a explorative study of nutritional state and the effect of diet intervention on body composition, muscle strength, activity, pulmonary function and quality of life in adults with mitochondrial disease caused by the m.3243A.G mutation.

Published: 18-06-2013 Last updated: 24-04-2024

1. To obtain knowledge about the nutritional status of adult patients with mitochondrial disease and the determinants that contribute to this.2. Evaluate the effect of dietary intervention in adult patients with mitochondrial disease on nutritional...

**Ethical review** Approved WMO **Status** Recruitment stopped

**Health condition type** Metabolic and nutritional disorders congenital

Study type Interventional

# **Summary**

#### ID

NL-OMON39342

#### **Source**

ToetsingOnline

#### **Brief title**

Nutritional state and effect of diet intervention in mitochondrial disease

#### Condition

- Metabolic and nutritional disorders congenital
- Inborn errors of metabolism

#### **Synonym**

m. 3243A.G mutation, MELAS, MIDD, Mitochondrial disease, OXPHOS deffect

### **Research involving**

Human

## **Sponsors and support**

**Primary sponsor:** Universitair Medisch Centrum Sint Radboud

Source(s) of monetary or material Support: subsidie nog niet toegezegd wordt wel naar

gezocht

### Intervention

Keyword: Adult, Mitochondrial disease, Nutritional State

#### **Outcome measures**

## **Primary outcome**

nutritional status.

#### **Secondary outcome**

activity, lung function, hand grip strength, body composition, food intake,

fatigue and quality of life.

# **Study description**

#### **Background summary**

The m.3243A> G mutation is the most frequent cause of mitochondrial disease in adults. For a mitochondrial disease no therapy is available. The treatment is supportive, aiming to improve quality of life. Clinical findings in patients with mitochondrial diseases are both malnutrition and obesity. A nutritional intervention could be a symptomatic treatment for these patients.

#### Study objective

- 1. To obtain knowledge about the nutritional status of adult patients with mitochondrial disease and the determinants that contribute to this.
- 2. Evaluate the effect of dietary intervention in adult patients with mitochondrial disease on nutritional status, pulmonary function, muscle strength, activity, fatigue and quality of life.
- 3. To create referral criteria for dietary intervention in patients with

mitochondrial diseases.

### Study design

Part 1 consists of descriptive research using an extensive Nutritional Assessment (NA) with indirect calorimetry (IC), bioimpedance analysis (BIA), anthropometry, eating and activity report, activity measurement using the actometer, completing questionnaires and pulmonary function tests. Part 2 is a randomised controlled intervention study which 2 study groups. One starts with diet intervention and the other starts with a control period of 6 months. After this period the second group also starts with the diet intervention. This includes optimizing the diet based on individually calculated energy and protein requirements and for the other nutrients the recommended daily amounts (RDA) are followed. Nutritional Assessment measurements will be repeated every 3 months. Indirect Calorimetry only one at the beginning and pulmonary function every 6 months.

#### Intervention

diet intervention individualy calculated for energy and protein other nutrients according to the RDA

## Study burden and risks

Low risk, risk of fasting are evaluated by physician and only when it is safe for patients they can enter the study. The protein requirement is individually calculated, which rules out additional risk for patients with any renal impairment. Some burden: 3-5 clinic visits of approximately 2 hours in which patients should be fasting for Nutritional Assessment, 4 x 3 days keeping food and activity report and carry actometre, 3-5 x questionnaires, 2-3 x pulmonary function tests (visits 1,3 and 5). The dietary intervention may also be experienced as a burden.

It might be positive that the individual questions about nutrition can be answered, patients get attention and are properly checked and that they can benefit from the intervention.-

# **Contacts**

#### **Public**

Universitair Medisch Centrum Sint Radboud

Geertgroteplein zuid 10 Nijmegen 6500 HB NL

#### **Scientific**

Universitair Medisch Centrum Sint Radboud

Geertgroteplein zuid 10 Nijmegen 6500 HB NL

# **Trial sites**

## **Listed location countries**

**Netherlands** 

# **Eligibility criteria**

#### Age

Adults (18-64 years) Elderly (65 years and older)

### **Inclusion criteria**

Proven mitochondrial m. 3243A>G mutation age > 18 years

No medical contra indication for reseaving Nutritional assesment in sober state. informed consent

### **Exclusion criteria**

sober state is contra indicated for medical reasons, for exemple to high risk for hypoglycemia pacemaker, any implantations made from metal claustrophobia no informed consent

# Study design

## **Design**

Study type: Interventional

Masking: Open (masking not used)

Control: Uncontrolled

Primary purpose: Treatment

#### Recruitment

NL

Recruitment status: Recruitment stopped

Start date (anticipated): 06-03-2014

Enrollment: 50

Type: Actual

# **Ethics review**

Approved WMO

Date: 18-06-2013

Application type: First submission

Review commission: CMO regio Arnhem-Nijmegen (Nijmegen)

# **Study registrations**

# Followed up by the following (possibly more current) registration

No registrations found.

# Other (possibly less up-to-date) registrations in this register

No registrations found.

## In other registers

Register ID

CCMO NL39724.091.13