratory tract infection

Research involving

Human

Sponsors and support

Primary sponsor: Erasmus MC, Universitair Medisch Centrum Rotterdam

Source(s) of monetary or material Support: Ministerie van OC&W

Intervention

Keyword: children, colonization, Mycoplasma pneumoniae, respiratory tract infection

Outcome measures

Primary outcome

In this explorative study, M. pneumoniae will be quantified in nose- and throat swabs/aspirates of children aged 0-16 years with mild to severe symptoms of respiratory tract infection, and in a control group consisting of children without respiratory tract infection. The quantity of M. pneumoniae (in copies/ml or copies/swab) will be related to clinical disease in order to differentiate asymptomatic carriership from infection. To investigate the role of co-colonization or -infection, the presence of other bacteria or viruses in the respiratory tract will be analyzed as well. To study the age distribution in relation to M. pneumoniae infection, a precalculated number of patients of either < 5 or ≥ 5 years of age will be included. Genotyping of M. pneumoniae will be performed, and related to severity of disease and/or colonization. Prevalence of colonization and/or infection with M. pneumoniae will be calculated.

Secondary outcome

Not applicable

Study description

Background summary

Background: 150 million children/year suffer from pneumonia worldwide, and 20 million children have to be hospitalized for this reason. Up to 40% of

community-acquired pneumonias are caused by *Mycoplasma pneumoniae* and as many as 34% of cases requiring hospitalization in children. Studies using the recently introduced PCR suggest that *M. pneumoniae* frequently causes respiratory tract infections (RTI), not only in older children as previously thought, but also in children younger than 5 years. This is important because *M. pneumoniae* is not sensitive to the first choice β -lactam antibiotics. Moreover, it is unknown whether the detection of *M. pneumoniae* by PCR also confirms this pathogen as the cause of the infection. A limited number of studies suggest that an asymptomatic carrier state exists. Due to the shortcomings in diagnosis, knowledge on the role of different host and bacterial factors on progression to infection is very limited.

Hypothesis

M. pneumoniae is capable of asymptomatic colonization, which can be differentiated from infection by quantitative PCR. *M. pneumoniae* causes RTI*s in children younger than 5 years as frequently as in older children. The genetic background of *M. pneumoniae* strains as well as viral co-infections influence progression from colonization to infection.

Study objective

Aims:

1. To optimize the diagnosis of *M. pneumoniae* infections by discriminating between colonization and symptomatic infection using quantitative PCR.
2. To study the role of host factors (age, and bacterial and viral co-infection) on infection by *M. pneumoniae*.
3. To investigate the relationship between *M. pneumoniae* genotype and virulence.

Study design

Methods: In healthy children and children visiting the emergency department because of an RTI, clinical data, nasal and pharyngeal swab and nasal washing will be collected. Bacterial and viral causes of respiratory tract infections will be analyzed.

RTI by *M. pneumoniae* will be defined by RTI symptoms in combination with serology and/or culture positive for *M. pneumoniae*.

Study burden and risks

not applicable

Contacts

Public

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Scientific

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Trial sites

Listed location countries

Netherlands

Eligibility criteria

Age

Adolescents (12-15 years)
Adolescents (16-17 years)
Children (2-11 years)

Inclusion criteria

Group A

- Age: ≥ 3 months and ≤ 16 years
- Clinical signs and symptoms of community-acquired upper or lower respiratory tract infection (i.e. cough, rhinitis, sore throat, wheezing and fever).
- Written informed consent; Group B (control group)
- Age: ≥ 3 months and ≤ 16 years
- Written informed consent
- Healthy controls: absence for ≥ 1 week of clinical signs and symptoms of community-acquired upper or lower respiratory tract infection (i.e. cough, rhinitis, sore throat, wheezing and fever)

Exclusion criteria

Severe concomitant disease (chronic lung disease, neoplasia, liver or kidney disease,

immunodeficiency, cardiovascular disease, psychomotor impairment). Nosocomial infection. Use of antibiotics in the 48 hours that preceded enrollment or azithromycin within 1 week before enrollment

Study design

Design

Study type:	Observational invasive
Intervention model:	Other
Allocation:	Non-randomized controlled trial
Masking:	Open (masking not used)
Control:	Active
Primary purpose:	Diagnostic

Recruitment

NL	
Recruitment status:	Recruiting
Start date (anticipated):	25-06-2008
Enrollment:	1000
Type:	Actual

Ethics review

Approved WMO	
Date:	06-05-2008
Application type:	First submission
Review commission:	METC Erasmus MC, Universitair Medisch Centrum Rotterdam (Rotterdam)
Approved WMO	
Date:	10-07-2009
Application type:	Amendment
Review commission:	METC Erasmus MC, Universitair Medisch Centrum Rotterdam (Rotterdam)
Approved WMO	

Date:	22-09-2009
Application type:	Amendment
Review commission:	METC Erasmus MC, Universitair Medisch Centrum Rotterdam (Rotterdam)
Approved WMO	
Date:	01-07-2010
Application type:	Amendment
Review commission:	METC Erasmus MC, Universitair Medisch Centrum Rotterdam (Rotterdam)
Approved WMO	
Date:	07-12-2010
Application type:	Amendment
Review commission:	METC Erasmus MC, Universitair Medisch Centrum Rotterdam (Rotterdam)

Study registrations

Followed up by the following (possibly more current) registration

No registrations found.

Other (possibly less up-to-date) registrations in this register

No registrations found.

In other registers

Register	ID
CCMO	NL20418.078.08