

# Open-label phase I study to investigate the effect of multiple doses of tasquinimod on the single-dose pharmacodynamics and pharmacokinetics of warfarin in healthy subjects

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Primary: To assess the effect of multiple doses of tasquinimod on the single-dose pharmacodynamics (PD) of warfarin. Secondary: To assess the effect of multiple doses of tasquinimod on the single-dose pharmacokinetics (PK) of warfarin. To assess the...

<b>Ethical review</b>	Approved WMO
<b>Status</b>	Recruitment stopped
<b>Health condition type</b>	Miscellaneous and site unspecified neoplasms benign
<b>Study type</b>	Interventional

## Summary

### ID

NL-OMON35250

### Source

ToetsingOnline

### Brief title

Tasquinimod - Warfarin Interaction Study

### Condition

- Miscellaneous and site unspecified neoplasms benign
- Prostatic disorders (excl infections and inflammations)

### Synonym

prostate cancer

## Research involving

Human

## Sponsors and support

**Primary sponsor:** Active Biotech

**Source(s) of monetary or material Support:** sponsor van het onderzoek: Active Biotech

## Intervention

**Keyword:** Interaction, Prostate cancer, Tasquinimod, Warfarin

## Outcome measures

### Primary outcome

Pharmacodynamics: international normalised ratio (INR) values: area under the INR effect curve (AUEC) from time 0 to 144 h (AUEC0-144), baseline corrected AUEC (AUECcorr0-144), maximum INR value (INRmax), and maximum increase in INR

### Secondary outcome

Pharmacokinetics: maximum plasma concentration (Cmax), area under the concentration-time curve (AUC) from time 0 to time t (AUC0-t), and AUC from time 0 extrapolated to infinity (AUC0-inf) of R warfarin and S-warfarin

Safety: AEs, vital signs, 12-lead ECG, clinical laboratory, physical examination

## Study description

### Background summary

Tasquinimod is a new, investigational compound that may eventually be used for the treatment of prostate cancer. Warfarin is a drug for treatment and prevention of harmful blood clots and is likely to be a concomitant medication in patients with prostate cancer, This study is conducted to determine whether

tasquinimod may influence the pharmacokinetics and thereby also the effects of warfarin. This study is performed to learn more about the nature of this interaction to aid in the design of future studies.

## **Study objective**

Primary:

To assess the effect of multiple doses of tasquinimod on the single-dose pharmacodynamics (PD) of warfarin.

Secondary:

To assess the effect of multiple doses of tasquinimod on the single-dose pharmacokinetics (PK) of warfarin.

To assess the safety and tolerability of multiple doses of tasquinimod and single doses of warfarin.

## **Study design**

Design

This is an open-label, fixed-sequence crossover study in healthy volunteers.

Subjects will receive a single dose of warfarin alone on Day 1 of Period 1 followed by 7 days of assessment and washout. Subjects will then receive tasquinimod on Days 1 to 14 in Period 2 and a single dose of warfarin on Day 9. All subjects will receive the same treatment.

Treatments

All 15 subjects will be administered the following treatments in 2 study periods:

Period 1: a single oral dose of 25 mg warfarin on Day 1 followed by 7 days for assessment and washout

Period 2: multiple oral doses of 0.5 mg tasquinimod once daily on Days 1 to 14 and a single oral dose of 25 mg warfarin on Day 9

Procedures and assessments

Screening: medical history, demographic data (including body weight and height), clinical laboratory (including clinical chemistry, haematology, coagulation and urinalysis), alcohol and drug screen, pregnancy test (females only), hepatitis B surface antigen (HBsAg), anti-hepatitis C virus (HCV), and anti-human immunodeficiency virus (HIV) 1/2, vital signs (including supine systolic and diastolic blood pressure, pulse rate, respiratory rate and body temperature measured with an ear thermometer), 12-lead electrocardiogram (ECG), physical examination, adverse events (AEs) from the signing of the informed consent form (ICF), previous and concomitant medication; genotyping: for cytochrome P (CYP) 450 2C9

Follow-up: clinical laboratory (including clinical chemistry, haematology and urinalysis), vital signs (including supine systolic and diastolic blood pressure, pulse rate, respiratory rate and body temperature measured with an ear thermometer), 12-lead ECG, physical examination, pregnancy test (females only), AEs and concomitant medication

Each admission: drug and alcohol screen, pregnancy test (females only), AEs and concomitant medication

Observation period:

2 periods in the clinic

Period 1: from the afternoon on Day -1 until the morning of Day 3, daily outpatient visits through Day 7 (Day 7 of Period 1 is also Day -1 of Period 2)

Period 2: from the afternoon on Day -1 until the morning of Day 15 (a follow-up visit will occur 7 to 10 days after the Day 14 dose of tasquinimod)

