Preconditioning in patients undergoing esophaguscardiaresection.

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The purpose of this research is to investigate the effect of early multimodal preconditioning for patients who will undergo esophaguscardiaresection will lead to improvement of cardiorespiratory fitness, nutritional status and quality of life. This...

Ethical review	Approved WMO
Status	Recruitment stopped
Health condition type	Malignant and unspecified neoplasms gastrointestinal NEC
Study type	Interventional

Summary

ID

NL-OMON35645

Source ToetsingOnline

Brief title PC-OCR-II study

Condition

• Malignant and unspecified neoplasms gastrointestinal NEC

Synonym

esophageal carcinoma, esophagus cancer

Research involving Human

Sponsors and support

Primary sponsor: Atrium Medisch Centrum Source(s) of monetary or material Support: Ministerie van OC&W

Intervention

Keyword: esophageal carcinoma, esophaguscardiaresection, preconditioning, pre-operative

Outcome measures

Primary outcome

* Cardiorespiratory fitness: consisting of VO2 max measurement, spirometry

lungfunction and mouthpressure

- * Nutritional status
- o BMI
- o Weight
- o Muscleforce of the hand, triceps and quadriceps

o MUST score

- o Nutritional Risk Index and Instant Nutritional Assesment
- * Quality of Life measured with the EORTC QLQ-C30 and OES18 questionnaires

Secondary outcome

- * Postoperative complications
- * Length of hospital stay
- * Length of stay on intensive care unit
- * Mortality
- * Re-admission

Study description

Background summary

The incidence of esophageal cancer has strongly increased the last 15 year, from 5.4 to 9.5 per 100.000. The 5-year survival rate after curative therapy

seems to increase slowly from $\pm 15\%$ to $\pm 35\%$. The curative treatment of esophageal cancer consists of radical resection (esophagus cardia resection, OCR), preceded by neoadjuvant chemoradiation. Esophagus cardia resections are seen as low-volume, high-risk surgery. Cardiorespiratory fitness, muscleforce, nutritional status and quality of life are threatened in patients with esophageal carcinoma. Especially these aspects have an assumed negative effect on postoperative outcome measures like length of hospital stay, morbidity and mortality. It has recently been demonstrated that some of those aspects can generally be improved preoperative. This resulted in improvement of the postoperative outcome measurements.

Study objective

The purpose of this research is to investigate the effect of early multimodal preconditioning for patients who will undergo esophaguscardiaresection will lead to improvement of cardiorespiratory fitness, nutritional status and quality of life. This could come with improvement of postoperative morbidity and mortality.

Study design

This will be a RCT study where 38 patients will follow the preconditioning protocol compared to 38 patients who will receive the usual current care during the period from shortly after the diagnosis untill surgery.

Intervention

The interventiongroup will receive the next interventions: Nutrition:

Two weekly consults consisting of nutritional assessment, MUST score, measurement of energy and protein intake and BMI. If there is (a risk of) malnutrition, the patient will get an individualized nutrition plan, consisting of not only advice, but also strict nutritional support. During the treatment the objective is nutrition consisting of sufficient protein and energy values according to the CBO guidelines of perioperative nourishment.

Physical therapy:

Daily physical therapy for 15 minutes with an inspiratory threshold device at home. Supervised physical therapy two times a week for two hours preferably in the Atrium MC Heerlen. This physical therapy consists of training on the treadmill, hometrainer. Specific musclegroups will be trained with weights. This all to improve the patient's cardiorespiratory fitness.

The interventiongroup as well as the controllgroup will be subject to measurements three times during the preconditioning path. This will be done before and after neoadjuvant therapy and shortly before surgery. The lungfunction department will be involved by taking the spirometry tests including the mouthpressure. They will also do the VO2 max test. The physical therapist will measure weight, muscleforce of the hand, triceps and quadriceps using a grip strength dynamometer and microFET. Bloodsamples will be taken three times during the path. Additionally patients will have to fill in Quality of Life questionnaires and the MUST score (malnutrition) will be determined. Quality of Life will be determined also four weeks postoperative.

Study burden and risks

This research is aggravating for patients. Time investment needs to be made and it will take physical effort, depending on the group. Measurement of the VO2 max will be the most intensive test for patients. The Atrium MC has a centerfunction for Limburg, but not all patients live nearby. The traveldistance will cause extra effort for those living far from the Atrium MC. There are no known risks for this research, except for infection and bleeding after bloodsampling.

Contacts

Public Atrium Medisch Centrum

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Trial sites

Listed location countries

Netherlands

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Eligibility criteria

Age Adults (18-64 years) Elderly (65 years and older)

Inclusion criteria

Patients (> age 18) with esophageal, who will have resection after neoadjuvant therapy.

Exclusion criteria

Absence of a signed informed consent.

Study design

Design

Interventional
Parallel
Randomized controlled trial
Open (masking not used)

Primary purpose: Treatment

Recruitment

NL	
Recruitment status:	Recruitment stopped
Start date (anticipated):	01-02-2012
Enrollment:	76
Туре:	Actual

Ethics review

Approved WMO Date:

16-12-2011

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Application type: Review commission: First submission METC Z: Zuyderland-Zuyd (Heerlen)

Study registrations

Followed up by the following (possibly more current) registration

No registrations found.

Other (possibly less up-to-date) registrations in this register

No registrations found.

In other registers

 Register
 ID

 CCMO
 NL38167.096.11