

# Influence of injection time in DCE-MRI in patients with prostate cancer

Published: 23-08-2012

Last updated: 26-04-2024

Influence of Injection time of DCE-MRI for prostate cancer patients with consistent kinetic parameters.

<b>Ethical review</b>	Approved WMO
<b>Status</b>	Recruitment stopped
<b>Health condition type</b>	Reproductive neoplasms male malignant and unspecified
<b>Study type</b>	Observational invasive

## Summary

### ID

NL-OMON37313

### Source

ToetsingOnline

### Brief title

influence of injection time

### Condition

- Reproductive neoplasms male malignant and unspecified
- Prostatic disorders (excl infections and inflammations)

### Synonym

prostate cancer

### Research involving

Human

### Sponsors and support

**Primary sponsor:** Nederlands Kanker Instituut

**Source(s) of monetary or material Support:** afdeling radiotherapie

## Intervention

**Keyword:** DCE-MRI, prostate cancer

## Outcome measures

### Primary outcome

Establish the influence of injection time of kinetic tracer parameters, determined with Dynamic Contrast-Enhanced MRI of the prostate.

### Secondary outcome

none

## Study description

### Background summary

DCE-MRI technique can be used to characterize the perfusion of microvascularisation in tissue. Because tumor growth is associated with neovascularization, this technique is valuable for the detection of tumors. To provide accurate detection of small tumors and a precise delineation of a tumor volume. Therefore it is important to determine the influence of injection time with the use of consistent TKA parameters.

### Study objective

Influence of Injection time of DCE-MRI for prostate cancer patients with consistent kinetic parameters.

### Study design

Patients will undergo the standard MRI exam a second time before treatment of prostate cancer

### Study burden and risks

Patients will undergo the standard MRI exam a second time. In the standard exam 15 ml of the contrast agent Dotarem (Gadoteric acid, concentration 0.5M) is administered intravenously. No adverse effects are known of the administration of a second dose the next week after the regular exam. The

repeat of the MRI exam causes a negligible risk for the patient.

## Contacts

### Public

Nederlands Kanker Instituut

Plesmanlaan 121  
AMSTERDAM 1066CX  
NL

### Scientific

Nederlands Kanker Instituut

Plesmanlaan 121  
AMSTERDAM 1066CX  
NL

## Trial sites

### Listed location countries

Netherlands

## Eligibility criteria

### Age

Adults (18-64 years)

Elderly (65 years and older)

### Inclusion criteria

biopsy proven prostate cancer  
able to undergo MRI

### Exclusion criteria

- • Contra-indications for a MRI exam according to the standard protocol for the screening of patients with prostate cancer.

- GFR < 30 ml/min/1.73 m<sup>2</sup>
- Treatment of prostate cancer prior to the MRI exams.
- Prior hormonal therapy
- Prior trans-urethral resection (TURP)

## Study design

### Design

**Study type:** Observational invasive

Masking: Open (masking not used)

Control: Uncontrolled

Primary purpose: Diagnostic

### Recruitment

NL

Recruitment status: Recruitment stopped

Start date (anticipated): 20-03-2013

Enrollment: 31

Type: Actual

## Ethics review

Approved WMO

Date: 23-08-2012

Application type: First submission

Review commission: PTC Stichting het Nederlands Kanker Instituut - Antoni van Leeuwenhoekziekenhuis (Amsterdam)

Approved WMO

Date: 05-12-2012

Application type: Amendment

Review commission: PTC Stichting het Nederlands Kanker Instituut - Antoni van Leeuwenhoekziekenhuis (Amsterdam)

## Study registrations

### Followed up by the following (possibly more current) registration

No registrations found.

### Other (possibly less up-to-date) registrations in this register

No registrations found.

### In other registers

Register	ID
CCMO	NL40706.031.12