# Repeat CT scans to determine shape variation during radiotherapy of the esophagus in esophageal cancer patients: ReShape study

Published: 22-11-2012 Last updated: 18-07-2024

Primary objective: to investigate the intra- and interfraction motility of the CTV (the primary tumor as well as any affected celiac lymph nodes) in radiotherapy for esophageal cancer, and to determine adequate CTV-ITV margins.Secondary objective:...

Ethical review	Approved WMO
Status	Recruitment stopped
Health condition type	Malignant and unspecified neoplasms gastrointestinal NEC
Study type	Observational non invasive

## Summary

### ID

NL-OMON36849

**Source** ToetsingOnline

**Brief title** ReShape

## Condition

- Malignant and unspecified neoplasms gastrointestinal NEC
- · Gastrointestinal neoplasms malignant and unspecified

#### Synonym

esophageal cancer; esophageal malignancy

#### **Research involving**

Human

### **Sponsors and support**

Primary sponsor: Leids Universitair Medisch Centrum Source(s) of monetary or material Support: Ministerie van OC&W

#### Intervention

Keyword: 4D-CT, esophagus, ITV, shape variation

#### **Outcome measures**

#### **Primary outcome**

The intra- and inter fraction motility of the CTV (both random and systematic

errors) will be used to design a margin recipe: based on the differences a

formula will be given for the expansion from CTV to ITV, which will ensure a

change for coverage of the target volume of at least 95% on every treatment

day.

#### Secondary outcome

Based on the differences in the motility on the two 4DCT scans, it will be

investigated whether one 4DCT scan is sufficient for determination of the

intra-fraction motility.

## **Study description**

#### **Background summary**

Radiotherapy plays an important role in the treatment of esophageal cancer. The esophagus is a very motile organ due to respiration, heartbeat, peristalsis, dilatation and gastric filling. This motility needs to be incorporated in the radiation plan, so that the clinical target volume (CTV) is adequately covered without underdosage. To accomplish this, the CTV needs to be expanded with adequate margins to an internal target volume (ITV), around which the planning target volume (PTV) is defined. Unfortunately, there is only limited data available on the magnitude of the esophageal motility.

#### **Study objective**

Primary objective: to investigate the intra- and interfraction motility of the CTV (the primary tumor as well as any affected celiac lymph nodes) in radiotherapy for esophageal cancer, and to determine adequate CTV-ITV margins. Secondary objective: to investigate whether one 4DCT scan is sufficient for determination of intra-fraction motility.

#### Study design

This is an observational study. Of all participating patients who will be treated with long course radiotherapy (\*10 fractions, with or without chemotherapy) four additional CT scans and two additional 4DCT scans will be acquired in the first two treatment weeks. The motility will be evaluated by delineation of the CTV onto all CT scans.

#### Study burden and risks

Participants will undergo 4 additional CT scans en two 4DCT scans immediately prior to or after a treatment fraction in the first two weeks of their treatment. The 4DCT will be made at the same session as the planning CT and one of the additional CT scans and only acquire a few minutes more. The total estimated additional time investment of the patient is 60 minutes (15 minutes per additional CT).

The estimated total extra radiation as a result of the additional scans is 0,18-0,24 Gy, which is 0,3-0,8% of the total treatment dose. The risks of this additional dose is negligible.

## Contacts

#### Public

Leids Universitair Medisch Centrum

Albinusdreef 2 Leiden 2333 Za NL **Scientific** Leids Universitair Medisch Centrum

Albinusdreef 2 Leiden 2333 Za NL

## **Trial sites**

## **Listed location countries**

Netherlands

## **Eligibility criteria**

Age Adults (18-64 years) Elderly (65 years and older)

### **Inclusion criteria**

Esophageal cancer cT1-3, any N WHO<=< 2

### **Exclusion criteria**

Previous thoracic surgery Previous thoracic radiotherapy cT4

## Study design

### Design

Study type: Observational non invasive<br/>Masking:Open (masking not used)Control:UncontrolledPrimary purpose:Treatment

### Recruitment

NL Recruitment status:

**Recruitment stopped** 

4 - Repeat CT scans to determine shape variation during radiotherapy of the esophagu ... 2-05-2025

Start date (anticipated):	18-12-2012
Enrollment:	60
Туре:	Actual

## **Ethics review**

Approved WMO Date: Application type: Review commission:

22-11-2012 First submission METC Leiden-Den Haag-Delft (Leiden) metc-ldd@lumc.nl

## **Study registrations**

### Followed up by the following (possibly more current) registration

No registrations found.

### Other (possibly less up-to-date) registrations in this register

No registrations found.

#### In other registers

Register CCMO **ID** NL41642.058.12