

# Lambert-Eaton myasthenic syndrome: Clinical characteristics, pathogenesis and tumour association

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- To study the clinical characteristics and disease course of patients with LEMS with or without SCLC- To identify the characteristics of the humoral or cellular immune response that are associated with the prolonged survival of patients with SCLC...

<b>Ethical review</b>	Approved WMO
<b>Status</b>	Recruiting
<b>Health condition type</b>	Autoimmune disorders
<b>Study type</b>	Observational invasive

## Summary

### ID

NL-OMON40297

### Source

ToetsingOnline

### Brief title

LEMS and SCLC

### Condition

- Autoimmune disorders
- Neuromuscular disorders
- Respiratory tract neoplasms

### Synonym

LEMS

### Research involving

Human

### Sponsors and support

**Primary sponsor:** Leids Universitair Medisch Centrum

**Source(s) of monetary or material Support:** neuromusculair onderzoeksbudget LUMC (prof. dr. J.J.G.M. Verschuuren)

## Intervention

**Keyword:** Lambert-Eaton myasthenic syndrome, paraneoplastic syndrome, Small cell lung cancer, tumour immunology

## Outcome measures

### Primary outcome

Description of epidemiology, clinical characteristics and disease course in LEMS patients.

Comparison of the humoral and cellular immune response in LEMS patients and SCLC patients with and without LEMS.

### Secondary outcome

- Tumour size on lung imaging studies and growth rate upon follow-up.
- DELTA-P score tumor prediction score in LEMS patients, diagnosis of SCLC upon follow-up
- Presence of other auto-antibodies possibly related to LEMS
- Tumour infiltration of SCLC by lymphocytes and macrophages (+- LEMS)
- Anti-tumour effect of serum VGCC antibodies and related macrophage and adaptive response in vitro
- Presence of specific T cells against tumour-related antigens
- Patients' experience with symptomatic medication for LEMS

## Study description

### Background summary

A detailed description of clinical characteristics and disease course of patients with Lambert-Eaton myasthenic syndrome (LEMS) will enable earlier diagnosis and treatment of this rare, disabling, but well-treatable, neuromuscular disorder and the associated tumour. This study will provide detailed knowledge about the immune response against voltage-gated calcium channels and the small cell lung cancer (SCLC) in patients with LEMS. This is essential for the development of future therapeutical interventions or immune-mediated therapies.

### **Study objective**

- To study the clinical characteristics and disease course of patients with LEMS with or without SCLC
- To identify the characteristics of the humoral or cellular immune response that are associated with the prolonged survival of patients with SCLC and LEMS.

### **Study design**

Single center prospective study

### **Study burden and risks**

Patient burden and risk in this study will be minimal and mostly almost completely limited to the period shortly after inclusion. If a patient participates in all elements of the study this will include:

- detailed history and physical examination
- electromyogram to determine the severity of the LEMS
- blood donation. We will draw 90 mL at inclusion and up to 50 mL at follow-up for selected patients with SCLC.

Personal benefit would be the contact with the clinical researchers experienced in the treatment of this rare disorder, with the opportunity to be completely informed on all aspects of the disease and get detailed therapeutical advice.

At a group level the results will contribute to improved understanding of the pathogenesis, and possibly improved therapies.

## **Contacts**

### **Public**

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## Trial sites

### Listed location countries

Netherlands

## Eligibility criteria

### Age

Adults (18-64 years)

Elderly (65 years and older)

### Inclusion criteria

Diagnosis of LEMS

Criterion 1 and 2 or 1 and 3 have to be fulfilled

1. Clinical features consistent with LEMS (proximal muscle weakness, reduced tendon reflexes, autonomic symptoms)
2. Abnormalities upon repetitive nerve stimulation (decrement of CMAP amplitude and/or increment after voluntary contraction or high frequency stimulation)
3. Presence of VGCC antibodies;Diagnosis of SCLC

Definitive diagnosis of SCLC based on pathology results (either cytology or histology).

### Exclusion criteria

\* Age < 18 years

\* Unable to give informed consent

## Study design

## Design

**Study type:** Observational invasive

Masking: Open (masking not used)

Control: Uncontrolled

Primary purpose: Basic science

## Recruitment

NL

Recruitment status: Recruiting

Start date (anticipated): 12-08-2013

Enrollment: 70

Type: Actual

## Ethics review

Approved WMO

Date: 02-08-2013

Application type: First submission

Review commission: METC Leiden-Den Haag-Delft (Leiden)

metc-ldd@lumc.nl

Approved WMO

Date: 17-03-2014

Application type: Amendment

Review commission: METC Leiden-Den Haag-Delft (Leiden)

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Approved WMO

Date: 22-05-2014

Application type: Amendment

Review commission: METC Leiden-Den Haag-Delft (Leiden)

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## Study registrations

### Followed up by the following (possibly more current) registration

No registrations found.

### Other (possibly less up-to-date) registrations in this register

No registrations found.

### In other registers

Register	ID
CCMO	NL44216.058.13