Long term follow-up of anterior cruciate ligament ruptures: bone-patellatendon-bone autograft reconstruction versus non-operative treatment.

Published: 12-03-2013 Last updated: 24-04-2024

To study the clinical and radiological outcomes 20 years after operative or conservative treatment for an ACL rupture

Ethical reviewNot approvedStatusWill not startHealth condition typeJoint disorders

Study type Observational invasive

Summary

ID

NL-OMON37182

Source

ToetsingOnline

Brief title

Long term results of ACL ruptures

Condition

- Joint disorders
- Bone and joint therapeutic procedures

Synonym

ACL; anterior cruciate ligament

Research involving

Human

Sponsors and support

Primary sponsor: Erasmus MC, Universitair Medisch Centrum Rotterdam

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Source(s) of monetary or material Support: Ministerie van OC&W

Intervention

Keyword: anterior cruciate ligament, bone-patellatendon-bone reconstruction, non-operative treatment

Outcome measures

Primary outcome

- 1. artrosis on the x-ray of the knee
- 2. clinical outcome scores of knee functionality (KOOS and Lysholm) and laxity

found with physical examination

Secondary outcome

- 1. activity level; tegner score
- 2. meniscal injuries
- 3. the number of (re-)operations
- 4. correlation of artrosis of the knee with general artrosis

Study description

Background summary

We conducted a case control study in which we compared the conservative teatment with the operative treatment for patients after an ACL rupture. (MEC 218.023/2002/227) The literature on longterm outcomes after ACL ruptures with radiological evaluation and also conservative treatment is scarce.

Study objective

To study the clinical and radiological outcomes 20 years after operative or conservative treatment for an ACL rupture

Study design

Long-term follow-up of a case-control study comparing operative with

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conservative treatment for an ACL rupture. All patients will be asked to visit the outpatient clinic of the orthopedics department once for radiological and clinical evalution of the knee function.

Study burden and risks

The burden is primarly time (visit to the outpatient clinic) and radiation (three knee x-rays and one hand x-ray). There is no direct benefit from participation. Travel allowance will be offered to participants.

Contacts

Public

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Scientific

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Trial sites

Listed location countries

Netherlands

Eligibility criteria

Age

Adults (18-64 years) Elderly (65 years and older)

Inclusion criteria

All patients included in our Case-Control study (MEC 218.023/2002/227) will be invited to participate.

Exclusion criteria

Not applicable

Study design

Design

Study type: Observational invasive

Intervention model: Other

Allocation: Non-randomized controlled trial

Masking: Open (masking not used)

Control: Active

Primary purpose: Treatment

Recruitment

NL

Recruitment status: Will not start

Enrollment: 50

Type: Anticipated

Ethics review

Not approved

Date: 12-03-2013

Application type: First submission

Review commission: METC Erasmus MC, Universitair Medisch Centrum Rotterdam

(Rotterdam)

Study registrations

Followed up by the following (possibly more current) registration

No registrations found.

Other (possibly less up-to-date) registrations in this register

No registrations found.

In other registers

Register ID

CCMO NL42562.078.12