Double-blind, randomized, placebocontrolled, phase II dose-finding study comparing different doses of norursodeoxycholic acid capsules with placebo in the treatment of primary sclerosing cholangitis

Published: 13-06-2012 Last updated: 26-04-2024

Primary:* To evaluate the efficacy of three doses of norUDCA vs. placebo for the treatment of PSC* To identify efficacious norUDCA dose(s) for the treatment of PSC for further evaluation in phase III. Secondary:* To study safety and tolerability (...

Ethical review Approved WMO

Status Recruitment stopped

Health condition type Gastrointestinal inflammatory conditions

Study type Interventional

Summary

ID

NL-OMON39746

Source

ToetsingOnline

Brief title

Norursodeoxycholic acid vs. Placebo in PSC

Condition

Gastrointestinal inflammatory conditions

Synonym

Primary Sclerosing Cholangitis; bile ducts inflammation with scar formation

Research involving

Human

Sponsors and support

Primary sponsor: Dr. Falk Pharma GmbH

Source(s) of monetary or material Support: Falk Pharma GmbH

Intervention

Keyword: Cholangitis, IBD, norUDCA, PSC

Outcome measures

Primary outcome

Mean relative change (%) of serum alkaline phosphatase (sALP) between baselien visit and EOT visit (last observation carried forward).

Secondary outcome

Proportion of patients with at least 50 % reduction in s-ALP between baseline and EOT (LOCF)

Proportion of patients with normalisation of s-ALP (< upper limit of normal, ULN)

Proportion of patients with partial normalisation of s-ALP (< 1.5 ULN) \cdot s-ALP at each study visit (screening to follow-up)

Absolute and relative changes (%) of s-ALP from baseline to each visit up to EOT, and from EOT to the follow-up visit

*-GT, AST, ALT and serum bilirubin levels at each study visit (screening to follow-up)

Absolute and relative changes (%) of *-GT, AST, ALT and serum bilirubin from baseline to each visit up to EOT, and from EOT to the follow-up visit

Course of pruritus (measured by VAS): absolute change in the pruritus score

from baseline to EOT, and from EOT to the follow-up visit

Course of fatigue (measured by questionnaire): absolute change from baseline to

EOT

Therapeutic success and therapeutic benefit according to physician*s global assessment (PGA) of efficacy at the EOT visit.

Study description

Background summary

This double-blind, randomised, placeo-controlled, dose-finding study will be the proof of concept study and is the third human exposure study with norUDCA and the first human study to assess efficacy in addition to safety and tolerability. The present dose finding study should provide first information on a safe and effective norUDCA dose administered to humans.

Based on the obtained results in this study, the optimal pharmaceutical dose with regard to clinical outcomes as well as to patient's quality of life will be chosen, to be evaluated in further phase III confirmative trials.

Study objective

Primary:

- * To evaluate the efficacy of three doses of norUDCA vs. placebo for the treatment of PSC
- * To identify efficacious norUDCA dose(s) for the treatment of PSC for further evaluation in phase III.

Secondary:

- * To study safety and tolerability (adverse events, laboratory parameters) of norUDCA
- * To assess quality of life.

Study design

Double-blind, randomized, placebo-controlled, parallel, explorative phase II dose-finding study.

Intervention

Double-blind, randomised (1:1:1:1) treatment phase:

Patients will be randmised to be treated during 12 weeks with:

Group A: nor-ursodeocholzuur 500 mg once daily 2x250 mg capsules

Group B: nor-ursodeocholzuur 1000 mg once daily 4x250 mg capsules

Group C: nor-ursodeocholzuur 1500 mg once daily 6x250 mg capsules

Group D: placebo capsules for norUDCA once daily.

Study burden and risks

Physical examination 5x

ECG 2x

Echography of the upper abdomen 2x

Vena puncture 9x

Urine examination 9x

Questionnaires regarding pruritus, general well being and fatigue ake 2x

Completion of a diary (only for patients with concommittant inflammatory bowel disease)

10 visits in total.

