Diffusion Weighted Magnetic Resonance Imaging To Differentiate In Thymus Pathology: A Pilot Study

Published: 28-02-2014 Last updated: 22-04-2024

The aim of the study is to create and optimize a DWI MRI scan protocol to assess thymic

masses.

Ethical review Approved WMO **Status** Recruiting

Health condition type Respiratory and mediastinal neoplasms malignant and unspecified

Study type Observational non invasive

Summary

ID

NL-OMON40543

Source

ToetsingOnline

Brief title

DWI to differentiate in thymus pathology

Condition

Respiratory and mediastinal neoplasms malignant and unspecified

Synonym

Follicular hyperplasia, Thymoma, Thymus

Research involving

Human

Sponsors and support

Primary sponsor: Medisch Universitair Ziekenhuis Maastricht

Source(s) of monetary or material Support: Ministerie van OC&W

Intervention

Keyword: Diffusion weighted imaging, Thymoma

Outcome measures

Primary outcome

The main objective of this study is to create and optimize a DWI MRI scan protocol

Secondary outcome

The second objective is to assess if DWI can differentiate between different malignant and benign thymic masses and to asses of DWI MRI can accurate determine the invasiveness of a thymoma.

Study description

Background summary

By the increased use of Computed Tomography (CT) of the chest more asymptomatic masses in the anterior mediastinum are found by coincidence. Asymptomatic thymic masses found by coincidence in patients without Myasthenia Gravis account for 42% in this population. Differentiation between malignant and benign masses on a CT can be difficult. With the development of minimal invasive surgery clinicians easier tend to a surgical resection. Because of this some patients undergo a surgical procedure for benign diseases. Diffusion Weighted Imaging (DWI) is a new technique that analysis the differences in the cellular structures. DWI could have additive value to CT and without the need for potentially harmful ionising radiation and nephrotoxic contrast agents required for CT imaging. Furthermore due its suburb contrast resolution.

Study objective

The aim of the study is to create and optimize a DWI MRI scan protocol to assess thymic masses.

Study design

A prospective, single center pilot study.

Study burden and risks

MR sequences have a very low rate of side effects. No MR contrast agent will be used for the assessment of the masses in the anterior mediastinum. The DWI MRI can be arranged on the same day they will be hospitalized for preoperative screening. This means that no extra hospital visit is needed. There is no known risk of MRI in pregnancy, however as a precaution MRI is not recommend during pregnancy. The MRI scan will take 10 minutes longer than regular MRI of the thorax due to these additional sequences (in total 45 minutes). However for this study population the treatment will not be altered on the outcome of the DWI MRI.

Contacts

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Trial sites

Listed location countries

Netherlands

Eligibility criteria

Age

Adults (18-64 years) Elderly (65 years and older)

Inclusion criteria

- Patients >18 years old, not pregnant
- All willing patients must provide written informed consent, agree to comply with the protocol;
- Suspected for an anterior mediastinal mass arising from the thymus and accepted for robotic thymectomy

Exclusion criteria

- Patients < 18 years old
- Patients with contraindications for MRI; metal impants, pacemakers, insulin pumps and nerve stimulators
- Claustrophobia

Study design

Design

Study type: Observational non invasive

Masking: Open (masking not used)

Control: Uncontrolled

Primary purpose: Diagnostic

Recruitment

NL

Recruitment status: Recruiting

Start date (anticipated): 14-07-2014

Enrollment: 20

Type: Actual

Ethics review

Approved WMO

Date: 28-02-2014

Application type: First submission

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Review commission: METC academisch ziekenhuis Maastricht/Universiteit

Maastricht, METC azM/UM (Maastricht)

Approved WMO

Date: 05-05-2014

Application type: Amendment

Review commission: METC academisch ziekenhuis Maastricht/Universiteit

Maastricht, METC azM/UM (Maastricht)

Study registrations

Followed up by the following (possibly more current) registration

No registrations found.

Other (possibly less up-to-date) registrations in this register

No registrations found.

In other registers

Register ID

CCMO NL45378.068.13