# Antispasmodic agents for radial artery conduit in CABG

Published: 25-09-2013 Last updated: 24-04-2024

Objective: The main objective of the study is to compare the antispasmodic effect of two calcium channel blocker (verapamil and nicardipine) on the prepared radial artery conduit.

Ethical review Approved WMO

**Status** Recruitment stopped

**Health condition type** Vascular therapeutic procedures **Study type** Observational non invasive

## **Summary**

#### ID

NL-OMON38886

Source

ToetsingOnline

**Brief title** 

Antispasm Radial

#### **Condition**

• Vascular therapeutic procedures

#### **Synonym**

Spasm

#### **Research involving**

Human

## **Sponsors and support**

**Primary sponsor:** Catharina-ziekenhuis

Source(s) of monetary or material Support: maatschap cardiochirurgie

#### Intervention

Keyword: CABG, Radial, Spasm

#### **Outcome measures**

#### **Primary outcome**

Main study parameters/endpoints: The main endpoint of the study is the mean amount of free flow through the radial artery conduit. This is measured directly after harvesting the radial artery by allowing a free flow of both solution through the conduit into an empty bowl. The mean amount of the solution (in ml) collected in one minute is calculated. This is considered as the mean free flow (ml/min) through the conduit.

#### **Secondary outcome**

none

# **Study description**

#### **Background summary**

Rationale: The use of topical application of vasodilators such as calcium channel blockers and/or nitroglycerines leads to possible improvement of the blood flow via the radial artery conduit by avoiding perioperative spasm.

#### Study objective

Objective: The main objective of the study is to compare the antispasmodic effect of two calcium channel blocker (verapamil and nicardipine) on the prepared radial artery conduit.

#### Study design

Study design: A prospective randomized non-blind mono-centre study

Intervention: After harvesting the radial artery and before performing the anastomoses, topical application of two different vasodilator solutions will be performed. One solution is being used in the standard practice of our department and contains 10 mg verapamil. In the other solution, verapamil is

replaced by nicardipine (10 mg).

#### Study burden and risks

not applicable

## **Contacts**

#### **Public**

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## **Trial sites**

#### **Listed location countries**

**Netherlands** 

# **Eligibility criteria**

#### Age

Adults (18-64 years) Elderly (65 years and older)

### **Inclusion criteria**

Patients undergoing isolated or combined CABG whereby the radial artery is used as a conduit with or without the use of other conduits.

## **Exclusion criteria**

**Emergency operations** 

# Study design

## **Design**

Study type: Observational non invasive

Intervention model: Parallel

Allocation: Randomized controlled trial

Masking: Open (masking not used)

Control: Active

Primary purpose: Treatment

#### Recruitment

NL

Recruitment status: Recruitment stopped

Start date (anticipated): 14-10-2013

Enrollment: 40

Type: Actual

## **Ethics review**

Approved WMO

Date: 25-09-2013

Application type: First submission

Review commission: MEC-U: Medical Research Ethics Committees United

(Nieuwegein)

# **Study registrations**

# Followed up by the following (possibly more current) registration

No registrations found.

# Other (possibly less up-to-date) registrations in this register

No registrations found.

# In other registers

Register ID

CCMO NL44701.060.13