Contacts

Public

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Scientific

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Trial sites

Listed location countries

Netherlands

Eligibility criteria

Age

Adults (18-64 years) Elderly (65 years and older)

Inclusion criteria

- 1. Signed informed consent,;2. Male or female patients * 18 and < 80 years,;3. PSC verified by 2 of the following criteria:
- * Chronische cholestatic diesease of at least 6 month duration
- * Retrograde, operative, percutaneous, or magnestic resonance cholangiography *
- * Liver biopsy available for review and compatible with the diagnosis of PSC;
- 4. Alkaline Phosphatase * 1,5 x ULN at baseline
- 5. PSC Patients with or without IBD
- 6. Women of child-bearing potential have to apply during the entire duration of the study a highly effective method of birth control

Exclusion criteria

1. History or presence of other concomitant liver diseases including:;* Positive hepatitis B or C serology (Hbs Ag+, anti-HBc+, anti-HCV;; Note: Patients who present with anti-HBc+ only, may be included if they are HBV-DNA negative);* Primary Biliary Cirrhosis, (AMA-positive);* Wilson*s Disease;* Haemochromatosis;* Autoimmune Hepatitis;* Chronic alcoholic consumption (daily consumption >30g/d);* Biopsy proven NASH;* Cholangiocarcinoma,;2. Treatment with any of the following drugs within the last 3 months prior to baseline: any glucocorticosteroids (including budesonide), azathioprine or other immunosuppressive drugs (e.g. cyclophosphamide, cyclosporine, methotrexate, tacrolimus, 6-mercaptopurine), chlorambucil, pentoxyfylline, penicillamine, pirfenidone, fibrates, biologics (e.g., anti-tumor necrosis factor-alpha therapy), or rifampicin,;5. Child B/C liver cirrhosis,;12. Total bilirubin >3.0 mg/dl (> 51,3µmol/L), at screening or baseline,;13. Both total bilirubin levels > ULN within the last 6 months prior to baseline and a rise of this level by more than 50% within the last 6 months prior to baseline,;14. Albumin < 36 g/L, at screening or baseline,;16. Any relevant systemic disease (e.g., AIDS),;17. Abnormal renal function (Cystatin C >1.15 ULN) at screening and/or at baseline visit,;18. TSH> ULN at screening,;20. Any active malignant disease,;21. Known intolerance/hypersensitivity to study drug, or drugs of similar chemical structure or pharmacological profile

Study design

Design

Study phase: 2

Study type: Interventional

Intervention model: Parallel

Allocation: Randomized controlled trial

Masking: Double blinded (masking used)

Control: Placebo

Primary purpose: Treatment

Recruitment

NL

Recruitment status: Recruitment stopped

Start date (anticipated): 22-04-2013

Enrollment: 10

Type: Actual

Medical products/devices used

Product type: Medicine

Brand name: nvt

Generic name: norursodeoxycholic acid

Ethics review

Approved WMO

Date: 13-06-2012

Application type: First submission

Review commission: METC Amsterdam UMC

Approved WMO

Date: 01-10-2012

Application type: First submission

Review commission: METC Amsterdam UMC

Approved WMO

Date: 16-11-2012

Application type: Amendment

Review commission: METC Amsterdam UMC

Approved WMO

Date: 21-11-2012

Application type: Amendment

Review commission: METC Amsterdam UMC

Approved WMO

Date: 01-07-2013

Application type: Amendment

Review commission: METC Amsterdam UMC

Approved WMO

Date: 11-07-2013

Application type: Amendment

Review commission: METC Amsterdam UMC

Approved WMO

Date: 02-08-2013

Application type: Amendment

Review commission: METC Amsterdam UMC

Approved WMO

Date: 29-08-2013

Application type: Amendment

Review commission: METC Amsterdam UMC

Approved WMO

Date: 01-11-2013

Application type: Amendment

Review commission: METC Amsterdam UMC

Approved WMO

Date: 10-04-2014

Application type: Amendment

Review commission: METC Amsterdam UMC

Approved WMO

Date: 07-05-2014

Application type: Amendment

Review commission: METC Amsterdam UMC

Approved WMO

Date: 27-10-2014

Application type: Amendment

Study registrations

Followed up by the following (possibly more current) registration

No registrations found.

Other (possibly less up-to-date) registrations in this register

No registrations found.

In other registers

Register ID

Other EU Clinical Trial Directive EudraCT EUCTR2011-002754-31-NL

CCMO NL40829.018.12