Epicardial Mapping Studies in Patients undergoing Cardiac Surgery Roepnaam Quasar

Published: 04-05-2010 Last updated: 17-08-2024

To investigate whether high resolution multi-site epicardial mapping of the atria in patients with structural heart disease undergoing cardiac surgery can identify patients at risk for developing early post-operative atrial fibrillation. The...

Ethical review Approved WMO

StatusRecruitment stoppedHealth condition typeCardiac arrhythmiasStudy typeObservational invasive

Summary

ID

NL-OMON39666

Source

ToetsingOnline

Brief title

Epicardial Mapping Studies in Patients undergoing Cardiac Surgery

Condition

- Cardiac arrhythmias
- Cardiac therapeutic procedures

Synonym

atrial fibrillation

Research involving

Human

Sponsors and support

Primary sponsor: Erasmus MC, Universitair Medisch Centrum Rotterdam **Source(s) of monetary or material Support:** Ministerie van OC&W

Intervention

Keyword: cardio-thoracic surgery, epicardial, mapping, post-op atrial fibrillation

Outcome measures

Primary outcome

The main endpoint of the study is reached when atrial fibrillation develops.

There is a follow-up period of 5 years after cardiac surgery. Each year, the participant will be called by the investigator in order to check whether atrial fibrillation has occurred.

Secondary outcome

NA

Study description

Background summary

Rationale: Post-operative AF after cardiac surgery affects not only early but also late mortality. The exact mechanism of post-operative AF is still unknown. Subsequently, at present there are no diagnostic tools available to identify patients at risk pre-operatively.

Objective: To investigate whether high resolution multi-site epicardial mapping of the atria in patients with structural heart disease undergoing cardiac surgery can identify patients at risk for developing early post-operative atrial fibrillation.

Study objective

To investigate whether high resolution multi-site epicardial mapping of the atria in patients with structural heart disease undergoing cardiac surgery can identify patients at risk for developing early post-operative atrial fibrillation. The acquired knowledge will be used in clinical practice to ensure an appropriate selection of patients for AF therapy and to improve existing AF treatment modalities

Study design

This study is designed as an observational study. Patients will be recruited at the department of thoracic surgery. The investigator is responsible for patient selection and appropriate inclusion. Patients scheduled for routine cardiac surgery will be asked to participate in this study.

Intervention

Epicardial mapping during CABG

Study burden and risks

Max. extension of 10-15 minutes of the surgical procedure

Max. 15 minutes per Follow-Up visit (Outpatient Clinic) once per year and a

total Follow-up of 5 years.

Contacts

Public

Erasmus MC, Universitair Medisch Centrum Rotterdam

's Gravendijkwal 230 ROTTERDAM 3015 CE

NL

Scientific

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Trial sites

Listed location countries

Netherlands

Eligibility criteria

Age

Adults (18-64 years)

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Elderly (65 years and older)

Inclusion criteria

All patients > 18 years scheduled for standard cardiac surgery.

Exclusion criteria

paced atrial rhythms usage of anti-arrhythmic drugs hemodynamic instability presence of assist devices usage of inotropic agents emergency cardiac surgery redo-cardiac surgery

Study design

Design

Study type: Observational invasive

Masking: Open (masking not used)

Control: Uncontrolled

Primary purpose: Diagnostic

Recruitment

NL

Recruitment status: Recruitment stopped

Start date (anticipated): 01-09-2010

Enrollment: 650

Type: Actual

Medical products/devices used

Generic name: Finger electrode MI05-077

Registration: No

Ethics review

Approved WMO

Date: 04-05-2010

Application type: First submission

Review commission: METC Erasmus MC, Universitair Medisch Centrum Rotterdam

(Rotterdam)

Approved WMO

Date: 11-04-2013

Application type: Amendment

Review commission: METC Erasmus MC, Universitair Medisch Centrum Rotterdam

(Rotterdam)

Approved WMO

Date: 30-09-2013

Application type: Amendment

Review commission: METC Erasmus MC, Universitair Medisch Centrum Rotterdam

(Rotterdam)

Approved WMO

Date: 29-04-2014

Application type: Amendment

Review commission: METC Erasmus MC, Universitair Medisch Centrum Rotterdam

(Rotterdam)

Approved WMO

Date: 12-08-2014

Application type: Amendment

Review commission: METC Erasmus MC, Universitair Medisch Centrum Rotterdam

(Rotterdam)

Study registrations

Followed up by the following (possibly more current) registration

No registrations found.

Other (possibly less up-to-date) registrations in this register

No registrations found.

In other registers

Register ID

CCMO NL31162.078.10

Study results

Date completed: 20-04-2020

Results posted: 19-04-2021

First publication

01-01-1900

URL result

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