# the neuropsychiatric and personality profile of MS patients: its determinants and impact on daily life functioning. An extension of the FuProMS Study

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(1) to establish the neuropsychiatric and personality status (symptoms and impairments) (2) to assess the possible determinants of these symptoms and impairments and (3) to examine the impact of these symptoms and impairments on daily life...

Ethical review Approved WMO

StatusRecruitment stoppedHealth condition typeDemyelinating disordersStudy typeObservational non invasive

## **Summary**

#### ID

**NL-OMON40157** 

#### **Source**

ToetsingOnline

#### **Brief title**

NEUROPSYCHIATRIC CHANGES AND DAILY LIFE FUNCTIONING IN MS PATIENTS

### **Condition**

Demyelinating disorders

#### Synonym

MS, multiple sclerosis

#### Research involving

Human

## **Sponsors and support**

**Primary sponsor:** Vrije Universiteit Medisch Centrum

1 - the neuropsychiatric and personality profile of MS patients: its determinants an ... 27-05-2025

Source(s) of monetary or material Support: Ministerie van OC&W

Intervention

Keyword: DAILY LIFE FUNCTIONING, MS, NEUROPSYCHIATRY

**Outcome measures** 

**Primary outcome** 

(1) difference in frequency of self-reported neuropsychiatric symptoms /

disorders and personality characteristics between patients and controls using

the following questionnaires: CES-D, HADS, CNS-LS, PDI-21, MDQ-NL and EPQ-RSS

(2) determinants of neuropsychiatric symptoms / disorders: biological markers

(MRI parameters, family history), disease-related (including EDSS, fatigue,

cognitive functioning and iatrogenic) and individual and psychosocial factors

(demographic, locus of control, coping style, social support and premorbid

personality)

(3) the impact of neuropsychiatric symptoms / disorders on daily life

functioning measured by the FIM and SF-36

**Secondary outcome** 

not applicable

**Study description** 

**Background summary** 

Neurobehavioral changes, in different levels of severity, are common in MS patients and pose a significant burden on quality of life and daily life functioning, but have been investigated incompletely. Although neuroimaging data offer important clues as to the pathogenesis of these abnormalities, psychosocial factors cannot be ignored and emerge as equally important predictors. Most likely, a complex interplay of biological, illness-related,

behavioral and psychosocial factors contribute to the pathophysiology of most of them.

## Study objective

- (1) to establish the neuropsychiatric and personality status (symptoms and impairments)
- (2) to assess the possible determinants of these symptoms and impairments and
- (3) to examine the impact of these symptoms and impairments on daily life functioning in a longitudinal cohort of patients with clinically diagnosed MS

## Study design

Prolongation of a prospective longitudinal study.

Consists of the following two parts:

- 1. prospective observational part: to assess determinants of neuropsychiatric symptoms/disorders and their impact on daily functioning in MS patients
- 2. case-control cross-sectional part: comparison of frequencies of neuropsychiatric symptoms/disorders in patients vs controls

## Study burden and risks

participants will need to fill in a number of self-report questionnaires and will receive one phone call to assess two questionnaires. Hence, no visit to the research centre/hospital is required. Estimated duration: 2 hours to fill in the self-reported questionnaires and an additional \* hour for the assessment by telephone. No risk involved, no invasive techniques.

## **Contacts**

#### **Public**

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#### Scientific

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## **Trial sites**

## **Listed location countries**

**Netherlands** 

# **Eligibility criteria**

## Age

Adults (18-64 years) Elderly (65 years and older)

## Inclusion criteria

Patients: definite diagnosis of MS, recruited between 1998-2000, participants in the FuProMS

study at the last wave

Controls: people aged 30 to 70 years, same catchment area as the patient base.

## **Exclusion criteria**

Patients: no exclusion criteria

Controls: neurological disorder affecting the CNS.

## Study design

## **Design**

Study type: Observational non invasive

Intervention model: Other

Allocation: Non-randomized controlled trial

Masking: Open (masking not used)

Control: Active

Primary purpose: Basic science

### Recruitment

NL

Recruitment status: Recruitment stopped

Start date (anticipated): 05-08-2014

Enrollment: 333

Type: Actual

# **Ethics review**

Approved WMO

Date: 01-05-2014

Application type: First submission

Review commission: METC Amsterdam UMC

# **Study registrations**

## Followed up by the following (possibly more current) registration

No registrations found.

## Other (possibly less up-to-date) registrations in this register

No registrations found.

## In other registers

Register ID

CCMO NL46666.029.13