Blood sampling:

for pharmacodynamics: samples for international normalised ratio (INR): 2 samples at least 10 min apart in the hour pre-dose (warfarin) and 8, 24, 36, 48, 72, 96, 120, and 144 h after warfarin doses on Day 1 of Period 1 and Day 9 of Period 2;

for pharmacokinetics of R-warfarin and S-warfarin in plasma: pre-dose and 1, 2, 4, 6, 8, 12, 24, 36, 48, 72, 96, 120 and 144 h after administration of warfarin on Day 1 of Period 1 and Day 9 of Period 2

for pharmacokinetics of tasquinimod in plasma: in Period 2, pre-dose (tasquinimod) on Days 1, 3, 5, 6 and 14 and, on Days 8 and 9, pre-dose and 2, 4, 8, 12, and 24 h after the tasquinimod doses (analysis optional; to be determined after treatment completion)

for genotyping of CYP2C9: once after start of dosing (preferably on Day 1)

Safety assessments:

AEs and concomitant medications: recorded from the time the ICF is signed until completion of the final visit; clinical laboratory (including clinical chemistry, haematology and urinalysis): screening, 4 h post-dose (warfarin) on Days 1 and 3 in Period 1, 4 h post-dose on Days 1, 3, 9, and 11 in Period 2, and at follow-up; vital signs (including supine systolic and diastolic blood pressure, pulse rate, respiratory rate and body temperature measured with an ear thermometer): at screening, once daily 2 to 4 h after any dosing on in clinic days, and at follow-up; 12 lead ECG: screening, 4 h post-dose (warfarin) on Days 1 and 3 in Period 1, 4 h post-dose on Days 1, 3, 9, and 11 in Period 2, and at follow-up; physical examination: at screening, Day 3 of Period 1, Day 10 of Period 2, and at follow-up

## **Intervention**

Study medication

Active substance: tasquinimod

Activity: anti-angiogenic  
Indication: not applicable  
Strength: 0.5 mg  
Dosage form: oral capsule

Active substance: warfarin  
Activity: anticoagulant  
Indication: not applicable  
Strength: 25 mg  
Dosage form: oral tablet

#### Treatment

All 15 subjects will be administered the following treatments in 2 study periods:

Period 1: a single oral dose of 25 mg warfarin on Day 1 followed by 7 days for assessment and washout

Period 2: multiple oral doses of 0.5 mg tasquinimod once daily on Days 1 to 14 and a single oral dose of 25 mg warfarin on Day 9

### **Study burden and risks**

#### Risks

##### Procedures:

pain, light bleeding, haematoma, possibly an infection

##### Medication:

Tasquinimod: muscle or joint pain, tiredness, dizziness and headache.

##### Warfarin:

The most prominent adverse effect of warfarin use is an increased risk of haemorrhage (bleeding).

## **Contacts**

### **Public**

Active Biotech

Scheelevägen 22

Lund

SE

### **Scientific**

Active Biotech

Scheelevägen 22

## Trial sites

### Listed location countries

Netherlands

## Eligibility criteria

### Age

Adults (18-64 years)

Elderly (65 years and older)

### Inclusion criteria

healthy male and female volunteers

age: 18-55 years, inclusive

BMI: 18.0-30.0 kg/m<sup>2</sup>, inclusive

### Exclusion criteria

- Suffering from hepatitis B, cancer or HIV/AIDS
- In case of participation in another drug study within 60 days before the start of this study
- In case of donation of more than 50 ml of blood within 60 days prior to drug administration
- Donation of more than 1.5 L of blood (for men) / more than 1.0 L of blood (for women) in the 10 months preceding the start of the study

## Study design

### Design

**Study type:** Interventional

Masking: Open (masking not used)

Control: Uncontrolled

Primary purpose: Treatment

## Recruitment

NL

Recruitment status: Recruitment stopped

Start date (anticipated): 01-11-2011

Enrollment: 15

Type: Actual

## Medical products/devices used

Product type: Medicine

Brand name: Coumardin

Generic name: warfarin

Product type: Medicine

Brand name: Tasquinimod

Generic name: not applicable

## Ethics review

Approved WMO

Date: 26-09-2011

Application type: First submission

Review commission: BEBO: Stichting Beoordeling Ethiek Bio-Medisch Onderzoek (Assen)

Approved WMO

Date: 07-10-2011

Application type: First submission

Review commission: BEBO: Stichting Beoordeling Ethiek Bio-Medisch Onderzoek (Assen)

## Study registrations

### Followed up by the following (possibly more current) registration

No registrations found.

## Other (possibly less up-to-date) registrations in this register

No registrations found.

## In other registers

Register	ID
EudraCT	EUCTR2011-004510-42-NL
CCMO	NL38032.056.11