Assessing auditory nerve degeneration by electrical stimulation in deaf patients with a cochlear implant

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To measure detection thresholds, loudness, and melody perception in CI recipients in order to assess extent of nerve degeneration between good and poor performers with respect to speech perception.

Ethical reviewApproved WMOStatusRecruitment stoppedHealth condition typeHearing disordersStudy typeObservational invasive

Summary

ID

NL-OMON40195

Source

ToetsingOnline

Brief title

psychophysical assessment of auditory nerve degeneration

Condition

Hearing disorders

Synonym

deafness, profound hearing loss

Research involving

Human

Sponsors and support

Primary sponsor: Universitair Medisch Centrum Utrecht

Source(s) of monetary or material Support: Ministerie van OC&W

Intervention

Keyword: Cochlear Implant, Nerve degeneration

Outcome measures

Primary outcome

difference between CI recipients with high and poor performance, with respect to detection thresholds, tone-decay time, melody recognition scores, and pulse rate detection limits.

Secondary outcome

- To determine the range of test outcomes and clinical applicability for the three developed tests.
- To determine if the outcome of the Melody test correlates to musical background.

Study description

Background summary

Profound sensorineural hearing loss, or deafness, is caused by loss of sensory hair cells in the cochlea. In many cases, it is treated by cochlear implantation. A cochlear implant (CI) bypasses the hair cells in the cochlea. Via electrical currents the implant stimulates the auditory nerve, which results in the perception of sound. The CI provides some degree of auditory perception, and in the most successful cases leads to virtually normal speech perception in low-noise acoustic conditions. However, there is a wide spread in performance among CI recipients, one contributing factor is auditory nerve degeneration. Common clinical tests do not provide an adequate measure of auditory nerve status. In order to assess nerve degeneration we developed three different psychophysical tests for CI recipients. These tests are used to determine detection thresholds, loudness adaptation and pitch perception. In this protocol we refer to them as T-Békésy test, tone-decay test, and Melody-test. It is hypothesized that nerve functionality tested in this way, provides measures that correlate to nerve degeneration. Such measures, acquired right after implantation, could be used for diagnosis, to improve the CI

fitting process (setting of the various apparatus parameters), and might lead to new processing strategies that make voices and music sound more natural to CI recipients.

Study objective

To measure detection thresholds, loudness, and melody perception in CI recipients in order to assess extent of nerve degeneration between good and poor performers with respect to speech perception.

Study design

This is an observational pilot study performed at the University Medical Center Utrecht.

Study burden and risks

The T-Békésy test, tone-decay test and Melody test are considered as a negligible-risk investigation since the current levels applied are not higher than used in daily conditions of usage. The expected burden due to participation for all participants consists of two sessions of approximately 120 and 80 minutes, respectively. The physical discomfort is comparable to what CI recipients endure in the routine clinical fitting process. Subjects will not have a direct benefit of this study. The results of this study will contribute to knowledge of the clinical applicability of the developed tests for assessing nerve degeneration in deaf patients with a cochlear implant, and could possibly be linked to 'Assessment of the condition of the auditory nerve by diffusion tensor imaging: A pilot study' (METC 13/493).

Contacts

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Trial sites

Listed location countries

Netherlands

Eligibility criteria

Age

Adults (18-64 years) Elderly (65 years and older)

Inclusion criteria

Subjects eligible for participation in the study are adults with a CI.;In order to be eligible to participate in this study, a subject must meet all of the following criteria:

- o Age >=18 years.
- o Unilaterally implanted.
- o Capable to provide an informed consent.
- o The type of CI must be supported by the test equipment. Therefore only CI recipients with PULSARci100 or SONATAti100 implant, manufactured by MED-EL, can be included.
- o More than half a year of CI experience (6 month post implantation).;Additional criterion for the high performance group:
- o CVC scores with CI >70% measured at 65 dB SPL;Additional criterion for the low performance group:
- o CVC scores with CI <50% measured at 65 dB SPL

Exclusion criteria

- Neurological or mental disorders
- Use of anticonvulsant medication or psychotherapeutic drugs

Study design

Design

Study type: Observational invasive

Masking: Open (masking not used)

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Control: Uncontrolled

Primary purpose: Diagnostic

Recruitment

NL

Recruitment status: Recruitment stopped

Start date (anticipated): 07-05-2014

Enrollment: 12

Type: Actual

Medical products/devices used

Generic name: CIPT-system (Cochlear Implant Psychophysics Test)

Registration: No

Ethics review

Approved WMO

Date: 25-03-2014

Application type: First submission

Review commission: METC Universitair Medisch Centrum Utrecht (Utrecht)

Study registrations

Followed up by the following (possibly more current) registration

No registrations found.

Other (possibly less up-to-date) registrations in this register

No registrations found.

In other registers

Register CCMO

ID

NL46946.041.13