# Tumor profiling in pancreatic carcinoma, a multidisciplinary initiative

Published: 03-11-2011 Last updated: 29-04-2024

Primary Objective(s): In this study we try to unravel the behavior of stem cells in relation to their (stromal) niche, genetic mutations, altered RNA expression and expression of tumor markers in serum for better prognostication of pancreatic...

**Ethical review** Approved WMO **Status** Recruitment stopped

Health condition type Malignant and unspecified neoplasms gastrointestinal NEC

**Study type** Observational non invasive

# **Summary**

## ID

NL-OMON35953

#### Source

**ToetsingOnline** 

#### **Brief title**

Pancreas bio bank project

## **Condition**

Malignant and unspecified neoplasms gastrointestinal NEC

#### **Synonym**

pancreatic cancer, pancreatic carcinoma

## Research involving

Human

# **Sponsors and support**

**Primary sponsor:** Academisch Medisch Centrum

Source(s) of monetary or material Support: Ministerie van OC&W

### Intervention

**Keyword:** bio bank, genetics, pancreatic carcinoma, stem cel

## **Outcome measures**

## **Primary outcome**

The expression of stem cell markers in cell cultures and xenograft models, serum protein markers, and DNA/RNA profiles, will be correlated to clinicopathological characteristics like survival and TNM classification.

## **Secondary outcome**

Amount of viable tumor cells in biopsies taken at the OR/Pathology (quality comparison).

Optimal procedures for processing of the tissues (we follow standard operating procedures in the laboratories).

# **Study description**

## **Background summary**

Pancreatic adenocarcinoma is a malignancy with a poor prognosis. At this moment resection is the only curative option, and even this only yields a 5 year survival of less than 10 percent.

Furthermore, due to the nature of the tumor and the intense stromal reaction around the tumor cells, pancreatic adenocarcinoma is relatively insensitive to current chemotherapeutics. More insight into both the interaction of tumor (stem)cells with their niche through altered signalling and selfrenewal pathways, as well as the genetic mutations that underlie these entities can provide a rationale for novel therapies. Correlating these tumor biology parameters to clinicopathological outcome can identify patient subgroups with a different prognosis and aid in the selection of patients who are eligible for curative surgical therapy. At this moment we are not routinely collecting material for these studies. By establishing a pancreas bio bank we want to create a valuable source of tumor material stored and processed following high quality standardized procedures following current guidelines.

## Study objective

Primary Objective(s): In this study we try to unravel the behavior of stem cells in relation to their (stromal) niche, genetic mutations, altered RNA expression and expression of tumor markers in serum for better prognostication of pancreatic carcinoma. For this we will include patients with a suspicion of a pancreatic carcinoma undergoing explorative laparotomy with curative intent, or patients who undergo biopsies for palliative treatment and assess tumor biology in relation to clinicopathological parameters.

Secondary Objective: To create the optimal logistic procedures to provide a standardized collection of all patient tissue biopsies and blood samples needed for our research in both resectable and (a priori or during exploration) irresectable patients, and to increase the biological integrity of the pancreatic tissue by providing a dedicated logistic network between the departments of Surgery, Pathology, Medical Oncology and the Center for Experimental Molecular Medicine in the Academic Medical Center.

## Study design

Creating the pancreas bio bank is a prospective process. Observational laboratory studies (with DNA/RNA isolation, microarrays, cell culturing and xenografting) will be performed with primary tumor specimens, metastases and blood samples stored and processed in the bio bank.

## Study burden and risks

For the patient there are no substantial burdens or risks associated with participation in the study, since routine diagnostic and therapeutic procedures are followed. The study will probably benefit future patients through an increase in understanding of pancreatic tumorbiology.

# **Contacts**

#### **Public**

Academisch Medisch Centrum

Meibergdreef 9 1105 AZ NI

#### Scientific

Academisch Medisch Centrum

Meibergdreef 9

3 - Tumor profiling in pancreatic carcinoma, a multidisciplinary initiative 28-05-2025

# **Trial sites**

## **Listed location countries**

**Netherlands** 

# **Eligibility criteria**

## Age

Adults (18-64 years) Elderly (65 years and older)

## Inclusion criteria

Suspicion of potentially resectable and irresectable pancreatic malignancy on preoperative imaging

# **Exclusion criteria**

Not able to give informed consent

# Study design

# Design

Study type: Observational non invasive

Masking: Open (masking not used)

Control: Uncontrolled
Primary purpose: Basic science

# Recruitment

NL

Recruitment status: Recruitment stopped

Start date (anticipated): 22-09-2011

Enrollment: 200

Type: Actual

# **Ethics review**

Approved WMO

Application type: First submission

Review commission: METC Amsterdam UMC

# **Study registrations**

# Followed up by the following (possibly more current) registration

No registrations found.

# Other (possibly less up-to-date) registrations in this register

No registrations found.

# In other registers

Register ID

CCMO NL36420.018.11